



## Brown to squeeze more tax from company car owners

**COMPANY** car drivers who opt for large cars with poor fuel efficiency are to be penalised under new tax rules. The Chancellor is proposing to charge employees according to how much damage their cars do to the environment rather than the price of the vehicles.

Gordon Brown is keen to deter companies from providing cars for employees, because they are usually large-engined cars and also because company car drivers cover a much higher mileage than private motorists. The majority of vehicles with engine sizes above two litres are company owned. Company cars are driven an average of 23,000 miles a year, compared

with 9,000 miles for a private car.

However, Mr Brown is conscious that many of the larger cars that are used by employers tend to be made by British manufacturers. He has been advised of the danger to manufacturers such as the troubled Rover if he is too tough on company car drivers.

Treasury officials argue that a fairer system than taxing company cars by value would be to tax according to emission levels, which must be disclosed by manufacturers next year.

The Chancellor is keen to use the company car tax system to force motor manufacturers to fall into line with new European Union rules in-

tended to reduce pollution, due to come into force next year. More than half the 2.2 million new cars sold in Britain each year are company owned.

The moves, expected to be included in next month's Budget, will coincide with other plans already announced, to increase the cost of the annual car tax disc for large-engined and energy inefficient cars.

Mr Brown will confirm in the Budget that owners of small-engined cars will have a £50 reduction on the £150 car tax, while owners of less efficient cars are expected to

pay more than at present. Treasury officials believe that, by targeting company-owned new cars, manufacturers will quickly be persuaded to produce more fuel-efficient vehicles. A Treasury document published last November said: "There is some evidence that car buyers do not take full account of possible savings in fuel cost when deciding which models to buy."

The Chancellor will use the Budget to signal moves to focus motorists' and manufacturers' attention on emission levels. His plans for company car tax will create a series

of tax bands dependent on carbon dioxide emissions. New cars that exceed agreed carbon dioxide levels will attract higher taxes for the employer.

At present, the complex taxation system is based on the value of the car, but some of the most expensive cars have highly advanced systems that make them more fuel efficient and less polluting.

Existing cars, where carbon dioxide emission levels are unknown, are to be taxed according to engine size rather than emission levels, although motor manufacturers say

this is an inaccurate way of measuring pollution levels.

Treasury officials are considering whether to introduce a "escalator" into the company car tax system, under which the owners of most heavily polluting cars would pay a steadily increasing tax over a number of years.

Although ministers acknowledge that older cars are far greater polluters than new vehicles, they believe that targeting new cars will quickly have a substantial "trickle-down" effect on the 22-million national car fleet. Britain is committed to a 20 per cent reduction in carbon dioxide emissions by 2010.

The Chancellor, forced to abandon plans to tax private mileage driven by company car owners, is adamant that punitive taxes should be imposed on the least efficient cars.

The AA said last night: "If the Chancellor uses engine size as a measure, it will be totally bogus and clearly aimed to raise more tax rather than help the environment."

The Budget will set out plans to reduce car tax to £100 for existing small cars, probably those with an engine capacity less than 1250cc.

However, existing cars with engines larger than two litres, and possibly more than 1600cc, will pay an annual amount higher than the current £150.

## Public scorns advice over food safety

**A poll tells ministers that their scientific judgments carry little weight, reports Valerie Elliott**

MOST people do not trust ministers to make the right decisions for them on such issues as beef on the bone or genetically altered food, a government-funded poll will show today.

A MORI survey for the Cabinet Office shows that most people trust independent scientists and pressure groups more than politicians for advice on matters of scientific judgment.

The findings reflect public unease with the handling of the BSE crisis by the previous Conservative Government. But the results will make uncomfortable reading for ministers who are trying to offer sensible solutions on a range of policy issues.

The poll was commissioned by the Better Regulation Task Force, headed by Lord Haskins as part of a debate inside the Government on risk management. A seminar on the subject will be held at the Cabinet Office today when the

full results from the public attitude survey will be disclosed.

Tony Blair and his ministers will be left in no doubt that on certain issues they are not trusted to take decisions on behalf of the public. However, on such matters as terrorism, crime and drugs the public relies on government action and advice. Even on these, according to the poll, people believe that the state could do more.

The poll was part of a new strategy to find out if the public wishes to be "nannied" by the state or to make its own decisions, particularly on matters of personal choice.

The debate is timely, given the controversy over the continued ban on beef on the bone and worries over the production of genetically modified

food. Risk is attached to other policy issues facing the Government, from calls to set up a nanny register to concerns over some children's vitamins such as MMAs (for mumps, measles and rubella).

Lord Haskins, a farmer and chairman of Northern Foods, takes a robust line on most of these issues, which he believes are a matter of personal freedom.

The issue of risk versus proportionality and how that should dictate policy will be the theme of today's seminar. Mr Blair will not be present but one of his close aides will attend and two members of the No.10 policy unit, Geoff Mulgan and James Purnell, are expected to take part.

While 86 per cent of those

polled said that they had confidence in the food they ate, specific questions revealed anxieties.

Some 69 per cent were afraid of the long-term effects of chemicals in food, 57 per cent were concerned about the production of genetically modified food, 54 per cent were concerned about BSE and 51 per cent were worried about food poisoning generally.

There was some surprise in the Government that as Britain approaches the millennium, 37 per cent still fear chronic disease from poor diet.

The public was particularly concerned about the effects of passive smoking on children and 80 per cent backed a complete ban on smoking in children's areas in restaurants and pubs.

The people who knew least about health and food safety were the ethnic minorities, those in the lower social classes D and E, and people aged over 75.

## Health fears may be overdone

By MICHAEL HORNSBY  
AGRICULTURE  
CORRESPONDENT

PEOPLE are right to be worried about the safety of food, though their fears are almost certainly exaggerated when compared with the reality of the risks they face.

Public perceptions of danger appear to be related closely to the high profile given by the media to certain subjects, such as BSE, salmonella and pesticides. Food in general would also seem to be an emotive subject because people feel they lack control over, and reliable information about, the risks they are being asked to accept.

On the basis of 1997 figures, about 1 in 532 people in England and Wales, and 1 in 505 in Scotland, were sufficiently badly poisoned by food for their cases to be officially recorded. The chance of eating something that will badly disagree with you this year is thus fairly high, between 7 and 8 on a scale of risk running from 0 to 10 used by the Department of Health.

On the other hand, the risk

### PESTICIDES

**Perception:** MORI suggests that 69 per cent of people are worried about the long-term effects of pesticides in food.

**Reality:** No hard evidence has ever been produced linking pesticide residues to increased illness in people.

### E. COLI 0157

**Perception:** 94 per cent aware and 25 per cent feel at risk (38 per cent in Scotland).

**Reality:** relatively new and rare. In 1997, recorded as affecting 1 in 12,170 in Scotland and 1 in 46,000 in England and Wales. More likely to cause death than more common bugs.

of dying from eating contaminated food is low, between 1 in 283,000 and 1 in 566,000, given that food-related deaths run at about 100 to 200 a year. This would fall between risk levels

### G.M. FOOD

**Perception:** 57 per cent worried about production of genetically modified foods.

**Reality:** GM foods on the market are probably safer than many conventional foods. More reason to be concerned about the impact on wildlife and countryside — data still sketchy.

### SALMONELLA

**Perception:** 99 per cent of it and 51 per cent feel at risk.

**Reality:** second most common cause of food poisoning. About 1 in 1,600 people fell sufficiently ill in 1997 for cases to be recorded. Diarrhoea and vomiting are most usual symptoms. Rarely life-threatening.

### CAMPYLOBACTER

**Perception:** only 1.3 per cent of people know of it and 51 per cent feel at risk.

### BSE

**Perception:** 54 per cent say they are worried about BSE.

**Reality:** eating beef now probably one of the safest things to do. Genuine reason to be concerned about level of infection to which everyone has been exposed: effects could take years, if not decades, to appear.

### 4 and 5

officially classed as "minimal" and about the same as the likelihood of dying in a rail accident. The risk of dying in a road accident is 1 in 8,000 and in an air crash 1 in 20,000.

These risks pale into insignificance beside smoking ten cigarettes a day, a danger warning embodied by millions, which has a 1 in 200 chance of causing death.

## Students 'ought to pay full fees'

By JOHN O'LEARY, EDUCATION EDITOR

UNIVERSITIES are in decline and short of money, ideas and confidence, a former vice-chancellor says today in a pamphlet arguing for annual fees of up to £20,000.

Sir Graham Hills, a former vice-chancellor of Strathclyde University and government adviser, blames dependence on central government for the universities' plight.

Only by funding universities entirely through student vouchers based on the full cost of courses will academic independence and initiative return, he says. Degree courses

would cost from £5,000 a year for philosophy to £20,000 for medicine, with scholarships and bursaries keeping down the cost for poor students.

In *From Beggars to Choosers*, published by the conservative think-tank Policy, he says the expansion of higher education since the 1960s led inevitably to lower standards.

"Universities are no longer concerned with liberty, freedom of speech, the challenge to political or religious authority, or reforms of education. They are principally concerned with balancing the books."

## Feel free to attack the Lib-Dems, says Blair

By MARK HENDERSON AND ROLAND WATSON

the third party is in many cases their most direct opponent.

Mr Blair said that although he would work with them where the two parties agreed, such as in modernising the constitution, Labour would point out when they were

"Locally, they will promise everything to anyone, but can't deliver it," he said.

However, the chief message in yesterday's conference speech was a pep talk from Mr Blair to the 3,000 delegates, urging them to shrug off apathy and cynicism about the

new Labour project and help it through its "toughest period" yet.

Although Labour were riding high in the polls, Mr Blair conceded that many of the Government's actions had yet to filter through to ground level. "We have got to get our noses to the grindstone and get delivery — it is as simple as that," he said.

He also warned of the dangers of losing touch or of internal splits: "What has prevented us from winning two successive terms of office has been the Labour Party itself."

## Mowlam concedes peace process is in difficulty

By AUDREY MAGEE, IRELAND CORRESPONDENT

MO MOWLAM conceded yesterday that the Ulster peace process was in difficulty and might miss the March 10 deadline for transferring power from Westminster to Belfast.

The admission from Northern Ireland Secretary underlines the crisis in the peace process, deadlocked over IRA arms decommissioning. The London and Dublin governments have failed to find a way around the impasse.

Dr Mowlam told the BBC: "We missed the Good Friday

Agreement by a couple of days. We may well miss this. I'm aiming for it. The people are aiming for it, but nothing is written in stone."

Tony Blair is on stand-by to fly to Northern Ireland to help to break the deadlock and persuade Ulster's political parties to find a way forward. All sides are due back at Stormont next Monday for a critical debate to agree the establishment of ten ministerial departments and a number of cross border implementation bodies. But the stand-off over decommissioning is almost

certain to hold up the time-table for change.

The IRA refuses to hand over any weapons, despite Unionist insistence that Sinn Fein can not take its seats on the executive until the terrorists hand over at least some weapons and explosives. Sinn Fein insists that decommissioning is not a pre-condition in the Good Friday Agreement to taking seats on the executive.

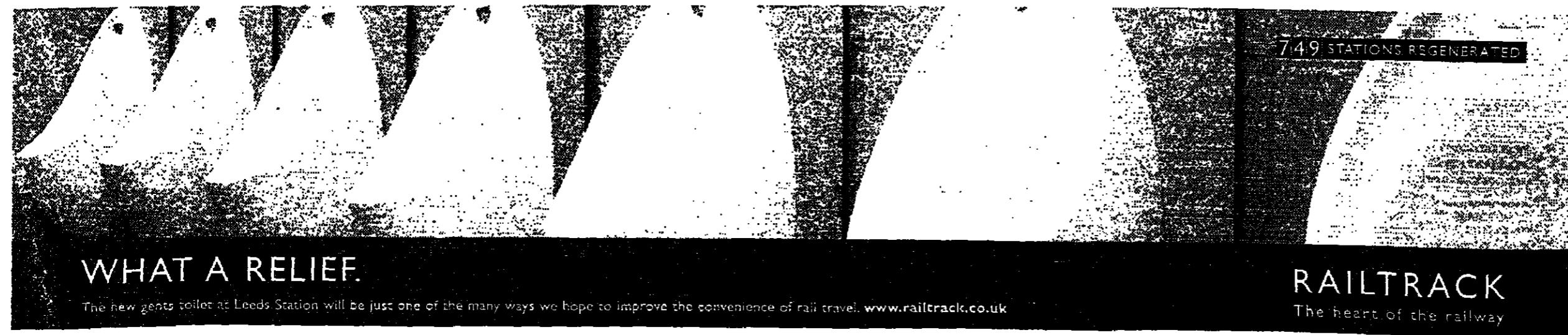
Ms Mowlam said the peace process was not unravelling but going through a difficult phase.

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The heart of the railway



Jessica Brooks who, despite her experience, has not lost her love of dogs

# Lawrence retrial 'counter to justice'



**Anthony Scrivener, QC,** argues that once a suspect has been acquitted a second attempt to get a conviction for the same offence would be wrong

THE longer the Lawrence inquiry went on, the more apparent it became that the police investigation into the murder had been woefully inadequate. The family tried to bring a private prosecution, but were not equipped to carry out a criminal investigation. They were left with the evidence provided by the police, such as it was, and on that evidence the prosecution failed. The accused stand acquitted of murder.

The accused were brought before the inquiry, but as a result of a court decision they could not be asked any incriminating questions. Their appearance at the inquiry did not assist in discovering the truth and the men's loutish behaviour as they left the inquiry was enough to anger not only the Lawrence family and ordinary decent people, but also honest and conscientious policemen who realised that the good name of the police force had been tarnished by the pathetic police investigation.

It is not surprising with this background that the possibility of having another go at the prime suspects should be considered. However any such attempt would face monumental difficulties and would run counter to a basic principle of the criminal law which protects those who have been acquitted.

Everyone knows that a person who has been acquitted cannot be tried again for the same offence even if new evidence becomes available after trial which points incontrovertibly to that person's guilt. This is called the Rule against double jeopardy. But the rule is in fact wider than this.

Lord MacDermott, in an appeal from Malaysia, pointed out that the verdict of not guilty "is binding and conclusive in all subsequent proceedings between the parties". Once someone has been acquitted, the prosecution cannot challenge that acquittal a second trial by seeking to prove him guilty of the crime of which he was acquitted.

In one case, a man was acquitted of murder despite the

fact that the police claimed he had made an admission of the offence. His conviction for carrying a firearm at a subsequent trial was set aside on appeal because the court had allowed the admission in evidence at that second trial.

In another case, a defendant who had been acquitted of murder later confessed to a newspaper that he had in fact committed the crime. A Scots court held that he could be tried for perjury.

However, there are even greater problems facing a fresh prosecution. The courts have the obligation to ensure that criminal proceedings do not amount to an abuse of the processes of the court and that criminal proceedings are not oppressive or unfair.

In the Maxwell case a court exercised this jurisdiction. Kevin Maxwell had stood trial in a blaze of publicity on charges which the prosecution considered were the strongest they had. He was acquitted.

The serious fraud office then wanted to try him again on less serious offences which had been severed from the first trial. The trial judge would not allow this. The first trial had gone on for months. Kevin Maxwell had been in the witness box for many weeks. The publicity had been intense. The judge held it would be oppressive for Kevin Maxwell to endure a second trial, it would be unfair in the light of the publicity which potential jurors would have seen.

In any fresh proceedings brought in connection with the Lawrence case, the defence would rely on these principles.

The accused have been acquitted of murder. There has been intense and hostile publicity to which potential jurors will have been subjected. The courts will not wish to dilute these important legal principles which are there for the protection of citizens just because the accused in this case are so unsympathetic.

□ **Anthony Scrivener** is a former chairman of the Bar Council, and a leading Queen's Counsel.



Luke Knight: sent for trial and acquitted



Jamie Acourt: insufficient evidence



David Norris: insufficient evidence



Gary Dobson: sent for trial and acquitted

## Suspects never faced full trial

BY STEWART TENDLER, CRIME CORRESPONDENT

THE five young men once accused of murdering Stephen Lawrence have between them run the gamut of the legal system, from the magistrates' court to the Old Bailey, but none has stood full trial.

David Norris, Luke Knight, Gary Dobson, Jamie Acourt and his brother Neil were originally charged in 1993, but the case was dropped before committal proceedings began after the Crown Prosecution Service said there was insufficient evidence.

In February 1997 the five were called to the inquest on Stephen Lawrence, but declined to answer questions. At the inquiry into the police's handling of the case, before Sir William Macpherson of Cluny, they protested their innocence and were nearly mobbed as they left the hearing.

All five are reported still to live in the South London area where Stephen Lawrence was killed. None of them is reported to be working, although Jamie and Neil Acourt appear as DJs at a club.



Neil Acourt: sent for trial and acquitted

## Hunt suspends pair for graveyard ride

BY ALEX O'CONNELL

TWO followers of the Heythrop Hunt were suspended last night for riding through the graveyard where Sir Winston Churchill is buried.

The riders, a man and a woman, were banned at a meeting of the hunt after people living in Bladon, Oxfordshire, near the Blenheim estate, complained that they galloped through the churchyard last Friday, damaging the cemetery. A newly laid path near the grave was cut with hoofmarks.

John Sumner, joint master of the hunt, said: "We are taking it very seriously. We have never had this sort of thing happen before. If we had seen it happen at the time, they would have been sacked



Bladon Church, where Sir Winston Churchill is buried

straight away." Mikey Eliot, another joint master, who was riding on Friday, said: "I was furious."

"I denied it when someone asked me about it immediately afterwards, because I couldn't believe that anybody would be quite so stupid."

Speaking at the meeting in the home of another hunt master, in Upper Slaughter, last night, he added: "Two members of the hunt regretted rode into the churchyard. Their membership has now been suspended and we regret any distress that may have been caused."

The six members of the parish council are also expected to debate the incident and are understood to be writing a letter to

the masters of the Chipping Norton-based hunt, Mabel Dyer, chairman of Bladon Parish Council, said villagers were "very, very upset" by the way the hunt had ridden through the churchyard.

Mrs Dyer said: "Knowing that Sir Winston Churchill is buried there should have been reason enough for them to give the place a very wide berth. They have caused damage in the churchyard and galloped through the place where Sir Winston's grave is."

"The newly laid path has been pitted with hoof marks. It is appalling."

Sue Hawker, headmistress of Bladon Primary School, said that her pupils had been in the playground on morning break just minutes before the hounds rushed into the schoolyard.

Other villagers described how the hounds had terrified a young girl who was walking a dog in a field near the church.

Mr Sumner said: "We were hunting on the Blenheim estate, which runs at the back of Bladon Church. When the ground is as wet as it is, and the hounds are following a fox quite tightly, it is often difficult to stop them running off at a tangent."

"However, we realise that this was an unacceptable thing to happen and we wish to apologise to the villagers."

## Penelope Keith must quit fund, says actor

BY CLAUDIA JOSEPH

NICKOLAS GRACE, the actor who played the stammering bon viveur Anthony Blanche in *Brideshead Revisited*, has called for the resignation of Penelope Keith, the president of the Actors' Benevolent Fund, after the charity spent more than £32,000 on lawyers and auditors and dismissed its general secretary.

Grace, who resigned from the charity's executive council last year after falling out with Keith, fears that the reputation of the fund is in jeopardy as it becomes engulfed in a costly legal action for wrongful dismissal.

In another setback, the Queen, who has been a patron of the fund since 1952, has announced that she will be stepping down this year.

Rosemary Stevens, the former general secretary, will today take her case for wrongful dismissal to an industrial tribunal. Her assistant settled out of court last August.

Speaking for the first time since his resignation, Grace, 51, said: "This is not a clash of personalities; it is a fight to save the Actors' Benevolent Fund. It has done fantastic work helping people, but its name is being tarnished. I don't like to think members' money is being wasted."

Keith was unavailable for comment yesterday.

**PAUL SMITH**  
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TRAVEL SUIT

## Police corruption inquiry extended

BY STEWART TENDLER  
CRIME CORRESPONDENT

SCOTLAND YARD'S anti-corruption detectives are investigating more than 350 potential miscarriages of justice linked to allegedly crooked officers.

The cases stretch back at least ten years and some involve substantial convictions for crimes including armed robberies and drugs. Special teams of detectives and lawyers from the Crown Prosecution Service have uncovered the cases during investigations into corruption.

Last summer Scotland Yard officers were looking at about 200 cases of possi-

ble miscarriages of justice. Now Yard sources say this has risen by more than half in the past six months.

Lawyers for men now serving long prison sentences have also asked Scotland Yard to check whether convictions could be affected, and appeals may be made.

Hundreds of Yard officers have already been served with official warnings that they face questioning by detectives from the Complaints Investigation Bureau about what, if anything, they knew of malpractice. They include detectives from a team who are being questioned about allegations that some investigators may have used imitation guns and masks

to frame suspects. The investigations cover all staff over the past ten years. The officers' ranks range from constable to superintendent. One of them is Detective Superintendent Albery Patrick, moved two weeks ago from heading the latest Stephen Lawrence investigation.

Yard sources said the officers are not being accused about their involvement in the alleged use of "framing" equipment but will be asked whether they knew about it. If they did know about the equipment, they will be asked whether they turned a blind eye. They would face questions about why they did not alert senior officers if they knew it was being used.

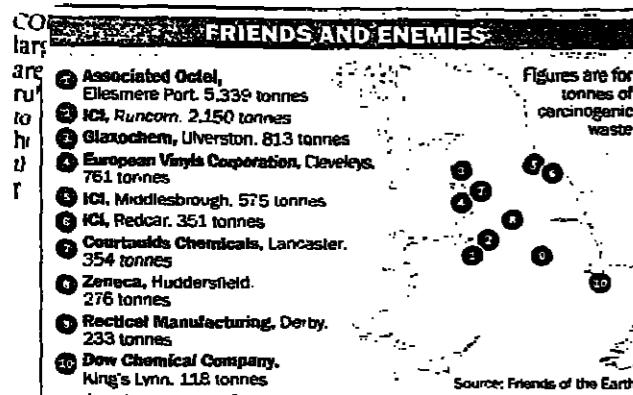
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RAILTRACK

# Website smokes out the polluters



Nigel Hawkes on pressure group's attempt to rouse public opposition

A LEAGUE table of companies that produce the greatest air pollution has been produced by Friends of the Earth to encourage public opposition to polluters.

The table of 97 large factories draws on data submitted to the Environment Agency and already on the public record, though not easily accessible until now.

Friends of the Earth has put the information into a website, with software that allows householders to check the safety of industrial plants in their area simply by inputting a postcode. The pressure group hopes that the website, Factory Watch, will stimulate local opposition and help to tighten environmental standards.

It was, however, accused of exaggeration by two companies that appear in the league.

ICI said that Friends of the Earth's approach was "alarmist, predictable and unnecessary". Associated Octel, whose Ellesmere Port plants head the table, said that it was misleading to categorise their emis-

sions as cancer-causing. The website states that, in 1996, the latest year for which data is available, large factories that made returns to the Environment Agency emitted more than 13,000 tonnes of "recognised carcinogens" into the air.

The total was more than double that, according to Michael Warhurst of the pressure group. He said that smaller factories, which come under the jurisdiction of their local authorities and for which no comparable data are available, probably emitted more.

Merseyside and northwest England are the worst-affected areas, the website says, with more than 10,000 tonnes of the total for large plants. Half of that figure is said to come from Associated Octel plants.

Northeast England is the second-worst area, followed by the East and West Midlands.

The figures are not contested by the companies, but the effects of the emissions are.

Friends of the Earth chose to define carcinogens by criteria

adopted by the State of California in 1986, based on animal experiments that used much higher doses of the chemicals than would be encountered by human beings in ordinary life.

The carcinogens included chloroethane, lead and vinyl bromide. In 1996 Associated Octel in Ellesmere Port released 5,128 tonnes of chloroethane, 66 tonnes of lead and eight tonnes of vinyl bromide.

The company said that, under

World Health Organisation

guidelines, there was "no adequate evidence" of a carcinogenic effect in humans of lead and chloroethane, and only limited evidence for vinyl bromide.

"Friends of the Earth

should have made it clear that the concentrations of the substances emitted are so low as to present no health hazard to the workforce or the local population, based on standards set by the Health and Safety Commission," the company said. Paula Shields, a spokes-

woman for ICI, said: "Factory Watch is a regurgitation of out-of-date information. ICI openly and voluntarily provides information about all its emissions to anybody who is interested. Anybody who wants site-specific information can make direct contact with their local ICI works."

The amounts released by the plants in the league table mostly fall well below the levels agreed with environment agencies, so the companies

have committed no offence.

Friends of the Earth acknowledged that it was "virtually impossible" to prove that a given chemical was responsible for a particular health problem, but said that it was "plain common sense" to reduce pollution.

Associated Octel said that, in

the past two years, emissions in Ellesmere Port had fallen more than 1,000 tonnes a year, and that in 1999 they would be less than half the 1996 levels.

The pressure group called

on the Government to set a target of reducing the emissions by 80 per cent by 2005, and to introduce comprehensive pollution inventories for all sources of environmental contamination, including small factories and transport.

"The worst factories are being allowed to release a quite appalling amount of health-threatening pollution," Mike Childs, of the group, said.

□ Factory Watch is at

http://www.foe.co.uk

Leading tour firms give most cause for complaint

BY ARTHUR LEATHLEY

BRITAIN'S best-known holiday firms are the most likely to attract complaints from tourists, a new survey shows.

The poll by Britain's biggest independent travel agency points to wide variations in the way that companies deal with complaints. Some are criticised for failing to disclose records on the level of dissatisfaction among customers.

The survey by Co-op Travelcare, which has 260 agencies, shows that Cosmos receives the highest level of complaints, with 3.48 per cent of holidaymakers registering formal criticism, mainly over the standard of accommodation or the holiday representative. However, Cosmos says that its own figures show complaints running at 5 per cent.

The best performing company, according to the survey of more than 600,000 holidaymakers, is Bridge, which specialises in European short breaks. The company attracted no complaints from customers booking through Co-op.

Most operators estimate that between 1 and 2 per cent of holidaymakers complain. The companies that would not give information about complaints were British Airways, Kuoni, Panorama, Shearings and Hoseasons.

Behind Cosmos on the complaints list were First Choice, with 2.27 per cent, Sunworld (2.1), Sunset Holidays and Club 18-30 (1.8) and Airtours (1.45). Companies with the fewest complaints were British Holidays (0.08 per cent), Holidays (0.19), Shearings (0.22) and Haven Holidays (0.3).

Yvonne Rankin, general manager of Co-op Travelcare, said: "All tour operators who were prepared to supply their own complaints figures deserve credit for their openness. To us, it shows a commitment to customer service."

The four biggest operators own or work in partnership with some 70 per cent of travel agents: Airtours owns Going Places, Thomson owns Lunn Poly, Thomas Cook has its own chain and runs agencies under World Choice, and First Choice runs its own agencies.

## Bomb suspects challenge key anti-terrorism law

Frances Gibb reports on a judicial review into where the burden of proof should rest

A KEY legal weapon in the fight against terrorism would be lost if a test case next month by four alleged bombers is successful.

Lawyers for the Middle Eastern men claim that the Prevention of Terrorism Act is in breach of the new Human Rights Act. They say that it forces the burden of proof onto the defendants, who can be found guilty unless they can prove an innocent reason for having materials that can be turned into bombs.

Lord Bingham of Cornhill, the Lord Chief Justice, is taking the test

challenge to the Act very seriously, deciding to hear the case himself at the High Court next month.

The test action is thought to be the first in which defendants in a criminal trial are invoking the safeguards contained in the Human Rights Act 1998.

The Act is not yet in force but the men are arguing that, were their case to come to trial, then the prosecution could successfully be contest-

ed under that Act, which is likely to be in force by next year.

The men have won High Court leave to bring judicial review proceedings against the Crown Prosecution Service in a hearing next month. Because of the importance of the case, the Lord Chief Justice will sit with two other judges.

The case will be the first test as to whether the European Convention on Human Rights can be invoked

in the courts before the Human Rights Act comes into force.

The men, who cannot be identified because of reporting restrictions, are alleging that the charges against them under section 16(a) of the Prevention of Terrorism Act 1989 and introduced by the Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 are in breach of their right to a fair trial.

It is alleged that they were in pos-

session of chemicals and other material with the intention of making bombs for terrorist activities.

They are saying that under the provisions of the Prevention of Terrorism Act, they are required to show that the possession of this property does not give rise to a reasonable belief that they were planning to use the materials for terrorist activities — in other words, the burden of proof is on the defence when it

should be on the prosecution. The men are awaiting trial. The outcome of the judicial review hearing is being keenly watched by human rights lawyers and government law officers as the first high-profile test of how human rights provisions will affect criminal trials.

Granting the men leave to bring the challenge earlier this month, Mr Justice Turner imposed reporting restrictions under the Contempt of Court Act to prevent reporting of any details identifying the men or the circumstances of the charges.

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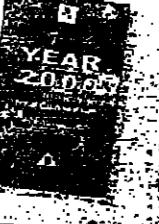
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# Whitehall urged to show true colours

**Richard Ford** on drive to combat racism in the corridors of power

THE Government is urged today to appoint blacks and Asians to senior positions in Whitehall and the Diplomatic Service as part of a drive to combat discrimination and racism.

The proposal from a Blairite think-tank would lead to the first member of an ethnic minority being appointed an ambassador. Ministers are also told to adopt the American practice of linking members of ethnic groups to their origins, using such terms as African Briton, Asian Briton or Chinese Briton.

The report also calls for ministers to appoint blacks and Asians to be their special advisers in Whitehall departments and to senior positions in the immigration service.

Yasmin Alibhai-Brown, author of the report entitled *True Colours*, said: "The challenge is for white people to transform their notion of nationhood so that ethnic-minority Britons have a place within it. It is also to get black and Asian Britons to see themselves as an integral part of the nation and not at the fringes. It is noticeable that advisers to ministers, and senior Whitehall officials, are almost exclusively white."

There are no members of ethnic minorities among the special advisers working with Cabinet ministers. The Prime Minister has personally appointed two people from ethnic minorities to the Downing Street policy staff.

In 1997 10 per cent of applicants for a post of assistant information officer in Whitehall were from ethnic minorities. A similar figure applied for jobs as information officers last year. The Cabinet Office

did not have a figure for successful applicants.

Ms Alibhai-Brown's report, published by the Institute for Public Policy Research, demands greater recognition of the sacrifices made by black and Asian soldiers at commemoration services for the Second World War and for ministers to attend the Notting Hill carnival.

It urges the Government to create a "rebuttal team" to counter misinformation in the media about the three million people from ethnic minorities in Britain.

The report says that more stringent immigration controls had failed to reassure the public. The portrayal of tough immigration controls as a condition for good race relations had a negative impact on public attitudes towards members of the ethnic minorities.

Ms Alibhai-Brown says that if the Government can promote its economic and social policies through the media, it could do the same for race relations.

The latest government figures show that 5.7 per cent of civil servants are from ethnic minorities and 53, or 1.6 per cent, were in the 4,000 most senior posts. No one from an ethnic minority has been appointed a permanent secretary, although one applied for a post recently.

Sumar Chakrabarti, 39, head of the Cabinet Office performance innovation unit, is the most senior Whitehall official from an ethnic minority.

Most Asians and blacks in the Civil Service earn between £10,000 and £15,000 a year as clerks and secretaries. About 120 earn £45,000 a year as middle-ranking officials.



Hilary Shaw and the brig *Phoenix*, in which the pilgrims will undergo some of the privations experienced by their medieval forebears, below



## Pilgrims to set sail on journey through past

**Simon de Bruxelles on an arduous trip not made since the Reformation**

AN ANCIENT pilgrim's route from Cornwall to one of Europe's most sacred shrines is being revived for the first time since the Reformation.

In May 25 pilgrims will set off from the tiny port of Fowey on board two historic sailing ships bound for La Coruña in northern Spain. They will be following in the footsteps of thousands of medieval pilgrims who made the gruelling journey to the shrine at Santiago de Compostela until pilgrimage was ended by Henry VIII during the Reformation.

After the arduous five-day crossing, the pilgrims will walk the remaining 50 miles to Santiago, where the bones of St James are said to be buried. They will be joining an estimated ten million Roman Catholics expected to make the pilgrimage from all over Europe as the end of the millennium coincides with a "saint's year" for St James. Every year, tens of thousands follow the ancient routes over the Pyrenees from France.

By making the journey to Santiago, they will receive the church's plenary indulgence, wiping the spiritual slate clean. However, to qualify for a pilgrimage certificate, most will have to walk, or travel hundreds of miles by donkey, as the Church does not consider modern transport sufficient for the original pilgrims.

The Bredereth Sen Jago, Cornish for the Pilgrims of St James, will qualify because they will travel under sail in a manner similar to their medieval predecessors.

The group's main problem was finding authentic sailing ships, until a naval architect suggested Square Sail. The company, based in the historic port of Charlestown,

Dorset, operates a small fleet of square-rigged sailing ships used regularly by film companies. The pilgrims will travel on the brig *Phoenix* and the schooner *Carrie*, both of which have few modern conveniences, save for 20th-century safety and navigation equipment.

Chris Wilson, of Square Sail, said: "The objective is to sail to Spain in convoy, making 100 miles a day, exactly how the early pilgrims would have travelled."

Hilary Shaw, who has organised the pilgrimage, said: "We will have to undergo some privations, but that will tell the strength of our belief. After all, imagine what it must have been like for the original pilgrims."

Before they board their ships, the pilgrims, who come from all over Britain, face a two-day 25-mile trek across Cornwall along the Saints' Way path. Medieval travellers, many from Ireland and Wales, would gather at St Petrock's church in Padstow before making their way to Fowey.

## Ramblers protest at barbed wire of the law

BY AMANDA BROWN

TWO English ramblers were symbolically cut free from a barbed-wire cage by an MP at the Scottish border yesterday.

Gordon Prentice, Labour Member for Pendle, is trying to get a Private Member's Bill through Parliament that will give English walkers a similar legal freedom to roam as those proposed for Scottish ramblers.

Michael Meacher, the Environment Minister, inaugurated a consultation on the issue last summer and is shortly to decide whether to introduce legislation in England and Wales. The Ramblers' Association wants to persuade the Government to stick to its pre-election pledge of laws opening up uncultivated land in England and Wales.

More than 100 Labour MPs are backing Mr Prentice's Right to Roam Bill, which is scheduled for a second reading in the Commons on March 26.

Ministers have reportedly decided that the Bill should not become law. Mr Meacher, a rambler himself, wants landowners and farmers to reach voluntary agreements with walkers. If that does not happen within two years, laws would follow.

Mr Meacher is thought to be planning the Government's own Right to Roam proposals before the Prentice Bill is debated. Such a move would be unlikely to satisfy Labour MPs, who fear that the Government's scheme will make it too easy for landowners to keep ramblers off their land.

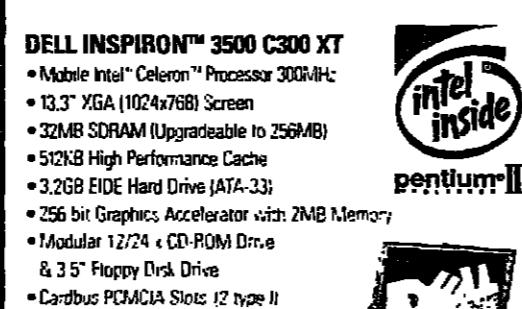
Donald Dewar, the Scottish Secretary, announced proposed rights of access to Scotland's countryside last week, to be introduced if Labour takes control of the Scottish parliament. The Scottish Countryside Access Code would be drawn up by Scottish Natural Heritage. (PA News)

Photograph, page 24



Prentice wants equality for English ramblers

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**DELL**

**66% say Dome is a waste of money**

BY PETER WOODMAN

THE £758 million Millennium Dome has been given a thumbs down from the public in a survey today about year 2000 celebrations.

An NOP poll last week showed that nine out of ten adults thought too much was being spent on the giant structure in Greenwich, southeast London. Today's survey shows that two out of three adults believe the Dome to be a waste of money, with three in four believing that too much fuss is being made of the millennium.

The survey of 500 people, for CIA Mediaworks, showed that 56 per cent of Londoners oppose the Dome, compared with a national average of 76 per cent.

Of those surveyed, 24 per cent said that they would not be celebrating the millennium; 42 per cent of over-65s will not be marking the occasion, nor will 13 per cent of 15 to 24-year-olds. Among those aged 55 or over, 59 per cent thought that too much was being made of the arrival of the millennium, compared with a national average of 76 per cent. More than a third of those questioned were excited about the year 2000, with almost three in five of 15 to 24-year-olds really looking forward to it.

The survey also found that more than one person in three is concerned about the millennium bug. "The public is already showing distinct signs of burnout with the hype surrounding the millennium," David Fletcher, of the media agency, said. "Advertisers and media alike should be wary of overegging the millennial pudding." (PA News)

THE TIMES MONDAY FEBRUARY 8 1999

NIC BAILY

Two English ramblers were symbolically cut free from a barbed-wire cage by an MP at the Scottish border yesterday.

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# Company pension is bad for job security

MEN who join company pension schemes are 50 per cent more likely to lose their jobs involuntarily than those who do not, a study shows.

Research published today by the London School of Economics says middle-aged men on above-average salaries, who may be tempted to think their generous remuneration packages are a reflection of how their employers value their services, are among the most vulnerable to company downsizing.

The report by the LSE's Centre for Analysis of Social Exclusion shows that employment for men aged 50 and over has declined faster than for any other age group.

Two fifths of men aged 55 to 65 are without work, compared to one fifth in 1979 — a loss of 600,000 jobs for that age group alone.

Nigel Campbell, the report's author, said men aged 45 and over who were at the bottom of the pay scale were the most likely to lose their jobs. Those on above-average earnings were likely to have greater job security, provided they did not have a company pension.

"Men in their early 50s with an occupational pension and in the top quartile of the wage distribution

are 50 per cent more likely to be displaced from their job than men of the same age and wages but no occupational pension," he said.

Although some men took a willing decision to retire early, most did so reluctantly. There was evidence that pension scheme membership made it more likely that people on higher earnings would be pushed out and offered early retirement because employers wanted to cut the costs of making salary-related pension contributions.

The findings are likely to cause con-

cern to the Government at a time when it is trying to reduce dependency on the state pension and encourage people to save for old age through company and private schemes or stakeholder pensions.

Government concern was prompted by research from the Pensions Review Group, which forecast that up to five million people could see their incomes fall by more than half on retirement because their pension provision would be inadequate.

Professor John Hills, director of the centre, said the LSE study

held important implications for future pensions provision, not least because it found that relatively few older people returned to work once they had left the labour market. The return to work rate for men aged 45 to 49 who lost their job is 49 per cent.

As a result, Professor Hills said, the growing ranks of men forced to retire early and who lacked sufficient accumulated pension rights risked swelling the ranks of the poor and socially excluded.

"The postwar assumption was

that people would work for 40 years of their life. But the trend towards early retirement means that working lives of 30 years are no longer uncommon. As a matter of simple arithmetic, that makes it more difficult for individuals to achieve sufficient pension provision for themselves," he said.

The findings come as no surprise to John Hurst, 60, a credit control manager from Bristol who was asked by his employer to take early retirement two years ago. He has been unable to find a permanent

job since. "I lost my job because they wanted someone younger in the post, although they would never dare say so. It is hard for me to get a job now — I have more experience and knowledge than most of the people I would be working for," he said.

Mr Hurst, who had expected his retirement to be "comfortable", is worried that he will have to rely on the state pension to top up his diminished company pension.

*□ The Decline of Employment Among Older People in Britain* is based on data drawn from the Labour Force Survey and the British Household Panel Survey.

## Attenborough pleads for Chipperfield chimpanzees

By HELEN JOHNSTONE

SIR David Attenborough was among campaigners who called yesterday for the release of four chimpanzees still under the care of Mary Chipperfield, the animal trainer convicted of cruelty last month.

Chipperfield was found guilty on January 27 of 12 counts of cruelty to an 18-month-old chimpanzee, Trudy, who was kicked and whipped and spent 15 hours a day in a ironed box. The animal is reported to be thriving at Monkey World, an animal sanctuary in which it was placed ten months ago.

Jim Cronin, the owner of Monkey World, said yesterday: "Mary Chipperfield still has four other chimps in her possession and we are very worried about their safety." He said they included Trudy's brother, Teddy, five, a 27-year-old female believed to be her mother, and two others, one which could be her father.

He added: "We want them here. She is clearly not a woman who can be trusted to look after these wonderful, sensi-

tive and highly social animals."

During her seven-day trial, Chipperfield, 61, said on oath that she regretted nothing and would do the same again. Immediately after her conviction, she indicated that she intended to return Trudy to her training quarters in Hampshire. Her counsel said that she could not be stopped, as the animal was owned by Mary Chipperfield Promotions Ltd, which had not been convicted.

Sir David and Jane Goodall, a world-renowned expert on chimpanzees, have been assessing Trudy's progress at Monkey World, near Wareham, Dorset.

Sir David said a secretly filmed video of Chipperfield's abuse of Trudy, which led to her conviction, was an atrocity. "It is one of the most agonising things I have seen for a very long time."

Comparing the animal in the film to the excitable, boisterous, chimpanzee he saw at Monkey World yesterday, he said: "The idea that the law should be so inhuman as to remove that little infant from the company of her new family and return her to unspeakable conditions is intolerable."

Dr Goodall, who cares for over 100 orphaned chimpanzees in Africa, said Chipperfield should never be allowed to keep animals or work with them again. "Chimpanzees in the wild stay with their mother until they are at least five. Even then they still stay near her and help out with the other young ones." To take Trudy away now would be to re-orphan an orphan. "It cannot be allowed to happen."



Trudy: recovering from being kicked and whipped



Steve Etches with an ammonite he found on the Dorset coast near Kimmeridge. The plumber has become an expert on the area's fossil layer

## Plumber makes his Jurassic mark

A self-taught amateur has transformed the study of fossils; writes Simon de Bruxelles

ONE man's obsession with fossil collecting has opened a window on the lost world of Britain's Jurassic past. Steve Etches, a plumber who left school without a qualification to his name, has single-handedly repopulated Britain's ancient seas with giant carnivorous reptiles, strange fish and swarms of swimming molluscs.

Until recently geologists had little idea of the variety of creatures in the seas around and over Britain in the Jurassic era 150 million years ago. Mr Etches has changed that by studying the Kimmeridge Clay, long neglected because it was believed to contain few fossils of interest. Deposited across northern Europe in the Jurassic era, it was considered of importance mainly because of its oil.

Mr Etches, 49, first took an interest

in fossils in his late twenties, and decided to concentrate on the Kimmeridge Clay rather than the easy pickings at well-known sites such as Lyme Regis.

Named after the Dorset village where he now lives, the clay is exposed in the cliffs and beaches of the area.

The tropical Jurassic sea was deep and perfectly calm at the bottom, and a steady rain of sediment quickly buried the dead creatures that sank there. Some fossils are remarkably well preserved — even the soft parts normally lost, such as the ink sacs of squid and a ray's wings. By developing his own techniques and using compressed air

tools, Mr Etches was able to recover them from their shale shell.

The fossils include the two-metre jawbone of a pliosaur, the largest carnivorous reptile known to have lived, entire lobsters, sharks, turtles and shoals of beautifully preserved fish and fossil ammonites. The bones reveal a world in which the largest got larger and everything else got eaten. Almost every bone shows signs of having been someone's dinner.

Mr Etches, who moved to Kimmeridge to be closer to the deposits, said: "I was going around to museums telling them that what they thought

were scratches were tooth marks. Until I came along, this record of predation went almost unnoticed. Now everyone can see it."

Although he is consulted by palaeontologists from around the world, for five days a week he installs central heating systems. One day he hopes to open his collection to the public and work on his scientific papers, but he has to earn a living.

He says his wife, Sue, and three children have no interest in fossils and think he is mad. Too often they have had to help to carry some promising-looking boulder back to his workshop.

Mr Etches has two regrets: "That I didn't begin collecting fossils earlier and that I can't afford to devote all my time to them. That is what I really have a gift for."

## Blunkett rejects calls for inspector to resign

By JOHN O'LEARY  
EDUCATION EDITOR

THE Education Secretary rejected calls yesterday for the resignation of Chris Woodhead, the Chief Inspector of Schools, over his suggestion that affairs between teachers and sixth formers could be "educative on both sides".

Mr Woodhead gave a series of interviews apologising for the remarks, made in answer to a student teacher at a seminar almost a fortnight ago. He said the statement did not reflect his true views and had been made to reassure the questioner.

Academics dismissed claims that Mr Woodhead had been "set up" by opponents who were trying to make use of an affair he had with a former pupil 20 years ago. However, Toby Parkin, a secondary school trainee teacher on a four-year BEd course at Exeter University, was said last night to have asked Mr Woodhead about his affair.

Another student said: "He was trying to catch him out. He doesn't agree with what he has done."

David Hart, general secretary of the National Association of Head Teachers, said the "gaffe" could undermine confidence in the Office for Standards in Education. "There must be a substantial question mark over his position."

However, David Blunkett, the Education and Employment Secretary, said Mr Woodhead still had an important contribution to make to the scrutiny of schools and the drive to improve standards.

"Despite what Chris Woodhead has acknowledged to be an unfortunate incident, I believe it does not prevent him from continuing to do his job effectively," he said.

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# Mugabe denounces British 'saboteurs'

ZIMBABWE was yesterday gripped by its gravest diplomatic and constitutional crisis since independence in 1980 after President Mugabe accused Britain of infiltrating agents to undermine him and threatened to dismiss judges critical of his human rights record.

In an unscheduled broadcast to the nation, Mr Mugabe said two journalists who claimed they were tortured in the custody of military police had forfeited the protection of the law by fabricating reports of a coup plot among soldiers opposed to Zimbabwe's intervention in the war in the Republic of Congo.

Mr Mugabe, 75, accused Zimbabwe's 70,000 whites of fomenting unrest. "Let me state this quite emphatically — they have pushed our sense of racial tolerance to the limit," he said in an emotional and rambling 25-minute address.

Members of the European Union, the United States, Japan, Canada, and Australia, which have protested over the

**In confronting judges, the Harare leader has attacked 'agents in our midst', writes Michael Hartnack**

treatment of Mark Chavunduka, editor of the *Zimbabwe Standard*, and Ray Choto, a reporter, were yesterday understood to be seeking full transcripts of the broadcast.

Diplomatic sources believe Mr Mugabe has disregarded pledges of government reform which he made last month to the International Monetary Fund, in the hope of \$88 million (£55 million) in support for the stricken economy.

However, David Colart, a human rights lawyer named by Mr Mugabe among whites "bent on ruining the national unity and loyalty of our people", said the gravest immediate threat was to the judges now facing removal for protesting at repeated contempt of court by ministers over the journalists' treatment.

Mr Mugabe claimed he had

the constitutional power to appoint judges and said those who had called for assurances that he would observe the rule of law were guilty of "unreinforcement... an outrageous act of judicial impudence".

They could not be impartial in future cases involving the *Zimbabwe Standard* nor, he implied, pending appeals by 841 white farmers against seizure of their land for redistribution to black Zimbabweans.

Anthony Gubay, the British-born Chief Justice, was out of the country when Supreme Court judges Nicholas McNally, Simbarashe Muchecheire and Wilson Sandura last month sent a letter warning of "a descent into anarchy" to Mr Mugabe. This was backed by Mr Justice Ishmael Adam on behalf of the 27 judges of the High Court bench. Chief Justice

Gubay yesterday maintained silence on the crisis.

Mr Mugabe said peace was "clearly being undermined by some white persons of British extraction who have been planted in our midst to undertake acts of sabotage aimed at affecting the loyalty of not just our people in general but also that of vital arms of government like the army, so these can turn against the legitimate Government of this country."

Mr Mugabe said whites "must atone for the sins of their evil past... let them be warned that, unless their insidious acts cease, my Government will not hesitate in taking stern measures against them and those who have elected to be their puppets."

Geoffrey Nyarota, editor-in-chief of the new Associated Newspapers group, which plans to challenge Mr Mugabe's monopoly of the state-owned press, yesterday confirmed that Tony O'Reilly, the Irish magnate, had abandoned plans for a 14 per cent shareholding.



One of 20,000 brides uses binoculars to follow proceedings as the Rev Sun Myung Moon conducts a mass marriage ceremony at Seoul's Olympic stadium.

**Moonstruck newlyweds**

Rev Sun Myung Moon's Unification Church blessed the 40,000 newlyweds yesterday via a five satellite broadcast and the Internet. Most of the unmarried couples from 193

countries taking part in the controversial South Korean leader's annual ceremony were said to have been matched through photographs and met only hours or days beforehand. (AFP)

## WORLD SUMMARY

### Ethiopia conflict resumes

Nairobi: Ethiopia and Eritrea said their forces were engaged in full-scale conflict along their disputed border, after the first outbreak of clashes since hundreds of people were killed in fighting between the two countries last May (Robin Lodge writes).

Ethiopia accused Eritrea of bombing Ethiopian positions on Friday near the disputed enclave of Badme, occupied by Eritrean forces in last year's clashes. Eritrea said that Ethiopia had started the offensive with ground troops backed by helicopter gunships.

### Activist kills himself

By DAMIAN WHITWORTH IN WASHINGTON

WITH the impeachment trial of President Clinton expected to end in acquittal this week, it appeared last night that even Republican support for conviction was dwindling.

It has been clear for some time that the required two thirds of the 100-member Senate will not find the President guilty of the charges before them and remove him from office.

But, in a blow to the Republican members of the House of Representatives who are acting as prosecutors, a sizeable group of senators from their own party have been suggesting that they will find Mr Clinton guilty of obstructing justice. However, they are unconvinced that he lied under oath about his relationship with Monica Lewinsky.

Disquiet about the effectiveness of the prosecution — which signals that the trial inquest will be long and painful — does not mean that senators regard Mr Clinton as innocent of perjury. But they have not been persuaded that his conduct rises to the level of an impeachable offence.

"Most everybody agrees, to some degree, there's been some lying, there's been some obstruction of justice. You have different views, I guess, as to what you do about it," said Craig Thomas, a Republican senator.

Closing arguments begin today with a vote on the articles of impeachment likely by Friday. It remains unclear whether a simple majority of senators could pass an additional "finding of facts" motion finding Mr Clinton guilty but not removing him from office.

Democrats hope Republicans will then join them instead in rebuking Mr Clinton with a censure motion. But there would clearly be some battles over wording.

Controversy erupted yesterday over Sidney Blumenthal, the senior aide, who testified last week that the President had told him Ms Lewinsky was a "stalker". He was seen on videotape denying responsibility for that description being leaked to the press early in the scandal.

But Christopher Hitchens, a Washington-based British journalist, has signed an affidavit stating that description was used several times during a lunch.

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Rambouillet chateau, where the Kosovo talks are being held behind closed doors



Serbian Orthodox priests, invited as observers to the Paris talks, have their passports checked at Belgrade airport yesterday

## First step taken to Kosovo deal

FROM TOM WALKER IN RAMBOUILLET AND ANTHONY LOYD IN PRISTINA

THE first tentative steps towards any peace deal between ethnic Albanian guerrillas and Serbian and Yugoslav officials remained hidden behind the gates of Château Rambouillet yesterday.

The sleepy little suburb of Paris was engulfed by the satellite dishes and digital technology of the modern media bandwagon, but by nightfall few were any the wiser as to whether any real dialogue between the two warring sides had

been established. The various spokesmen charged with briefing the press corps gave out what slim pickings of information there were: riot police backed by batteries of anti-aircraft missiles within the château grounds were on hand to put off the more inquisitive.

Only hours after the negotiations opened, three ethnic Albanians were killed in a bomb explosion in the centre of Pristina on Saturday. The attack was the latest in a series

of grenade attacks on Pristina cafés over the past week which have brought the war to the city. The recent wave of attacks have hit both Serb and Albanian bars and appear to have been triggered by the killing of 24 Albanians by Serb security forces nine days ago.

Differing from the previous pattern, in both its power and targeting, Saturday's device went off outside a mini-market. The three dead,

who included a woman and teen-

age girl, were shredded into pieces.

In Rambouillet, the US spokesman, Phil Reeker, emerged to read a statement agreed by both Serbs and Albanians denouncing the Pristina bomb. Later, Serb sources claimed a ten-point list of principles had been concluded which spoke about autonomy rather than independence for Kosovo.

A Western diplomat dismissed such Serb claims as "pure spin". All that was happening inside, he insisted,

said, was "a clearing of undergrowth so that they can at least begin talking about the less contentious issues".

These, he said, included the make-up of a new parliament for Kosovo, and details of how to establish a customs union and single market with the rest of Yugoslavia. An option for a territorial split of Kosovo — now much favoured by the Serbs — was not on the table, he insisted.

"There are no maps here, and that's the big difference with the Dayton conference for Bosnia," he said. "But I can't rule it out for next week."

The splendours of Rambouillet, a favourite haunt for both Louis XVI and Napoleon, were a world away from the blighted Balkan province. Speaking on his mobile phone while jogging off a heavy lunch, one source described a buffet of salmon mousse, dozens of salads,

hot dishes of prawns, and a beef cassoulet, chocolate mousse and a wide selection of other puddings".

It was quite possible for the Kosovo Liberation Army team and the Serbs to bump into one another while heading for this feast, although their negotiating rooms were separated. The Franco-British delegation that set up the conference insisted that no provocative insignia or imagery be used by either side.

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## Kohl's vision in jeopardy as his party looks to the right

INSIDE GERMANY

The other day the ex-Chancellor, Helmut Kohl, was tucking into a slap-up meal at his favourite Bonn restaurant, Il Punto, with Romano Prodi, the former Italian Prime Minister. On the other side of the room, Oskar Lafontaine, the Finance Minister, was also enjoying his food.

In some ways, Il Punto has become the canteen of the German political class. Suddenly an emissary interrupted Herr Kohl — Gerhard Schröder, the Chancellor, would be honoured if his predecessor and Professor Prodi could come around for a conversation that evening. Herr Kohl is not a man to refuse a second dinner and was soon on his way.

This is by way of explaining what Herr Kohl is up to. While he broods over his memoirs, he has become an informal international consultant taking calls from Bill Clinton and Jacques Santer. But he is also a backbencher who makes occasional appearances at meetings of the Christian Democratic leadership. Banquo's ghost in Bonn. Naturally, this is slowing down the debate about whether dumping the Kohl legacy is the necessary precondition for scrambling back to power.

How to resurrect German Christian democracy, whether to inject it with a dose of Thatcher-style conservatism, is the most intriguing riddle in Bonn. Will the Opposition follow the siren call of Edmund Stoiber, the Bavarian Prime Minister, and become more Eurosceptical? Will it break with the German consensus on Europe? Will it lurch towards the right, take on a more clearly contoured national conservatism?

These questions lurked behind yesterday's Hesse state elections, which were perhaps the first indirect voter verdict on Herr Schröder's Social Democrat-Green Government. The Social Democrats and Greens lost heavily, and if early projections are reliable may lose power in the region. For the Christian Democrats, who emerged as the strongest party under Roland Koch, the vote could mark a watershed.

Herr Koch — who has the charisma of a block of wood — had talked up the "threat" of foreigners being granted double citizenship. That, and unemployment, was enough to whip up support for the Christian Democratic cam-

paign for other regional elections is fuelled by an anti-immigration mood. Wolfgang Schäuble, the party's national leader, will be fatally compromised. So will his efforts to keep some of the policy continuities from the Kohl era. Next year Christian Democrats must work out who will challenge Herr Schröder in 2002. The best bet now is that Herr Stoiber will get the job.

Some serious groundwork has to be completed before a Bavarian can lead Germany from Prussian Berlin. Herr Stoiber has to find themes on truly national causes. One is the question of immigration. It was Herr Stoiber who forced the pace on the current nationwide petition against government plans to extend citizenship rights to long-term foreign residents.

So far more than one million Germans have signed their opposition to the draft law. The tone around the trestle-tables set up in shopping precincts by the Christian Democrats is nasty. Signatories questioned about their motives often spit out xenophobic drivel. Herr Stoiber's other big cause is Europe — hostility to Agenda 2000, to any tinkering with the common agricultural policy, worries about rapid eastward enlargement, contempt for Brussels bureaucracy and fraud, and a very obvious reluctance to celebrate the euro.

After the Hesse vote, the Christian Democrats will start gearing up for the European elections. Then it will become clear how quickly the party is willing to drop Herr Kohl overboard in the pursuit of voters. The unspoken assumption is that it was Herr Kohl who lost the last election. Soon this view will be spoken out loud and we will see how much of the Kohl European vision survives. Meanwhile, I shall be keeping my eyes open at Il Punto.

## Vatican is accused by shot Guard's mother

Rome: The mother of a Swiss Guardsman who the Vatican says shot his commander and committed suicide accused Vatican officials yesterday of covering up the truth in their final report, to be released today, which declares the case "shelved". (Richard Owen writes.)

Mugetta Baudat-Tornay, who lives in Switzerland, said she had "documentary proof" that her son, Vice-Corporal

Cedric Tornay, had been killed with two others as part of a "Vatican plot".

She said she had been threatened by "emissaries from Rome", who warned her to accept the official version of the tragedy and halt her own investigations. Colonel Alois Estermann, 44, his Venezuelan wife Gladys, 49, and Tornay, 23, were found dead from gunshot wounds inside the Vatican last May.

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# Old enemies come together to grieve

## JORDAN MOURNS HUSSEIN

**Christopher Walker** reports from Amman on the problem posed by a gathering of some 40 heads of state

**EXTRAORDINARY** security precautions will be in place for the burial this morning of King Hussein, an event to be attended by at least 40 heads of state and described by one official as "the diplomatic funeral of the century".

Although President Saddam Hussein of neighbouring Iraq is not expected to attend, Iraqi representatives and those from other radical regimes — perhaps even Colonel Muammar Gaddafi of Libya — will take their places behind the cortège with Prince Charles, Tony Blair, President Clinton and a prominent delegation of Israelis including Benjamin Netanyahu, the hardline Prime Minister. Mr Netanyahu's presence has already been denounced angrily by Jordanian opposition politicians.

"The real threat is the large number of Iraqi agents; maybe thousands are known to operate inside Jordan and might want a chance to take revenge on the two leaders who recently ordered the latest bombing of Baghdad in Operation Desert Fox," said one Western security expert.

He added: "Islamic extremists inside Jordan are not expected to cause trouble, out of respect for the dead King. But for the Iraqis, it is probably the only chance they will ever have of having both Clinton and Blair in their sights. Frankly, it is going to be a security nightmare."

Diplomats were comparing the funeral to that in Cairo in 1981 for Anwar Sadat after his assassination by Muslim gunmen. Then security fears were so great that the besieged

**Gaddafi**  
is one of  
those who  
could  
surprise  
us all'

among the mourners Israelis and representatives of many of the countries with which they are still technically at war," said one Arab diplomat.

"We do not know the exact identities of all the delegations and Gaddafi is one of those who could surprise us all —

"You will have

his son was here in person last week to pay his respects to [then Crown Prince] Abdullah," he added.

Arab leaders have announced their intention of attending, including Egypt's President Mubarak, who as

Sadat's successor is a number

one target for many Islamic fundamentalists, and Sultan Qaboos of Oman.

As with the Jerusalem funeral in 1995 of Yitzhak Rabin, the assassinated Israeli Prime Minister, when King Hussein was one of the most prominent mourners, the secret services

of various countries will be on the ground in force to protect their own leaders and to support the heavy Jordanian security presence.

Apart from Mr Blair, who yesterday said the late monarch was "a thoroughly decent and kind man", other European

leaders will include President Chirac of France, accompanied by his wife, Bernadette, as well as Gerhard Schröder, the German Chancellor, and Wim Kok, the Dutch Prime Minister.

President McAleese of Ireland. President Klestil of Aus-

tralia and Adolph Ogi, Switzerland's Vice-President, will also attend. The office of the Czech President said that Vaclav Havel hoped to attend, despite recent ill health.

The world's remaining royal will also be strongly represented. Prince Charles will represent the Queen, whose official visit to Jordan in 1994 was dosed by bomb threats and one attack by the Abu Nidal terror organisation. The whole of the immediate Spanish Royal Family will be present. Queen Beatrix of The Netherlands also will attend, as well as King Albert and Queen Paola of Belgium.

Iraq did not announce its intentions, but issued a broadside against the new Jordanian King as "inexperienced" for claims in his first press interview that Tehran remained a threat to some Gulf states.

King Hussein will be buried

before noon prayers at the Hashemite burial ground within the walls of the Royal Palace in Amman — within 24 hours of his death at 11.43am local time on Sunday. The King will be buried next to his father, King Talal, and grandfather, King Abdallah, shrouded in a simple white cloth, in accordance with Islamic custom.

His mortal remains will first be transported in a coffin, draped in the Jordanian flag atop an armoured vehicle, to the family cemetery. The coffin will be carried the last few yards to the burial site, probably by

make members of the Royal Family before the body is interred to a 21-gun salute.

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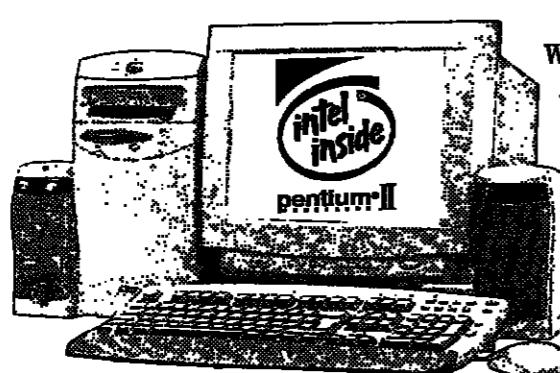


Jordanian mourners outside the Hussein Medical Centre in Amman express their grief after hearing the news of King Hussein's death yesterday.



Photographs: Chris Harris

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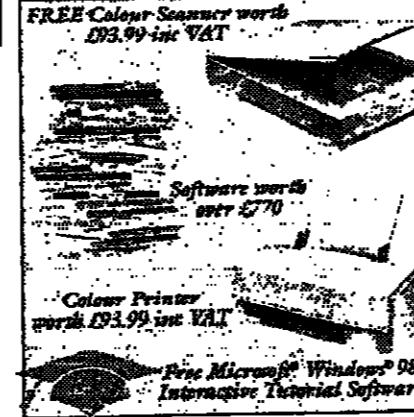
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# Young Queen will need her healing touch



JORDAN  
MOURNS  
HUSSEIN

**Christopher Walker profiles the new King's respected wife, who is a pioneer of charitable causes**

THE accession of King Abdullah II to the Hashemite throne has also thrust into the spotlight his Palestinian wife, Rania. Photogenic, highly intelligent and modest, at 28 she seems destined to become an international role model like Hussein's widow, Queen Noor, and to be seen as a successor to the mantle of the late Diana, Princess of Wales, as a dazzling royal involved in charitable causes.

As well as having a crucial role as a Palestinian in helping to unify a nation whose population is uncomfortably divided between the 60 per cent majority of Palestinian descent and the 40 per cent East Bank Arabs or Bedouin tribal stock, Queen Rania will also have to mend the internal divisions in the ruling family worsened by the palace intrigues which scarred the last months of Hussein's 17-year reign.

"It will be the task of Rania to try to bring the relatives of the late King together and to try to heal the breaches that led to feuds deeply damaging to the future of the kingdom," said an Amman businessman. "She will have succeeded if she can dampen the rumours about jealousy and family promotion that have become part of our life these last weeks."

Being fully of Arab blood and also a Muslim from a well-established family that originated in the West Bank town of Tulkarm and later



Queen Rania with Prince Hussein, her elder son, who was born to her and Abdullah in 1994

moved, like so many enterprising Palestinian families, to Kuwait. Queen Rania is being compared with Hussein's third wife, Alia, also a beautiful Palestinian with West Bank roots, who died in a helicopter crash in 1977.

Unlike Princess Muna (née Touj Gardiner), the Ipswich-born mother of the new King and Queen Noor, previously Lisa Halaby, daughter of an American family of Lebanese descent, Queen Rania will not have the handicap of being regarded as foreign.

Rania al-Yassin was born on August 31, 1970, in Kuwait where her father was a doctor. After the 1991 Gulf War, like most of the 300,000 Palestinians then living in the oil-rich emirate, the al-Yassin family was forced to leave after being accused of co-operating with the Iraqi occupiers. They moved to Jordan.

Rania met Abdullah through mutual acquaintances in Amman and immediately changed his life, persuading him to abandon the fast living for which he had been previously known," said one Jordanian source. "At the time, she had been thinking of marrying someone else, but with the Prince it was an instant love match."

Since their wedding on June 10, 1993, at a glittering ceremony presided over by Hussein, the couple have had two children, Hussein, born in 1994,

ish spending and Western fashion for the Queen of a sober Muslim nation."

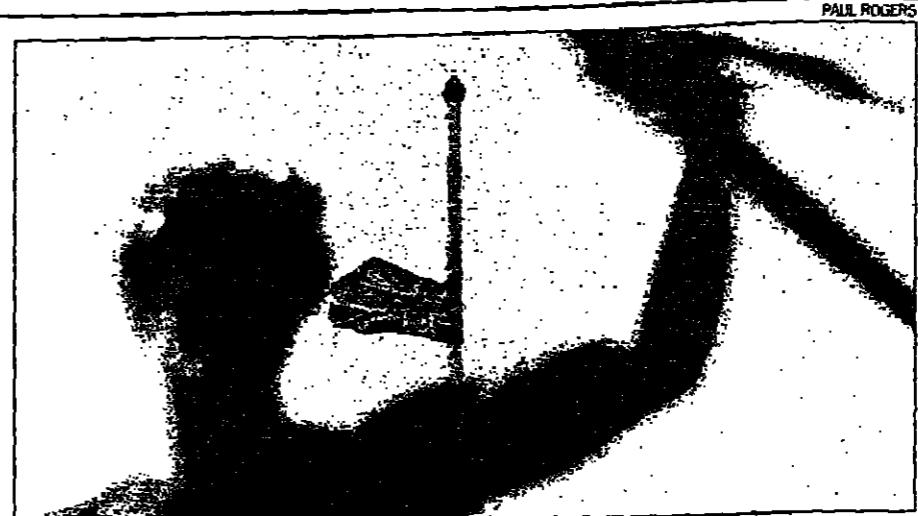
Queen Noor's dutiful and touching attention to her dying husband did much to silence her opponents. But Mrs Faisal, an acerbic critic of the Royal Family, said: "In the West, we know that Queen Noor is something of a glamour figure, much admired in the media. Here in Jordan, men and women alike found her not really part of the nation like Rania will be."

As well as being regarded as a good mother, Queen Rania has raised eyebrows and won praise from the less conservative members of Jordanian society by establishing a help system for battered and abused children, standing up for children's rights and tackling issues often regarded as taboo.

As the struggle for the succession intensified behind the scenes, Rania had to endure rumours spread by backers of her rivals, the Pakistan-born Princess Sarvath, the widely disliked wife of the deposed Crown Prince Hassan, Si, and Queen Noor, who was promoting the idea of her 18-year-old son, Hamzah, becoming heir apparent.

She brushed off the rumours and managed to blend her traditional background with a modern image befitting a new generation of Hashemite royals by being seen eating with her family in Amman's Hard Rock Café. "She is a very intelligent young woman, kind and unaffected, as members of the al-Yassin family often are," said one Amman-based diplomat.

For the outside world, the most poignant images of her came on January 19 at Amman's Marka airport when the King returned after six months of a supposedly successful cancer treatment at the controls of his plane and she was seen on television wiping away tears. "They were tears of joy," a close friend said. "Like all of us at the time, she thought the King had managed to beat his cancer."



The Buckingham Palace flag flying at half mast yesterday for King Hussein

## World hails King whose majesty was of the spirit

By DAMIAN WHITWORTH  
IN WASHINGTON  
AND CHRIS BROADHURST

KING HUSSEIN'S death was mourned by world leaders across religious and political boundaries.

Tony Blair said the King was "a remarkable man, a man of courage and integrity, but above all a man of extraordinary inner strength and humility. We thank him for his life, for his work, his dedication to peace."

Baroness Thatcher said: "No one can ever take his place. He will have a very distinguished place in history."

President Clinton said the King was a magnificent man whose nobility came from his character not his title. "Many times his life was threatened but each brush with mortality ennobled

him. He grew in wisdom and so did Jordan. He grew in stature and so did Jordan."

Mr Clinton singled out his determination to ensure that a Middle East peace deal was signed at the Wye summit last year. "It was not going too well and he came out and within a few minutes changed the tenor of the meeting. The smallest man in the room was the largest. The frailest, the strongest. The man with the least fame remained us that we were working not just for ourselves but for eternity. Today my friend is in paradise and God has welcomed home a faithful servant."

Henry Kissinger, the former US Secretary of State, said: "He was the leader of

the smallest country with the smallest population and the least resources of all the nations participating in the peace process, but through his diplomacy he demonstrated what leadership and moral conviction can achieve."

Kofi Annan, the UN Secretary-General, said: "The world mourns the passing of a King whose true majesty found expression in a lifelong struggle to bring peace to the ordinary men and women of the Middle East."

Lionel Jospin, the French Prime Minister, said he was "a man of courage and fidelity [who] devoted his reign to the pursuit of development and security for his country".

Gerhard Schröder, the German Chancellor, said he had acted with "wisdom, far-sightedness and tireless personal commitment".

## Israel mourns a 'loyal friend'

FROM DINA SHILOH  
IN TEL AVIV

THE Israeli Prime Minister called a special Cabinet meeting to discuss all the consequences of the King's death, and Israel's elections, set for May 17, may be postponed.

Afterwards Binyamin Netanyahu said: "The Government and people of Israel bow their heads in grief over the passing of King Hussein.

a courageous leader, a loyal friend, a maker of peace in Israel. King Hussein was one of the few leaders who is recognised even in his lifetime, as an historic figure."

"On a more personal level, there was no one more gracious, considerate and kind. No one more hospitable or generous... We are certain his son, Abdullah, will continue in his way and strengthen the peace between us."

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# Abdullah vows to preserve legacy

By CHRISTOPHER WALKER  
IN AMMAN

**THE MIDDLE EAST** moved into an uncertain era yesterday when its longest-serving ruler, King Hussein of Jordan, was pronounced dead from lymphatic cancer and was succeeded by his untested eldest son, King Abdullah II.

Looking uncannily like his father, his head swathed in a red-and-white chequered *kaffiyeh*, the new half-British King appeared on television to lead a shattered nation in mourning soon after his father's official death at 11.43am.

He called for unity in a desert kingdom divided almost equally between Palestinians and tribal Arabs. He also pledged to maintain his father's policies, which included the 1994 peace with Israel widely unpopular among ordinary Jordanians but regarded as vital for stability in a region whose leaders are becoming increasingly elderly and unwell.

All eyes in the Middle East will be focused on the new



JORDAN  
MOURNS  
HUSSEIN

King in the coming months to see whether he deviates from his father's legacy.

In one recent interview in the London-based *al-Hayat* newspaper, for example, King Abdullah was quick to emphasise that Iran remained a threat to some Gulf states.

Teheran described him as a rank amateur, insisting that "his position will change when he gains more experience".

The novice 37-year-old leader of a country sandwiched precariously between Israel and the Arab dictatorships of Iraq and Syria, a former Special Forces commander with only two weeks' experience as heir

apparent, sat under a huge portrait of his father. He read slowly and haltingly in broken Arabic — a legacy of his English mother, Princess Muna, and an education in Britain and the United States.

The new King was described by many tear-stained Jordanian officials as "a chip off the old block", who would be helped by the old guard to overcome his diplomatic and economic inexperience.

In his moving address, delivered while many Jordanians wept in the streets and stared in disbelief at television screens, Jordan's new leader described Hussein as a "father

and brother to all of you" and pledged: "We will preserve Hussein's legacy by building a strong Jordan, and I ask everyone to remain united in their loyalty, like one family."

In an impressive show of family unity after weeks of rumours, feuds and palace intrigue, the new King stood close during the televised swearing-in ceremony to his uncle, Prince Hassan, 51, who was deposed from the position of Crown Prince after 34 years in one of the last acts of the late King, who accused him of abusing power.

The two later embraced warmly, signalling that Prince Hassan is likely to stay on in some senior advisory capacity, rather than go into voluntary exile with his family in England, as had been reported by Israeli television.

"The Hashemites have unit

ed behind Abdullah. That is what the late, great King would have wanted," claimed one official as hundreds of foreign journalists besieged Jordan's main hotel, the Amman

Intercontinental, in an attempt to gain accreditation for today's state funeral.

Although Hussein's demise was a foregone conclusion once he was placed on a life-support machine last week,

4.6 million Jordanians appeared totally unprepared, and were plunged into mass public grief, uncannily reflected in the weather which blanketed Amman in a rare, and clammy, winter fog. "I love

him more than my family. It is like losing a father," said a 23-year-old accountant, Mohammed Ahrum, one of 2,000 people who had gathered outside the gates of the medical centre where the late King was taken

after his return from failed cancer treatment in the US. Within hours of the death, a 40-day mourning period began, black flags went up on buildings and Muslims and Christians prayed in the streets.



King Abdullah, speaking on television last night, calls for unity between Jordan's Palestinians and tribal Arabs

## MIDDLE EAST'SAILING LEADERS



Saudi Arabia  
King Fahd

The Saudi leader took the throne on June 3, 1982 — on the death of his half-brother, King Khaled — as the fifth sovereign of a state founded in 1932. He suffered a stroke in 1995 and has handed over the day-to-day running of the Government to Crown Prince Abdullah.

### Palestinian Authority

#### Yassir Arafat

Yassir Arafat became Chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in 1969 and President of the Palestinian Authority in 1996. Increasingly frail of late, ru-

mours began in 1997, denied by Palestinian officials, that he is suffering from Parkinson's disease. The 69-year-old Mr Arafat has never groomed a successor.

#### Syria President Assad

The Syrian leader has ruled since he took power in a 1970 coup. Long the subject of health speculation, the 68-year-old Hafez al-Assad had been grooming his son Bassel as successor until he died in a car crash in 1994. His other son, Bashar, has a role in affairs of state.

### Iraq

#### President Saddam Hussein

Saddam, 61, came to power in July 1979, succeeding the sick Ahmed Hassan al-Bakr. Still in power despite disastrous wars — against Iran from 1980 to 1988, and the US and Allied Forces in Kuwait and

southern Iraq in 1991. America and Britain have made increasingly clear their determination to bring about his overthrow. But there is no obvious successor and many fear there could be civil war if he goes.

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## MEN'S FASHION 1999-2000

## Menswear: shaken



Yves Saint Laurent: lean-cut black tuxedo over a sequined shirt

**T**he fashion world can be a rough, tough place. You see some shocking sights on the catwalk. But after several years in the front line, I thought nothing could hurt me. I was wrong. The American woman sitting next to me went pale. She leaned over and hissed in my ear: "If my husband wore something like that, I would divorce him."

Before us strode a young man dressed in a tight, black stretch suit, over which he appeared to be wearing a small tent — but with the tent poles still attached, so his arms were pinned back, unable to move freely. It was, we agreed, the stuff of nightmares.

These sorts of clothes give designer fashion a bad name. Thankfully, the tent (from Walter Van Beirendonck) proved to be an unfair representation of current trends in men's fashion, as shown on the autumn-winter 1999-2000 catwalks. For the most part, designers are working hard to produce sensible clothes. For every silly idea, there are a dozen perfectly reasonable ones.

Indeed, in the week that Simpson's of Piccadilly — a purveyor of traditional British tailoring — was closing its doors, Paul Smith was doing his best to keep tradition alive: tweed suits and flannel shirts, cashmere coats and cavalry-twill trousers, hand-embroidered shirts and top-stitching on jackets. And not a tent pole in sight.

In essence, these clothes were not so distant from the kind of clothes sold by Simpson's. The difference lay in the fabrics — drill shirts washed soft, jackets in superfine flannels — and the details: mismatching buttons, multicoloured linings. Paul Smith shakes up the classic British male wardrobe, which is why he is our most successful designer.

Smith, who shows twice a year on the catwalk in Paris, summed up the theme of his new collection in one word: individuality. To make the point, he had thrown into the show a selection of second-hand clothes, including a knitted waistcoat found in a thrift shop. "Our lives are so full of technology these days — faxes and mobile phones and e-mails," said Smith. "I wanted to make an individualistic statement, with lots of hand-made and hand-embroidered touches. Never mind the technology. We're still human beings."

Despite a great deal of interest in so-called synthetic-based "technical" fabrics in recent seasons, designers are rediscovering the traditional virtues of tailoring and luxuri-

ry fabrics. Millennial fashion will be reassuringly familiar: *la mode masculine* is not suddenly going to lift off into intergalactic spacewear.

There was a real sense of occasion running through the men's shows. Here were the collections which take us through to the year 2000. In keeping with the spirit of the occasion, every designer had a go at producing the perfect outfit for New Year's Eve. The best, by far, came from Yves Saint Laurent in the form of a lean-cut black tux-

edo worn over a tulle shirt sprinkled with sequins. Camp, but so cool.

After this winter's plethora of grey, there's a lot of black on the way for next. In Milan, the designers at least threw in bright accents of colour on knitwear and shirts: tomato red, orange, yellow. But at London Men's Fashion Week, I sat through three shows in a row dominated by black. Men look good in black, but we could have done with some light relief.

Here's a run-through of the key

names in European men's fashion. In Italy, all the attention remains focused on Prada and Gucci, which stand at opposite ends of the fashion spectrum. Prada, with its functional anoraks and casual jackets, is a universe apart from flower-power Gucci, all velvet jackets and floral-embroidered jeans.

In Paris, the dominant forces are Paul Smith, Belgium's romantic Dries Van Noten, and Yves Saint Laurent, undergoing a menswear renaissance under the direction of the young designer Hedi Slimane.

In London, John Richmond and John Rocha are the biggest names on the catwalk. Both made a strong impact at the fledgeling London Men's Fashion Week with restrained and wearable collections. Richmond mixing traditional tweeds and herringbones with funnel-neck jumpers and simple sports shapes, Rocha adding touches of fake fur to coats.

The new menswear is exceptionally comfortable and practical. There's a free-and-easy spirit in the air, with sportswear influences mixed with more formal dressing. This was most marked at Giorgio Armani, who has caught the sports bug in a big way and is shortly to launch a new Giorgio Armani Sport label. But all the big fashion houses are also joining in. How about a pair of Hermès trousers with a drawstring waist? Or an Yves Saint Laurent jumpsuit?



Prada: shoulder bags and a functional look

plete with travel clocks, and padded jackets with built-in pillows.

Catching the all-purpose mood, designers made clothes that were super-versatile. At Louis Vuitton, Marc Jacobs produced tubular cashmere jumpers with detachable roll-necks. The innovative Dutch designer Alexander van Slooble, whose label is called So, showed reversible jackets, smart and tailored on one side, sporty and casual on the other. Neil Barrett, former designer at Prada, showing his first solo collection, worked in padding for jumpers to accentuate the chest — which means that none of us needs bother going to the gym.

By the end of last week, my American colleague was much happier. With the exception of the tented cat suit, she — and I — had emerged from the trenches unscathed.



Armani: sportswear mixed with more formal dressing

## Making up to Miss Moss

GIVEN that I'd only slunk in to do an interview, it was a little disconcerting to have a make-up artist (especially one who was responsible for the luminous Kate Moss cover of British Vogue last summer) leap up at me brandishing pots of concealer.

I'd like to believe that Sharon Dowsett, the make-up artist in question, was so excited about the new wonder product she had discovered that she wanted to try it out on everyone, and that I had nothing to do with my skin being so grey that I looked consumptive.

Anyway, since the transformation was so rapid and effective, I thought the least I could do was share the secret. Lancome's Palette Mix (subtly complex kit and unleashed on the public on February 15) is a compact of three colours, dark, medium and a pale highlighter, which can be applied over moisturiser to the bits of your face that need them, thereby obviating the need for foundation, which, as any casual observer of beauty trends knows, is over, sweetie.

Dowsett used a tiny smearing of the medium shade under my eyes and round the base of my nose, the highlighter in the corners of my eyes, and the darkest shade to contour under my cheeks.

Four minutes later, not quite Miss Moss but no longer consumptive. So there you have it, invest £15, blend well and fret not that you didn't make it to the Caribbean this winter. Unfortunately, the make-up artist isn't included.

Now acolytes of the minimalist style magazine are taking turns to host *Wallpaper* parties which replicate the magazine's fashion shoots, incorporating every detail on the page, from that fabulous Clemente Ribeiro velvet top to the walnut and Lucite tables, from the Gucci ceramic bowl down to the menus of spicy fried pecans and goldfish puffs.

Naturally, the *Wallpaper*



staff are thrilled. "Hopefully," says an editorial team member, "they are being knowingly ironic rather than just sad." In the Seventies these people would have been miming along to *The Rocky Horror Show*. From camp kitsch to camp design in 20 years. Who said the human race wasn't making progress?

■ ARE injuries the season's must-have accessory, then?" inquired one fashion editor at the opening of Sotheby's arts exhibition last Thursday. It's true that the doyenne of fashion

made a sling for her dislocated shoulder out of an old pajama. Bandages just do come in the same colours.

■ TALKING of pashminas know that certain inside have pronounced them cliché but I'm still attached to mine. So when I left one on Eurostar I got on to Lost Property. Th

is was more taxing than you might think, as Eurostar on deals in recorded messages, outlined my pashmina's vit statistics (pale blue, cashmere and waited... and waited for a response.

Eventually, François from Paris returned my call. He had found a blue shawl but it was pashmina, not cashmere. "It's mine," I said. "Why didn't you say it was pashmina?" he asked. Because I wanted to say, I didn't think everyone would know what pashmina was. "Well, you say it's yours but we'll need proof." The Lost Property tyrants g

supercilious about fibre content, it's time to move on to something really recherche.

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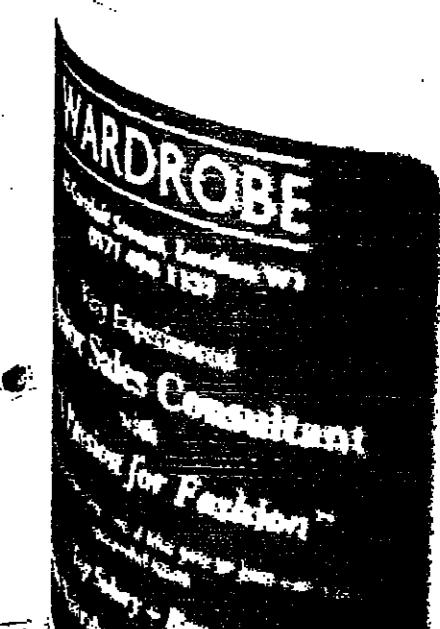
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## MEN'S FASHION 1999-2000

## not stirred



John Richmond: mixing the traditional with a modern, casual look



Paul Smith: shaking up the classic British male wardrobe but working hard to produce sensible clothes

**SOLANGE AZAGURY-PARTRIDGE**  
Jewellery designer

Describe your own personal style  
It may look understated but it's actually quite luxurious and flashy.

What period in fashion do you love?  
The Nineties. There are no rules, you simply wear what you want.

What accessory/piece of clothing can you not live without?  
One of my rings. If I leave my house without one I feel totally bare.

What are your pet hates regarding fashion?  
Being a victim and the continued love of the skinny.

What do you think of the

**STYLING FILE**

current fashion trends?  
I love the bohemian, multi-cultural, ethnic look.

What is the most expensive/luxurious item you have ever bought?  
My red Venetian chandelier.

What is your favourite shop?  
The Cross in Notting Hill always has something to take my fancy.

What piece of clothing/accessory would you most like to receive as a gift?  
A Bentley Azure Coupé — the ultimate accessory.



Gucci goes for flower power, John Richmond favours a more restrained approach

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**THEATRE**  
Irvine Welsh's  
Shocker comes  
to London  
THIS PAGE

# ARTS

**OPERA**  
A provocative  
Rosenkavalier  
for Glasgow  
PAGE 19



## These girls are just slaves to the rhythm

**CABARET:** Michael Owen tries to find out what castanets have got to do with Fascinating Aida's new West End show

**T**wo flights up a darkened staircase in a complex of rehearsal rooms, and the only sound to be heard was the rhythmic drilling of a set of castanets. I was in search of the three women who make up Fascinating Aida, but seemed instead to have stumbled upon Paco Pena.

Through two well-hidden doors a brightly lit studio revealed itself and there, alone in her percussive contemplation, Miss Adele Anderson swirled and spun gracefully as her fingers rapped out a sensuous series of rat-a-tat-tat riffs.

So the first clue, as the trio reach the final stages of preparation for their West End return, appeared to be that sweet FA was hitting the flamenco trail. This turned out not to be the case, actually, but the expected and the unexpected are always swapping places when these three get together.

The studio began to fill up with the arrival of Dilly Keane, the founder of the group, and the third member, Issy van Randwyck, together with their pianist Sarah Travis and director Clarke Peters. This quintet have been locked together for a month now as they refine the new show, titled *Barefaced Chic*, that opens at the Theatre Royal, Haymarket, tomorrow for a four-week season, followed by a three-month national tour.

It is two years since Fascinating Aida last played in London. Since then they have toured Australia and New Zealand, and made their long-awaited New York debut. They were no sooner home than they immediately started plotting *Barefaced Chic*, which will offer several new variations on the familiar Fascinating Aida formula, not least Keane abandoning her onstage piano-playing to take a fuller role in the proceedings. The new production will be presented as a show-within-a-show, beginning with the girls caught backstage in silhouette behind a transparent screen. That, give or take a few crucial elements like a theatre, costumes and lights, was roughly the point they had ar-

rived at in their studio session two floors up in a tellingly named rehearsal room — water bottles, coffee cups and a vast assortment of shoes — littered the floor and benches as Peters — who has just quit his role as lawyer Billy Flynn in the musical *Chicago* — go to direct the girls — announced they were to run Act I. The cast looked at each other as though the moment they had been putting off had at last arrived, and a Chekhovian gloom momentarily fell upon

'I tell you, this show's going to be a lot sadder than anything Chekhov wrote'

the room. "I tell you, this show's going to be a lot sadder than anything Chekhov wrote," confided Keane with mock pessimism.

She was, of course, entirely wrong. An hour later, the witnesses to this sneak preview were still damp-eyed from the wicked humour of their lyrics and the poignancy into which they can instantly switch. Those three-part harmonies, sometimes lilting, sometimes syncopated, now and again raunchy and rocking, seemed even more perfectly meshed.

They found Australia less hospitable, Keane admits. "We'd been there ten years ago and enjoyed it but something's happened. They seem to have lost their national sense of humour. We arrived in Canberra where the Republican convention was on, which was not brilliant timing. They were anti all things English, couldn't wait to get rid of the Queen and if we mentioned the monarchy or did anything politically incorrect, they just sat there and groaned. New Zealand was more

outside Fascinating Aida — Van Randwyck in straight-theatre, Anderson in jazz and Keane on radio — it is their joint enterprises that take precedence. "We are more than the sum of our parts," says Keane. "When we're together something organic happens. We grow as we go and, strangely, as we get older it seems to get easier rather than more difficult. But I might regret saying that."

They are even looking forward to life on tour, when they will travel the length and breadth of the land. "We love it," says Van Randwyck. "We climb in our blue Transit van, we always drive ourselves and we route the journey according to our favourite restaurants."

The New York debut last year won them a glowing set of reviews and a celebrity audience including Stephen Sondheim, Mike Nichols and Patti LuPone, who paid them the compliment of promptly drafting two of their songs into her own show.

**A**ny nerves over such an important first night were dispelled in a haze of jet lag. "We flew from New Zealand to New York and went through so many time zones it was like Groundhog Day," says Keane. And Van Randwyck gives an insight into the thoroughness with which they research their material: "The first thing we did was go to the hairdresser to get our roots done, and that's where we picked up all the local gossip, which we immediately put in the show."

They found Australia less hospitable, Keane admits. "We'd been there ten years ago and enjoyed it but something's happened. They seem to have lost their national sense of humour. We arrived in Canberra where the Republican convention was on, which was not brilliant timing. They were anti all things English, couldn't wait to get rid of the Queen and if we mentioned the monarchy or did anything politically incorrect, they just sat there and groaned. New Zealand was more

fun. We did our version of the haka and told them what we had in mind for Jonah Lomu."

Peters, who scored his own cabaret-style hit when he created *Five Guys Named Moe*, is directing them for the first time. "I believe this show is a departure for them, in terms of

the way it is set, and I think they are very brave. We've had no differences of opinion; if something needs to be worked out, I ask them to look at it in an acting rather than a musical context."

When I left them, the sound of castanets followed me down the stairs. I

crept back to see exactly what was going on. This time it was Van Randwyck, snapping out the clacking Spanish beat — but then the door swung firmly closed. Tomorrow, all will be revealed.

• *Barefaced Chic* is at the Haymarket (071-920 8899) from tomorrow

## The real hip hop mother

IN THE week that her face graced the covers of both *Time* and *Rolling Stone* magazines, Lauryn Hill chose Brixton as the location of the only European show on her current world tour. Hill has played in Britain before, as one third of the Fugees, but this was her first solo show here, and one of her first live appearances anywhere since her album, *The Miseducation of Lauryn Hill*, elevated her to superstar status.

Still only 23, Hill is being hailed as the saviour and social conscience of hip hop, seemingly the one person who can keep the music "real" while actively rejecting the themes of violent aggression, misogyny and materialism with which the genre is now routinely blighted.

But if she was feeling the pressure, she certainly didn't show it as she led a troupe of musicians, DJs, rappers and backing singers through a show that cleverly combined the spiritual with the sensual.

POP

**Lauryn Hill**  
Brixton

Starting at a measured pace with her current single, *Ex-Factor*, she gradually upped the ante with a searing version of *Superstar*, followed by a perfectly judged trip down memory lane with the Fugees' theme *Fu-Gee-La* that sent the cheerful crowd into rhapsodies.

After a rambling sequence of fun and games she pulled the show back into focus with an emotionally charged performance of *To Zion*, a song dedicated to her son. But if she treated the word "mother" with greater respect than her gangsta-rap peers do, there was nothing compliant about her accusatory wordplay in *Doo Wop (That Thing)* or *Lost Ones*. "You gained the whole world for the price of your soul ... / Wisdom is better than silver or gold," she snapped.

An encore of *Killing Me Softly and Everything Is Everything* provided a suitably upbeat finale to a show which straddled the divide between the street and the moral high ground as if the two had never drifted apart in the first place.

DAVID SINCLAIR



Fascinating Aida, aka (clockwise from left) Issy van Randwyck, Adele Anderson and Dilly Keane

## Violent — but fair

**W**hen Irvine Welsh's grim play premiered in Leeds a year ago many of my colleagues found themselves much agitated by the sight of (simulated) anal rape inflicted upon a captive chained and gagged inside a cage. The verbal abuse was condemned, as was some duff characterisation. Not a good evening, was the general opinion.

Welsh is said to have re-worked the piece since then, and certainly the solitary woman in the cast has managed to become at least two-dimensional. But as the plot got under way and I adjusted myself to the sight of Tam Dean Burn's psychopathic homossexual baldie capering like Rumpelstiltskin around his victim, my surprised discovery was that the play so far was not bad.

Two novice hardmen have messily killed a third; to young Dex "it's a job", but the victim's death throes have haunted his accomplice, Docksey (Keneth Bryans), until he feels compelled to trap Dex into explaining how he can remain so unaffected. Docksey's mad mate Jinks, the baldie, will squirm this revelation out of their prisoner, while Docksey revenges himself by sleeping with Dex's girl.

Now there is much in this sequence of events that is seriously flawed. How come the two

captors became mates? Why is sexual abuse expected to bring a confession? Welsh also crosscuts from the underground torture chamber to the scenes with the girl (Kirsty Mitchell), but largely fails to motivate these interruptions.

Directed by Ian Brown on a central arena where the lighting focuses in turn upon the cage and the girl's sofa bed, the two sex scenes coincide so that Docksey's cries with the girl relate to what Jinks is doing to her former boyfriend. Welsh's use of hyped scenes at the end is similarly ingenious, although he cannot prevent us finally feeling more sympathy for Dex — a strong performance of pent-up fury by James Cunningham — than for any one else.

JEREMY KINGSTON

## No answer to this

**The Stronger/The Sound of Silence**  
Grace, SW11

in her hotel room night after night, waiting for him to come home from his mistress. When he finally does, she lets rip, only to find that he has fallen asleep.

Despite taking the form of two volatile monologues, these plays are just as much about words as which prove to be more or less wasted.

When the husband simply

gets up and leaves, all his wife's protestations collapse into a humiliatingly wheedling plea for forgiveness. And although Mrs X goes down all the verbal avenues that might reveal her misplaced pride, her rival, for all her enigmatic silence, remains the stronger.

Cocteau wrote *The Sound of Silence* as a showcase for Edith Piaf, and the Bulgarian actress Irina Diva, all vulnerable hauteur and slightly disdain, is certainly Piaf-esque.

She gives a gutily intense performance which is, though, too mannered and monotone. Christina Greatrex as Mrs X turns with eloquent ease from anger to anguish, although again it all sounds a bit pat.

The directors of both pieces could do with injecting some spontaneity into the two characters. But the pieces complement each other well, and their small subtleties pull the diminutive Grace space.

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Shobana Jeyasingh  
Brighton

wholly original new piece. Thus, the meticulous rhythmic purity of her early choreography, based on the classical Indian dance form of *bharata natyam*, is viewed through the more liberating sensuality and lyricism of her later work.

Jeyasingh looks back on her career with evident fondness and tranquillity, although she does allow fleeting, disquieting memories to disturb her meditation. Her six female dancers perform in a shadowy world, ideas half-formed and fuzzy like memory itself. The

piece doesn't quite hold together on its own terms, but if you have been following Jeyasingh from the beginning it offers fascinating insights into her brilliant choreographic intellect.

The future is represented by *Fine Frenzy*, which comes with a commissioned score from the avant-garde jazzman Django Bates. Combining writing for the saxophone (played live by the Apollo Quartet) with taped sounds (traffic noise, church bells, shortwave transmissions and a child reading), Bates draws on the bustle of congested urban life to produce an unpredictable and stimulating score of great pace and atmosphere. Jeyasingh responds with choreography that draws on the same frenzy, animating her women in movement so agitated and if



Her new jazz age: three of Shobana Jeyasingh's dancers demonstrate the choreographer's *Fine Frenzy*

logical it doesn't know which way to turn. Athletic, muscular, introspective and rebellious, this is Jeyasingh's brilliant choreographic intellect.

*Fine Frenzy* ultimately fails to prove its point because what the choreography wants and what the *bharata natyam*-trained female dancers can deliver are two different things. Jeyasingh is clearly champing at the bit to take full advantage of everything contemporary dance can offer (including more varied techniques and the added dynamics of male dancers), but that would mean drastic changes to her company. If the next ten years are to be as successful as the first ten, Jeyasingh has some hard choices to make.

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THE TIMES MONDAY FEBRUARY 8 1999

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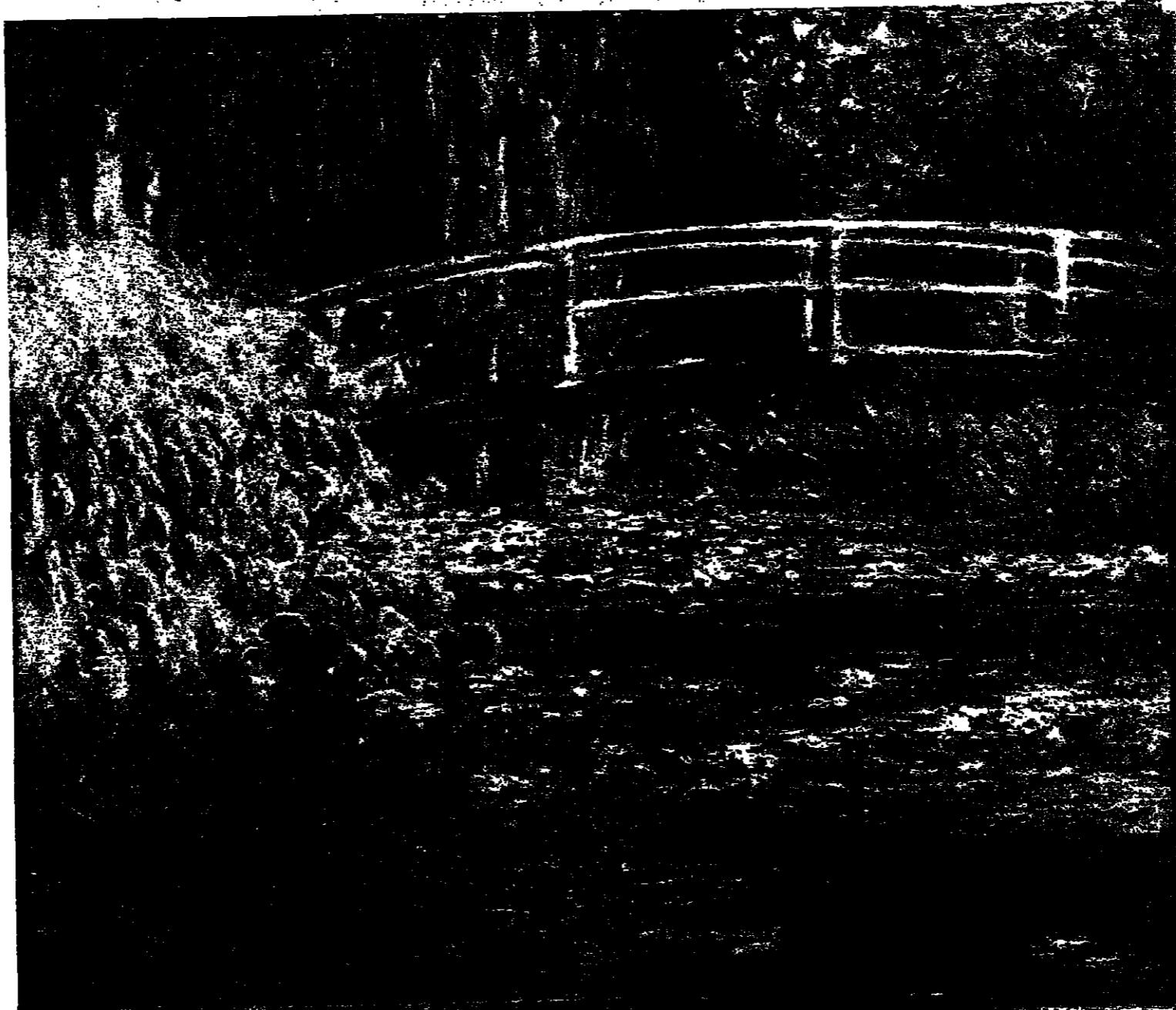
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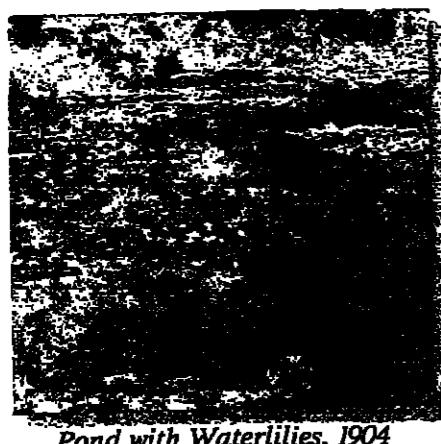
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CHANGING TIMES

THE TIMES MONDAY FEBRUARY 8 1999

**■ OPERA**

Strauss with a twist

**ARTS****■ CONCERT**

Chailly's Dutch delight

# A vibrant rose, but thorny

**R**osenkavalier is always a challenge, even more so for one of our national companies on short commons in recent years — a large cast, huge orchestra, unavoidable visual demands. And at Scottish Opera the principals were all singing their roles for the first time. Saturday's performance was uneasy in the first half, with a lot of that index-finger-wagging that always beffays extreme nervousness. Still, the spirits rose when the Theatre Royal curtain went up on the designer-director David McVicar's spacious set, using the whole of the stage; slightly shabby it may have been, intentionally, but it was grand: maybe we were in for the sort of spectacle British audiences have been starved of so long.

Spirits fell when it became plain that it was a permanent set, and would have to do for all three locations, which does the work no service at all, certainly not the suburban inn of the third act, and certainly not when McVicar failed to make a virtue of necessity by putting bed and dining table in the same position to emphasise that the third act is in many ways a satyr-play return of the first. This would have supported his thoughtful, fresh — or bloody-minded, according to taste — and generally black reading of the piece.

The scratchy relationship between the Marschallin and Octavian suggested that it was on the rocks long before curtain-up; fine, but nothing that happened thereafter came as a surprise, and I think it should. Otherwise, why are we in the theatre? But McVicar's most radical rethinking, in tandem with Peter Rose's magnificently sung performance, was the characterisation of Baron Ochs — young, handsome, smartly dressed, in command of every social situation, in no sense a buffoon.

Again, fine, but why should any girl instinctively shrink from marriage, or from a one-

**OPERA***Der Rosenkavalier*

David McVicar

Royal Opera House

London WC2H 4BY

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# Don't tell, but this is a revolution

The profound implications of devolution cannot be evaded

**W**ithin a decade, the way we are governed could have changed dramatically. Powerful First or Chief Ministers in Edinburgh, Cardiff and Belfast (and possibly regional leaders in Newcastle and Birmingham), together with elected mayors in big cities, could be challenging the dominance of London. The party system could have fragmented where there is devolution, and nationally if the electoral system is reformed. Judges will be ruling on the decisions of ministers and Parliament and on disputes with new devolved bodies. Whitehall and Westminster will have to change radically in response.

This is not the blueprint of a Charter 88-Democratic Audit champion of radical reform, nor the nightmare of a Tory opponent, but the sober assessment of what might happen by the non-partisan analysts of the Constitution Unit in their new book, *Constitutional Futures: A History of the Next Ten Years*, edited by Robert Hazell, its director. Written much more like a Civil Service brief than a polemic, the book exposes the curious ambivalence, and often evasiveness, of the Government's approach.

Constitutional reform is by far the most radical of all new Labour's programmes, and absorbs the most parliamentary time. But you would hardly guess so from listening to most ministers, and not a



Peter  
Riddell

all from Tony Blair, since he has not made a single speech on the issue as Prime Minister. Aside from campaigning trips to Scotland and Wales. Even the two senior ministers most closely involved, Derry Irvine and Jack Straw, veer between pride and caution over what they are doing. In a lecture before Christmas, Lord Irvine of Lairg presented the changes as incremental: "We are not hunting the chimera of constitutional masterplans, no ultimate outcomes... We prefer the empirical political genius of our nation: to go, pragmatically, step by step, for change through continuing consent."

There is a strong case for incrementalism, not just as the British way of legislating but also as a political tactic. Past attempts to reform the House of Lords have largely failed because governments tried to do too much in one go. Removing hereditary peers has been blocked because of disagreement over what and who should replace them. Previous radical governments have seldom had a clear masterplan from the start. The Thatcher administrations' proposals on privatisation, trade unions, and tax reform were produced step-by-step over nearly a decade.

The more pertinent criticism is that the Government is minimising the implications of its programme, and the many loose ends. This is again partly a political tactic not to worry MPs. Admittedly, the Government's terms of reference for the Royal Commission on the Lords do suggest that a reformed second chamber could link the separate strands of reform. Devolution is often treated as if it just concerns the Scots and Welsh, but life in Whitehall and Westminster

The Times will be sponsoring a one-day conference on February 25 on Constitutional Futures: Where is the Government's constitutional reform programme taking us? Fee £175, academics £80, OAP/charities £60, students £40. Details: 071-504 4992, fax 071-504 4993.

peter.riddell@the-times.co.uk

If you want to get anything done in Russia, you have to know how to talk. Exactly how. Just chatting merrily away or being incredibly deferential won't work. A specific amount of time needs to be set aside in every undertaking for persuading people to do what they have already agreed to do both by telephone and by fax, what they know perfectly well they are going to do, what they may even actively want to do and what they are often legally obliged to do.

Newcomers can find this procedure tedious and obstructive, but as far as the initiators are concerned it is simply part of the deal, a vital part, without which no trip round a factory, no application for a visa and no visit to any kind of official organisation would be complete.

Upon arrival almost anywhere, from the state Duma

building to the offices of a newspaper, the visitor is required to stand in a dim, dark yellow entrance way, heated by vast scorching fans situated at either end, blowing in air so hot as to make breathing difficult.

The floor is likely to be inches deep in muddy water and, depending on the popularity of the organisation, the vestibule will be extremely crowded and sweaty, with grimy condensation dripping down the glass panels in the heavy, metal swing doors.

Here in the gloom there will be one cream-coloured plastic telephone made in 1952, sitting on a low, wooden table. The idea is that you take turns with the phone, calling the person whose name is scrawled on a chewing gum wrapped in your purse, and that person will then come down, fill out a form, get you an entrance pass, lead you through

security and take you to see the object of your desire. Or not.

This is where the talking comes in. "Hello, I have an appointment to see Ivan Ivanovich Ivanov," you say, trying to keep a smile in your voice. There is a pause, during which the person at the other end of the line is almost certainly sighing, wondering whether or not you

might be mad, and thinking it must be time for a teabreak, such as the unprecedented number of prank callers this morning. "I don't see your name here. With whom did you make the appointment?" they will ask.

At this point you need to be prepared. The game is that you should win the argument by

means of your superi-

or rationale. Also on your chewing-gum wrapper are the names of ten officials with whom you have communicated at length prior to your arrival, in brackets under their names you have written the names of their secretaries and the time at which you phoned to arrange the meeting for which you have now come.

The point is to overwhelm the interlocutor with more bureaucracy than she has at her fingertips, such that you emerge victorious as the more Soviet, the more Petty, the more steeped in unnecessary officialdom.

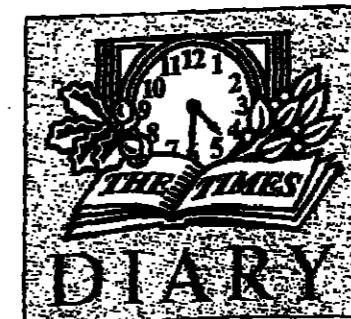
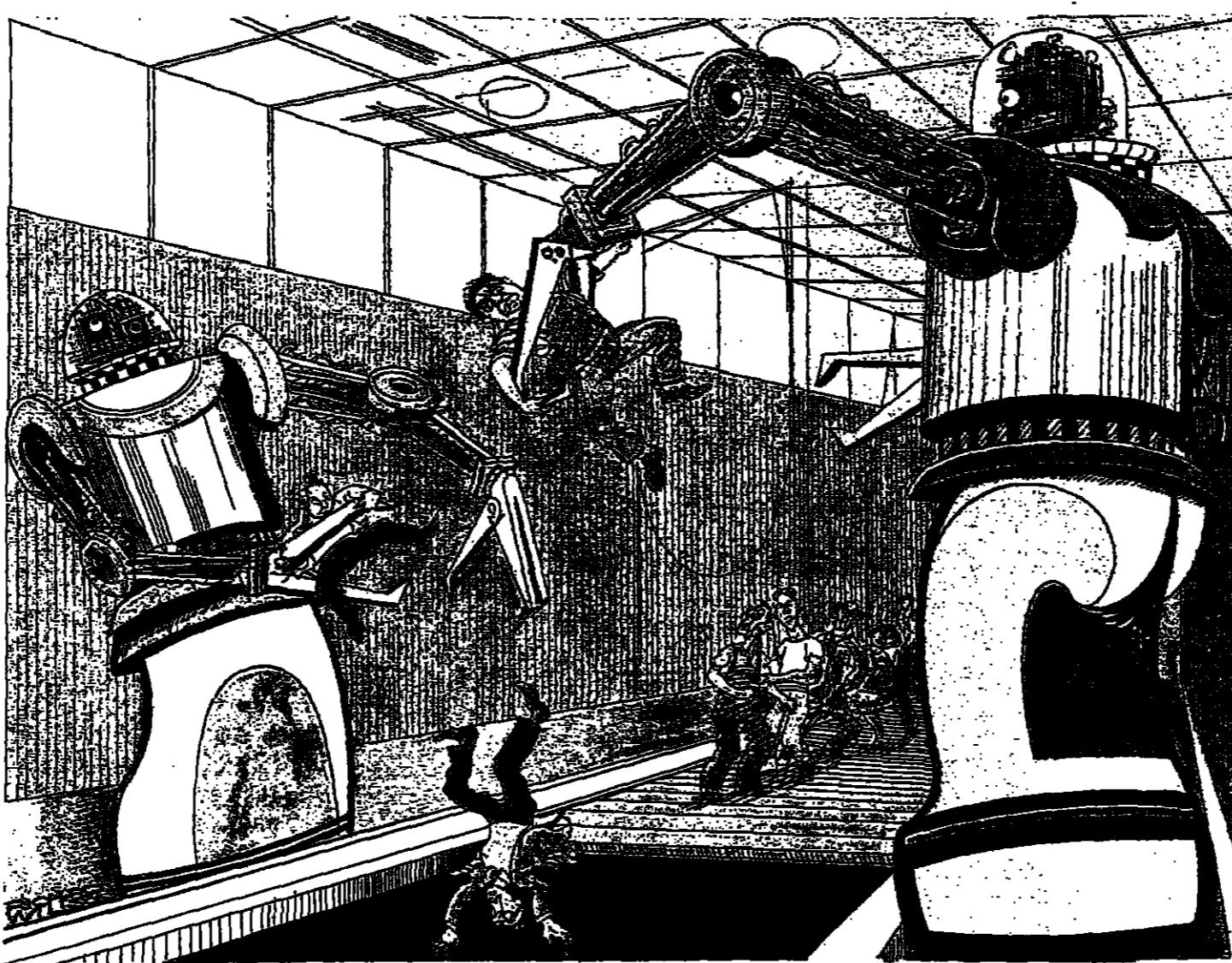
Ideally the barrage of your entirely superfluous information will allow you to march unop-

posed into the building of choice and meet people at the very highest level (like, for example, the woman who puts the actual stamps on the visas). Often, however, you find you have moved too fast, laid all your aces on the table precipitately. This can irritate your minor and cause her to drag her feet, and call all the people on your sticky list demanding to know why she was not informed of your forthcoming visit (she was).

That is not to diminish it in any way. I visited a chocolate factory recently, brandishing a fax that allowed me to go in, meet some technicians, be shown round, eat some chocolate and look at the factory museum. I stood in the foyer for half an hour arguing about the relative likelihood that somebody had seriously given me permission for any of these activities, before the woman with whom I had been bickering came down to meet me, smiling, laughing and being as helpful as it was possible to be.

The visit was immeasurably more enjoyable for the 30 minutes of dread experienced before it, when I thought maybe, just maybe, the fax would not be enough to get me in.

comment@the-times.co.uk



## Down market

SMALL-TOWN England is about to press flesh with Monica Lewinsky. The world's most visible intern is to carry out a book-signing tour for a chain of provincial bookshops.

Fresh from presenting her evidence to the Senate, Lewinsky will inscribe copies of Andrew Morton's "tell all" biography at four branches of County Bookshops — a ditty little company which works out of such places as Gateshead, Hull and Rochdale. While her access to the White House is now limited, I gather the British Embassy in Washington has been rather more helpful about visas.

The shop will excitedly cry: "Your daughter's daughters will adore you for purchasing this appreciating asset." Come, gentlemen, don't be uncivilised about her fondness for hamburgers.

• GWYNETH PALTROW thinks Shakespeare was a bit of an all-rounder. The actress, pictured, who plays his paramour in Shake-



speare in Love, is sure the plotline is credible — except, like other eminent "Dark Lady" scholars, she believes her character, Viola, would have been a boy. "Everybody was very open with their sexuality then and it wasn't weird for people of the same sex to be together."

## Lording it

SECURITY for former Northern Ireland Secretaries is a tricky matter, but a couple of peers are perplexed. They note that while some recent Secretaries lack protection, a man who left the post 20 years ago still uses an armoured car and protection officers.

Fellow peers are chippy at the sight of Lord Mason of Barnsley striding past tax queues. "I do find it funny that he still uses it," says Lord Prior. Another lord is sharper: "We all think he just likes to feel important." Surely, after Airey Neave's death, they are being a little ungenerous?

• JEREMY PAXMAN has his doubts about William Hague. The Newsnight presenter, whose latest book, The English, sits happily in the bestseller lists, mocks the Tory leader's recent pronouncement. "To call the British 'brassy' was odd," he tells me. "We are actually a rather shy and private people."

## Lime cordials

REFUSENIKS at the BBC are having a knees-up. A party thrown by the corporation's finest, including Robert Harris, David Dimbleby and Sir Ludovic Kennedy, will hark back to pre-Birtian days by

DO YOU FIND LIBERAL DEMOCRATS CREDIBLE?



remembering Lime Grove Studios, the current affairs base closed by Sir John in 1990. Tomorrow's bash — putatively to mark the opening of a homeless hostel on the old site — will see the old gang sipping warm wine and warching out-takes.

"We were happy there," sniffes a BBC type. But will Sir John turn up? "He never actually worked there. He was, as he once said himself, from another planet."

• JACK STRAW has found a cunning way to win over that spirited backbench renegade, Bob Marshall-Andrews. He has asked Mrs Bob, Gill Marshall-Andrews, to advise him on gun control.

## Sister act

RICHARD BRANSON is doing his bit for the sisters. Virgin Books will soon bring us Sapphire, a new imprint for lesbians. Billed as "the laziest lesbian imprint ever to hit the UK", it will be launched in May with the first book in the series, Big Deal. How apt.

JASPER GERARD

The point is to overwhelm the interlocutor, so that you emerge as the more Soviet, the more Petty, the more steeped in unnecessary officialdom

Anna  
Blundy



for which you have now come. The point is to overwhelm the interlocutor with more bureaucracy than she has at her fingertips, such that you emerge victorious as the more Soviet, the more Petty, the more steeped in unnecessary officialdom.

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## ABDULLAH'S INHERITANCE

Iraq may prove the new King's most pressing policy problem

The scenes of desolation on the streets of Amman, the extraordinary tributes paid by other international figures, and the enormous number of world leaders who will assemble in Jordan today for his funeral, pay fitting tribute to the life and work of King Hussein. Although there was some confusion about his exact condition in the final days, the transition of power to Crown Prince, now King, Abdullah has proceeded as smoothly as could reasonably be expected in the difficult circumstances.

In the space of scarcely two weeks the new King has been asked to make the transition from soldier to monarch and statesman. He has handled that short period of time with considerable dignity. In the short term, he will benefit from the undoubted goodwill generated by his father's success in turning what was initially little more than a colonial convenience into a coherent country and people. The often turbulent nature of Middle East politics will soon test Abdullah's mettle.

It has been widely argued that the new King is an unknown and inexperienced individual. Neither assertion is entirely accurate. The objectives that Abdullah will set himself are relatively clear and follow strongly from those left by his father. He may be inexperienced now but others will soon be in that same situation. The rulers of Egypt, the Palestinian Authority, Saudi Arabia and Syria are all longstanding political figures with well publicised health problems. The vibrant nature of Israel's democracy means that political turnover in that state is always a possibility. Within a decade, King Abdullah may well be the most seasoned leader in the region.

The lengthy Israeli election campaign, and inevitable complexity in forming a coalition Cabinet thereafter, offers the King an opportunity to concentrate on domestic questions before then being obliged fully to

shape his foreign policy. Those matters at home are significant in themselves. They include the management of Jordan's move towards a limited form of democracy, an overdue crackdown on official corruption, and action to remedy a lethargic economy with substantial unemployment. This last aspect is of particular urgency. Average per capita income in Jordan is barely one-fifth that of neighbouring Israel.

King Hussein knew that Jordan needed peace with, and extensive financial ties to, Israel if his country were ever to achieve prosperity. He pursued those links for that reason despite their domestic unpopularity. The cool response among many Jordanians to the presence of Binyamin Netanyahu in Amman today is a visible reminder that some will surely seek to exploit such emotions. An effective peace process alone can render co-operation between Israel and Jordan politically plausible. Much will depend on two factors the King cannot control: whether Yassir Arafat declares a Palestinian state in May and the precise outcome of the Israeli ballot for Prime Minister Knesset shortly after.

These events, though, might not prove the most troubling aspect of King Abdullah's inheritance. The machinations of Syria, although serious, could also prove containable. The succession struggle in Damascus once President Assad dies, between his son Bashar and others in the Alawi sect, may make recent feuds among the Hashemites appear ordered. The real danger could rest with a man who will definitely not be attending King Hussein's funeral. While Saddam Hussein still runs Iraq, Jordan will be caught between the United States and popular sentiment among much of its own population. King Abdullah must hope that the next new and inexperienced man in Middle East politics comes to power in Baghdad.

## TO THE AID OF THE PARTY

The first Conservative policy paper is not encouraging

After so many months of silence, the first Conservative document to outline fresh approaches in a specific area of policy is welcome. The more pity, then, that the public thoughts of Gary Streeter, the Tory spokesman on international development, suggest that he has as much to learn about his subject as Clare Short. "Conservatives," he rather defensively begins, "have something new to say about International Development." But what is best in these proposals is not really new; and most of what is new is half-baked.

That is true even of the paper's most radical idea. It argues that "there may now be a *prima facie* case" for closing down the European Union's aid programme. This needs to be said out loud. For years, British ministers and their officials have been groaning in private that EU aid spending, a byword for waste, fraud and political manipulation, is a shocking waste of money. In public they have called for reform, but never asked Mr Streeter's question: "Why does the EU need an aid programme?" The EU, governments are agreed, should not do things that national governments can do better; and this is a clear case where it does them much worse.

But how would the Tories set about slaying this white elephant? Mr Streeter does not say. He seems to hope that Britain can get together with other governments, not to abolish EU aid spending but to trim it. Baroness Chalker of Wallasey, the most effective aid minister this country has had, could have told Mr Streeter that he is whistling in the wind, if only because France is protective of a programme that serves its goals in Francophone Africa.

Fresh thinking is not much use without thorough homework, which in this case would have to explore the legal scope for a British taxpayer revolt. And on UN development programmes, most of which

are so ill-run and ineffective as to be actually counter-productive, there is not a word. They too are a drain on British aid funds; in most cases, it would be a blow for UN reform to turn off the tap.

What of the Department for International Development (DFID) itself? The paper misses its chance to lay out a Tory strategy for encouraging wealth creation through liberating individual effort. That would do far more for the poor than Ms Short's unrealistic and misplaced crusade to "eliminate" absolute poverty. It is right to argue that the promotion of better government should be "the key objective" of aid. Nothing has shrunk the constituency in this country for helping poorer countries more than the sense that it enriches crooked politicians and bureaucrats.

Yet here again, Mr Streeter proves a shrinking violet, worthily wondering how to lay down conditions "without harming the poor". On debt relief, he seems not to realise that he is in the realm of truism when he says that the criterion should be a government's determination to reform, rather than the record of past performance.

Instead of delivering aid directly, the paper says that the DFID should become an "enabling authority". It makes sense for the DFID to encourage competitive bidding for contracts by the private sector, as well as voluntary agencies. But this should be done when, and because, it would offer poor countries better value for money. The purpose should not in the paper's touch-feely language, be "empowering" and agencies. Nor is it certain that the result will be "better co-operation and less duplication"; aid agencies are as notorious for squabbling over shares of development pie as any UN body. International aid is a natural candidate for true radicalism. This limp effort should have been shredded by William Hague before it saw daylight.

## ERODING THE BEDROCK

The threat to suburbia should be taken seriously

Britain's net curtains are twitching. Urban decay, usually associated with the inner cities, is spreading into parts of suburbia. According to a report for the Civic Trust, the tree-lined avenues, synonymous with family life, face the danger of decline. Ministers should heed this warning. These communities, in which 60 per cent of the population live, cannot be allowed to implode. Such a fate would again exacerbate the need for new houses. Instead, a more imaginative approach is required, to attract people into suburbia and lessen the constant pressure to build in the country.

The many attractions of suburban life have been battered by the winds of social change. Suburbs are, by their very nature, dependent on other urban areas. The need to commute and the rapid growth in car ownership has lessened social contact and demolished Burke's "little platoons". Rather than shop in a high street, people are often lured into retail parks or out-of-town superstores. For young people, sedate suburbia, with its rows of identical houses and apparent culture of conformity, may appear to be no match for a pulsating city. Worse, the dependence of many suburban areas on one local employer has made them just as vulnerable as mining communities to economic forces. Yet, until now, their plight has rarely been acknowledged.

There is nothing inevitable about the erosion of the suburbs, nor would such an event be remotely desirable. These remain the communities in which most parents seek to raise their children. They are, as even George Orwell, an occasional critic, once aptly noted, Britain's secret bedrock.

Suburbia's fate cannot be disentangled from, indeed depends upon, the wider debate over housebuilding. The Government contends, on dubious grounds, that 4.4 million homes are needed by 2016 to accommodate the increase in single people, divorcees and elderly people. As an area the size of Newcastle upon Tyne needs to be built upon to meet the demands of the South East alone, the green belt is being loosened. An extra 10,000 acres of such land have been incorporated into development plans since the general election.

John Prescott, facing accusations that he is overseeing the destruction of the countryside, has ruled that 60 per cent of new homes should be built on "brownfield" urban sites. Suburbia's contribution must not be overlooked. Ministers should consider the report's innovative schemes to resuscitate suburban spirit and deter an exodus from Britain's Arcadia Avenues. A suburban renaissance might offer novel means of tackling the need for new homes, and keep the net curtains twitching.

## Cost of improving railway efficiency

From the Chief Executive of Railtrack

Sir, Your editorial, "Morton's fork" (February 4), is a mixture of the very right and the very wrong.

We entirely agree that the incentive framework set up in 1993, when there was no growth on the railway, is inappropriate for today's problems. It has delivered unprecedented growth in passenger and freight, increased investment in infrastructure and rolling stock and a reduction in government subsidy. It has not delivered improvement in train performance.

Part of this is a function of the growth. Congestion models show that a 1 per cent increase in passenger train miles results in a 2.5 per cent increase in delays. Another cause is the incentive framework where some parts of the railway industry, as you point out, are incentivised more for growth than performance and other parts, including Railtrack, have insufficient incentive for enhancement investment.

I really cannot accept that the blame for all this should fall on Railtrack. We have reduced our delays by over 40 per cent in the last three years — we are now responsible for 45 per cent of all delays, compared with 65 per cent three years ago. This is a bigger increase in productivity than achieved in any other privatised utility. In terms of delays attributed to us we are running 4 per cent better this year than last year, in spite of a 7 per cent increase in passenger train miles.

Far from "barely starting" our investment programme, we have doubled our investment in the infrastructure to £1.45 billion this year — approximately four times our annual profit and around ten times the rate of depreciation. No other company in the FTSE 100 is investing so much in relation to its profits. We have a negative cashflow this year of over £500 million due to this programme. Moreover, by the end of next year we will have invested over £1 billion more in renewals than the Rail Regulator required us to invest when we set our access charges in 1994 — and he is proposing to allow no return on this investment.

The challenge of improving performance and maintaining the growth momentum without any changes to the incentive regimes is awesome. That is why, since the November summit, we and the train operators have adopted a more collaborative approach. You will hear of more progress on this at the February 25 summit with the Deputy Prime Minister. The regulator, in his December 9 corporate finance determination, has challenged us to take more risk, making even more investment and raising the required finance. This is fundamental to getting the Government's Transport White Paper implemented. In our network management statement, to be published in March, you will see us responding to this challenge. Already last week we committed to a £165 million investment at Leeds and are letting contracts, without a guaranteed customer for the extra capacity.

This is the way forward. We are grasping the nettle.

Yours sincerely,  
GERALD CORBETT,

Chief Executive, Railtrack plc,

Railtrack House,  
Euston Square, NW1 2EE.  
February 4.

From Mr John Stittle

Sir, Your front-page report today, headed "Trains getting later and later", is even more alarming when the nation's finances are considered. Since privatisation, not only are the UK's train services more unreliable but they are also costing the taxpayer dearly.

Massive state subsidies now support the so-called privatised passenger train operators. Until last year financial aid from the public purse was nearly double the subsidies received by the former state-owned British Rail. The passenger now receives a worse service at greater cost.

As you report, John Prescott, Deputy Prime Minister, is contractually unable to alter the 25 passenger franchises. However, he could legislate to impose far more onerous financial penalties on train operators whose punctuality and reliability targets fail to meet high standards.

Likewise, the track and signals owner, Railtrack, should have its own investment programme subject to far greater scrutiny. For too long it has provided for investment in its financial statements but has failed to spend the cash.

The regulator must insist that the level of Railtrack's track access fees (payable by train operators) is related far more closely to standards of investment and operating performance. At present, penalties for failure are often a minor irritation. They must hurt the company.

Yours faithfully,  
JOHN STITTLE  
(Senior Lecturer,  
Accountancy and Finance),  
Anglia Business School,  
Anglia University,  
Chelmsford, Essex CM1 3LL.  
j.r.stittle@anglia.ac.uk  
February 4.

Sport letters, page 33

Letters may be faxed to 0171-782 5046.  
e-mail to: letters@the-times.co.uk

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone 0171-782 5000

### Teachers' performance and pay

From Mr David Gladstone

Sir, With the greatest respect I can have I must say that your leading article today, "Professional pay", is misguided.

Every serious study to date has come to the same conclusion: performance-related pay (PRP) does not work, even in the private sector. However the system is structured, it always means rewarding the few at the perceived expense of the many, and such benefits as may result (which are anyway impossible to measure) from the enhanced motivation of the successful are more than offset by the demotivation of everyone else.

It is all too typical of the Treasury to have seized on an unproven business theory imported from America and turned it into a dogma. It has long been trying to impose PRP on reluctant public services, undeterred by the absence of any proof of its efficacy, fairness or overall cost-effectiveness.

There are two fundamental objections to PRP in the public sector, over and above those in the private. First, public servants are not principally motivated by money. Secondly, there is no reliable way of quantifying a public servant's output.

Your statement that it will cost "up to £1 billion" to implement the scheme only underlines this latter point. Not only will already overstressed head teachers have to waste hours working out ostensibly objective reasons for paying some of their staff more than others, but we are now to create an army of bureaucrats looking over their shoulders and wasting more of everyone's time and money.

If a billion pounds really are suddenly available, it would be far more effective to distribute the money to the schools, to spend as they and the governors see fit.

Yours faithfully,  
DAVID GLADSTONE,  
1 Mountfort Terrace, N1 1JJ.  
February 2.

### Healthcare rationing

From the Chief Executive of the Christie Hospital NHS Trust

Sir, Your leading article of January 22, "The potent taxpayer", properly draws attention to the long overdue need for a wider debate on healthcare rationing and the NHS. However, you understate the extent to which rationing currently takes place.

In addition to the "postcode prescribing" limitations you refer to, many entire services are fast disappearing from the NHS. Examples would include adult dentistry, assisted conception, much middle-class minor trauma and its resulting physiotherapy.

This has not shaken the NHS to its foundations but is simply a con-

### Scattered relics of Saint Valentine

From the Very Reverend Paul Chavasse

Sir, Your report on St Valentine's relics (February 3) overlooks the fact that England, too, has the bones of a St Valentine. These can be found in the Oratory Church in Edgbaston.

They were a gift from Pope Pius IX to the then Father John Henry Newman, on the occasion of his return to England in 1848. The Pope told Newman to celebrate this Valentine's feast on his, Newman's, birthday — February 21; a custom we maintain.

Yours sincerely,  
PAUL CHAVASSE  
(Provost), The Oratory,  
Hagley Road, Edgbaston B16 8UE.  
February 3.

From Mrs Regine Tatham

Sir, Glasgow and Dublin may not be the only cities to claim the remains of St Valentine. It would seem that Winchester may also have had a much earlier repository for some of these, acquired by no less a person than Queen Emma, wife of Ethelred the Unready and subsequently of King Cnut.

The Anglo-Saxon Chronicle states in 1042: "King Harthacanute passed away at Lambeth on 8 June... and he is buried in the Old Minster in Winchester with King Cnut, his father." In a footnote, it adds that "for his soul's sake, his mother gave him New Minster the head of St Valentine the martyr".

Unfortunately there is no record of what happened subsequently to this venerable object. It may have been swept away by Whithorn. Henry VIII's commissioner, when in 1538, after despoiling the cathedral and priory of its treasures, his men came back the next day to disperse the remaining bones of the saints, "lest it be thought they came for the gold and silver alone".

Yours sincerely,  
REGINE TATHAM,  
6 St James Terrace, Winchester,  
Hampshire SO22 4PP.  
February 4.

### Celtic literature

From Mr Matthew J. Pearson

Sir, I was surprised to read in Anne Rooney's review of *The Cambridge History of Medieval English Literature* (Books, February 4) that "the inclusion of Welsh and Irish vernacular writing is more politically correct than relevant". I disagree with such a sentiment: the appearance in the Cambridge study of Celtic vernacular literature is not a sign of political correctness but more an indication of academic maturity. Many of the religious issues and concerns identified in Welsh and Irish writings echo the feelings enshrined in, for instance, English devotional tracts.

Moreover, the Celtic world contributed to the development and transmission of Arthurian Romances, a theme of tremendous significance to medieval English literature. In short, the Celtic material provides valuable comparative insights which can only enrich the understanding of the literature of this period.

Within the past decade it has become the norm in general studies of medieval history and literature to analyse the British Isles as a whole, and it is a pity Anne Rooney disagrees with this trend.

Yours faithfully,  
MATTHEW J. PEARSON,  
School of History and Welsh History,  
University of Wales,  
Bangor, Gwynedd LL57 2DG.  
February 4.

### Golden years

From Mr Vivian Vale

Sir, I like to think of middle age (letters, January 5, 12, 19, 26 and 28; February 1) as that precious interval after one's doctor has ceased to assure one that you'll grow out of it, but not yet begin to pronounce "you'll learn to live with it".

Yours faithfully,  
VIVIAN VALE,  
Middle House, 22 Long Street,  
Cerne Abbas, Dorset DT2 7JF.  
February 5.

From Mr D. S. Norton

Sir, Middle age occurs when you stop complaining about how much money you have to put into your pension scheme, and start asking how much more you could put in.

Yours faithfully,  
DAVID NORTON,  
The Granary, Tickenham Court,  
Tickenham, Bristol BS21 6SX.

From Mr M. T. W. Tod

Sir, I can assure Mr A. W. Tod (letter, February 1) that one well-known symptom of the onset of old age is writing specifically to the bottom right-hand corner of *The Times* letters page — and if he retaliates on the basis that this letter fulfils the criterion, I'll restrict lavatory breaks on our longer journeys together.

Yours faithfully,  
MICHAEL TOD,  
Brookside, Padmoor Lane,  
Upton, Lincolnshire DN21 5NH.  
mike@ath.co.uk  
February 1.

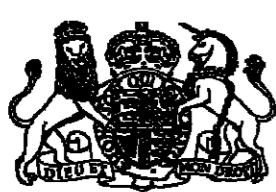
### Airport at Aldeburgh

From Mr Richard Buxton

Sir, Yann Borgstedt's letter on behalf of Anglia International Airport (January 26) suggests a benign airfield with only

JAN 150

KING



## COURT CIRCULAR

**BUCKINGHAM PALACE** February 6: The Princess Royal, President, The Princess Royal Trust for Carers, this afternoon attended the press launch of The Great Scottish Walk at the Palace of Holyroodhouse, Edinburgh.

Her Royal Highness, Patron, Scottish Rugby Union, accompanied by Commodore Timothy Laurence Royal Navy, afterwards attended the Scotland v Wales International match at Murray-

field Stadium, Edinburgh.

**SANDRINGHAM HOUSE** February 7: Divine Service was held in West Newton Parish Church this morning. The Reverend Canon George Hall preached the Sermon.

Mrs Graham Harrod was received by The Queen and was presented with the Bar to the Royal Victorian Medal (Silver) awarded to her late husband, Mr Graham Harrod.

## Birthdays today

Mr David Branton, senior partner, Nabarro Nathanson, 57; Professor Averil Cameron, FBA, Warde-Kelleher College, Oxford, 59; Miss Rachel Cusk, author, 32; Sir David Ellison, former civil servant, 69; Mr Osian Ellis, harpist, 71; Marshal of the RAF Sir John Grandison, 80; General Sir Ian Lomax-Hill, 84; Lady Howe of Aberavon, chairman, Broadcasting Standards Commission, 67; Lord Jakobovits, 78; Mrs Diana Ladas, former Headmistress, Heathfield School, 86; Professor Ann Lambton, FBA, Emeritus Professor of Persian, London University, 87; Mr Murray Lawrence, former chairman, Lloyd's, 64; Mr Jack Lovell, former MP for Roger Lloyd Park, author, 85; Miss Muriel Macdonald, former company secretary, Post Office, 52; Sir Francis McWilliams, former Lord Mayor of London, 73; Sir Kenneth Maddocks, former Governor, Fiji, 92; Dame Elisabeth Murdoch, 90; Dr June Paterson-Brown, Lord-Lieutenant of Roxburgh, 86; Lord Errick and Lauderdale, 67; Lord Rayne, 81; Dame Louise Salter, Unwin, 71; Sir Richard Southern, FSA, former President, St John's College, Oxford, 87; Mr G.J. Stronger, former managing director, Thorn Electrical Industries, 83; the Rev Dr John Tudor, former superintendent minister, Westminster Central Hall, 69; Mr John T. Williams, composer of film scores, 67.

## Today's royal engagement

The Princess Royal, patron, the Basic Skills Agency, attend the British Council International reception at The Strand Palace Hotel, London WC2 at 6.30.

## Dinners

Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators

Mrs Diana Kingdon, President of the Women's Society of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, presided at a dinner held on Saturday at Dartmouth House. Baroness Uddin and Miss Angela Squires, president of the institute, were the guest speakers.

The English-Speaking Union

The English-Speaking Union held a dinner at Guildhall on Saturday to celebrate the final of the 11th World Schools Debating Championships, chaired by Cherie Booth, QC, Baroness Brigstocke, chairwoman of the union, and Mrs Valerie Mitchell, director-general, received the guests.

## Elections

**British Council**

Mr Keith Vaz, MP, Ms Fiona Jenkins and Mr Gerard Lernos have been elected to the Board of the British Council.

## Nature notes



The long-tailed tit that pass for singing among them

IN THE north wind robins find a perch that protects their backs and face south to let the low sun warm their breasts. By contrast, black-headed gulls out on a field or sitting on goals face the wind so that it does not ruffle their feathers.

Many winter visitors are still in Britain, including redwings. These small thrushes with a white eye-stripe and a red flash under their wing have started coming into gardens in the frost and snow.

Long-tailed tits, which are among the earliest nesters, are already prospecting for sites in hedges and gorse bushes: they are often very tame when they are doing this. More hedge sparrows are singing their thin, piping songs, and house sparrows are producing the long strings of chirps

## University news

Royal Holloway, University of London

This year, Royal Holloway, University of London is celebrating the 150th Anniversary of the Founding of Bedford College, one of its constituent parent Colleges and the first higher education institution for women. The Sesquicentenary Celebrations begin on Wednesday, February 17, with the public Fawcett Lecture '150 Years of Enlightenment' by Baroness Warnock, at Senate House, Malet Street, WC1. Other events include public lectures, departmental reunions, a conference, 'Women & Brainpower', the official opening of the Bedford Centre for the History of Women and the award of Honorary Fellowships and the award of Degrees to women of distinction.

Collegiate Programmes for Alumni Staff and Friends of Bedford College are available from Maria Baker, External Relations, RHBNC, Egham, Surrey TW20 0EX (tel: 01784 443004).

**Darwin College**

The following elections have been made at Darwin College, Cambridge:

Finlay Research Fellowship in Ancient History: Barbara Kowalski, MA, MS.

Munby Visiting Fellowship in Bibliography for the academic year 1999-2000: Ian Anders Gadd, MA, MS.

**Sir John Cass's Foundation**

The Lord Mayor and Lady Mayor, accompanied by Mr Alderman and Sheriff Gavyn Arthur, attended the annual Sir John Cass's Foundation Founder's Day commemoration service held on February 5 at the Church of St Botolph-without-Aldegate to mark the 338th Anniversary of the birth of the founder, Sir John Cass. The Rev Lee officiated.

Mr M. Vern, CBE, Treasurer, Professor R. Floud, Provost of London Guildhall University, the Rev C. Chesser, Rector of St Dunstan and All Saints' Stepney, and Mr P. Nove, QPM, Commissioner of the City of London Police, processed from the Foundation's offices to the church.

A reception was held afterwards in Sir John Cass's Foundation Primary School, Aldgate, when guests pledged the memory of the Founder.

**Brighton College**

Term started at Brighton College on January 4 and on Thursday, February 11, Ms Virginia Bottino, Mrs MP, will deliver the Justice lecture entitled 'Careers for Women in the Next Century' to mark 25 years of co-teaching at the College.

Alumni and friends of Brighton College are welcome at 8pm. Other speakers at the College this term include Lord Hurd of Westwell, CH, Ms Virginia McKenna, Lord Baker of Dorking, CH, Sir Hermann Bondi, FRS, Baron Chalker of Wallasey, Professor Andrew Motion, Sir Roy Strong, Professor Jon Stallworthy, FBA, Dr Garret Fitzgerald and Mr Jimmy Hill, who recently re-launched football as a major sport at the College.

Miss Ann Widdecombe, MP, will be Guest of Honour on Speech Day on Saturday, July 3. Commemoration and Graduation will be on Sunday, July 4.

Mr D.J. Mowbray (Leicester).

The Rev Graham Herbert, Chaplain, Monckton Combe School, Bath (Bath & Wells), to be Assistant Curate, Claygate Holy Trinity (Guildford).

The Rev Alan Murray, Curate, Mortmory St Saviour, High Green (Sheffield), to be Priest-in-Charge, Doncaster St James.

The Rev David Peck, Curate, Weybridge (Guildford), to be Chaplain to the Bishop of Guildford.

The Rev Colin Hudspith, Curate, Barnstaple (Exeter), to be Vicar, Shirwell (same diocese).

The Rev Neil Kelley, Assistant Curate, Kirby St Chad (Liverpool), in the Incumbency, Great Crosby St. Paul w Waterloof St Mary (same diocese).

Canon Brian Robinson, Priest-in-Charge, Widnes St Mary, and Area Dean of Widnes (Liverpool), to be also Priest-in-Charge, Widnes St Paul (same diocese).



John Lawson, the printer who paid the penalty for libelling Sir John Conroy, right



## Jailing of printer recalled

By JOHN VINCENT

A SILVER snuff box presented to the printer of *The Times*, on his release from prison after serving a one-month sentence for publishing a libellous article, has surfaced at auction after 160 years.

The unfortunate printer, John Joseph Lawson, was jailed on January 30, 1839, in the second year of Queen Victoria's reign, over an article casting aspersions on the custody of an estate in Wales by Sir John Conroy. Lawson

was the printer of *The Times*, responsible not only for the technical staff and equipment but also for the content of the paper.

According to a contemporary rule of court, he was convicted by a jury of "a certain misdemeanour in printing and publishing certain scandalous libels".

He was ordered to pay of £100 to "our Lady the Queen of £200 of lawful money of Great Britain and that he be imprisoned in the custody of the Marshall of the Marshalsea

of this court for the term of one calendar month now next ensuing..."

The presentation silver snuff box, hallmarked 1838, bears the inscription "To J. Lawson Esq on the day of his liberation from the Queen's bench prison, from a very sincere friend, 26th February 1839."

The snuff box is being sold on February 10 by Sotheby's in Billingshurst, West Sussex, by a woman who inherited it from a barrister. It is expected to fetch up to £650.

## Church news

The Rev Dr Charles John Wykeham Healey, Team Vicar of Gleaves in the Shefford Diocese, has been appointed Rector of St James's, Piccadilly.

Other appointments include: The Rev Karen Gorham, Assistant Curate, Northallerton w Kirby Sigston York, to be Priest-in-Charge, Malinstone St Paul (Cantbury).

Canon Philip Groves, CMS Missionary, to be Team Vicar, Melton Mowbray (Leicester).

The Rev Graham Herbert, Chaplain, Monckton Combe School, Bath (Bath & Wells), to be Assistant Curate, Claygate Holy Trinity (Guildford).

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## Anniversaries

**BIRTHS**: Robert Burton, scholar, Llindley, Leicestershire, 1577; John Ruskin, writer, artist and social reformer, London, 1819; William Sherman, Union general in American Civil War, Lancaster, Ohio, 1820; Jules Verne, novelist, Nantes, 1828; Dimitri Mendeleev, chemist, Tobolsk, Russia, 1834; Martin Buber, philosopher, Vienna, 1878; Dame Edith Evans, actress, London, 1888; King Victor, film director, Galveston, Texas, 1894; James Dean, actor, Marion, Indiana, 1931.

**DEATHS**: Mary Queen of Scots, executed at Fotheringay Castle, Northamptonshire, 1587; Peter the Great, Tsar of Russia 1682-1725, St Petersburg, 1725; R.M. Ballantyne, novelist, Rome, 1894; Prince Peter Kropotkin, geographer and anarchist, Dmitrov, Russia, 1921; William Bateson, biologist and geneticist, Merton, Surrey, 1926; Sir Giles Gilbert Scott, architect, London, 1960.

Mr R.W. Kennedy and Miss M. Carly

The engagement is announced between Stephen, son of Mr and Mrs G. Millard, of Standale, Oxfordshire, and Mairi, daughter of Mr and Mrs Brian Kermode, of Standale, Oxfordshire, and Harriet, daughter of the Right Rev and Mrs Henry Richmond, of Oxford.

Mr J.M. Hogg and Miss K. Best

The engagement is announced between Jonathan, elder son of Major General and Mrs Michael Hogge, of Brockham, Surrey, and Kathryn, younger daughter of Mr and Mrs Charles Best, of Windsor, Berkshire.

Mr D.A. Holdcroft and Miss N.E.A. Forsyth

The engagement is announced between Darren Andrew, only son of Mr and Mrs T.G. Holdcroft, of Bearstone Mill, Market Drayton, Shropshire, and Nicola Elizabeth Asme, only daughter of Mr and Mrs J.A. Forsyth, of Sheraton House, Irelands Cross, Wrexham, Cheshire.

Mr R.W. Kennedy and Miss V.A. Farrell

The engagement is announced between Stephen, son of Mr and Mrs Brian Kermode, of Standale, Oxfordshire, and Mairi, daughter of Mr and Mrs Margaret Mary Carter, of the late Mr John Carter, of West London.

Mr S. Milligan and Miss A. Williams

The engagement is announced between Stephen, son of Mr and Mrs G. Milligan, of London, Northern Ireland, and Vickie, eldest daughter of Mr and Mrs M. Farrell, of Wootton Wawen, Warwickshire.

A peaceful demonstration of the unemployed in Trafalgar Square, London, ended in rioting and looting, 1886.

The bride was attended by her children Natasha and Benjamin and by Mrs Isobel Arbliss. Mr Paul Slater was best man.

The honeymoon is being spent in South Africa.

Mr R. D. Holdcroft and Dr A. Falcons

The engagement is announced between Paul, elder son of the late Mr Michael O'Connell and Mrs O'Connell, of Claygate, Surrey, and Alison, elder daughter of Mr and Mrs Noel Falconer, of Stockport.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, was attended by Miss Diane Dunn and Lindsey Jones. Mr Lee Jiggins was best man. A reception was held at the Monroe Private Club, Sidcup, and the honeymoon is spent in Cuba.

Mr C.D. Milling and Mrs E.M. Elliott

The marriage took place on Wednesday, February 3, 1999, between Mr Christopher Milling and Mrs Elizabeth (Libby) Elliott.

Mr J.M.A. Wilford and Ms S.A. Roth

The marriage took place yesterday, Sunday, February 7, 1999, at Cliveden, of Mr John Wilford, youngest son of Mrs Audrey Wilford, of Stafford, to Ms Aviva Roth, daughter of Mr and Mrs Joseph Roth, of London.

The bride was attended by her children Natasha and Benjamin and by Mrs Isobel Arbliss. Mr Paul Slater was best man.

The honeymoon is being spent in South Africa.

Mr P.M. O'Connell and Dr A. Falcons

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# KING HUSSEIN OF JORDAN

King Hussein of Jordan died in Amman of cancer yesterday aged 63. He was born on November 14, 1935, and succeeded his father as King on August 11, 1952.

**H**ussein bin Talal, the third ruler of the Hashemite kingdom of Jordan, could claim to be the longest-ruling monarch of his time and one of the most skilful politicians of the second half of the 20th century. He controlled the fortunes of his country for well over half its history, turning what was an artificial creation with few resources, little cohesion and an uncertain future into a modern, orderly and stable state.

During his time on the throne of Jordan, his tiny but strategically placed country often seemed to face extinction. Predatory neighbours, Middle East conflicts, Arab nationalism and civil war all threatened to destroy the country and the Hashemite monarchy. But each time Hussein held on and prevailed. By the time of his death, most Jordanians had known no other ruler. He gave his country an identity and a patriotic substance that made it, improbably, an oasis of moderation in a harsh desert of hatred. Most Jordanians knew that they were better ruled than almost all the Arabs around them.

King Hussein's international importance went far beyond his small, dusty country. Over four decades Jordan became the pivot on which depended, at various times, Israel's security, Iraq's economy, a Western role in the Middle East and the future of Arab nationalism and Islamic fundamentalism.

For this reason, Hussein stood at the centre of all Middle Eastern politics. He was a frequent visitor to the White House and to Downing Street, a familiar figure at international gatherings and the funerals of world statesmen, a man whose unrivalled experience of politics gave him an authority and standing in direct contrast to his legal physical stature.

By the 1990s he had also become a popular and respected figure in his own country. Millions lined the streets to welcome him home in 1992 after his first brush with cancer; even more turned out, with spontaneous displays of affection, when he returned again last month after six months at the Mayo Clinic in Minnesota to quell what he saw as dangerous dynastic squabbling.

He had, since then, been compelled to go back to America for treatment, finally returning to Jordan when it was clear that there was no further remedy.

But his popularity was far from assured at the start of his reign when, as a boy King, he prematurely succeeded his father, Talal, who had been forced to abdicate on health grounds. His survival, and that of his kingdom, owed as much to his personal qualities as it did to Western military support in times of need or the new international legal system established with the United Nations. Above all, it was King Hussein's courage, intuition and political acumen in sensing which way the wind blew that saved him. In the Western world, he was the humane face of Arab tradition. By contrast, most Arabs suspected his loyalty, on account of his secret dealings with Israel and close relations with the West, particularly Britain and the United States. But by the end even his opponents admired his tenacity and his record of magnanimity. No ruler would have lasted so long in one of the world's most turbulent regions without his cunning; but few would have dared to spare the lives of the many ringleaders who plotted his assassination, murdered his advisers and tried to usurp his authority.

A "tightrope walker" was a description often applied to him. He was bullied by bigger neighbours, seemed always vulnerable, and was nearly always the underdog. In his early years, in the turbulent anti-Western atmosphere whipped up by Nasser and other Arab nationalists after Suez, he was the target of more than half a dozen assassination attempts — either by Syrian jet fighters trying to shoot down his plane or by plotters within the palace substituting acid for eyewrops or poison for toothpaste.

Had he succeeded, Jordan would almost certainly have been thrown into the pit of blood-letting that swallowed republican Iraq, Syria and Egypt. His radical critics

might also have given a pretext to hardliners in Israel to seize a large part of the East Bank of the Jordan River, to expel the bulk of the Palestinians from the West Bank across the river, and to declare that Jordan was now Palestine and that the problem was solved.

Hussein bin Talal was born in November 1935, at a time when the newly created state of Jordan subsisted on a £12 million grant from Britain. His father, Crown Prince Talal, and his mother, Princess Zain, lived in a modest house with a single bathroom in Amman. Money was scarce — so much so that at one time Hussein was ordered to sell a bicycle that his cousin, the young King Faisal II of Iraq, had given him during a visit to Baghdad.

A more serious worry for the family was the growing moodiness and violence of his father, though only later were the symptoms recognised as those of schizophrenia. The King, Abdullah, misunderstood his son's problems and directed his affections towards his grandson. From an early age, the boy would be taken to Abdullah's presence to spend hours listening to reports and deliberations with advisers. For his primary and secondary education he was sent to a number of schools, including one in Alexandria, Egypt.

In 1948 Britain withdrew its forces from Palestine on the expiry of its League of Nations mandate, the Jews declared an independent state of their own, the Arabs around them invaded and were defeated, and King Abdullah annexed the West Bank and Arab-dominated East Jerusalem to Jordan. Passions ran high and, on Friday, July 20, 1951, Hussein saw his grandfather fall to a Palestinian assassin's bullet as they entered the Al Aqsa mosque on Temple Mount. It was for him, as he later wrote in his vivid autobiography *Uneasy Lies the Head*, a rite of passage. He learnt in that moment of grief and panic that there were enemies around him. He grew up quickly.

The crown passed to Abdullah's deteriorating son, and Hussein was sent to Britain, to be educated at Harrow, where King Faisal was already a pupil. There, by all accounts, he enjoyed being treated as a normal young man and displayed considerable spirit at rugby. But the respite was not to last. Back in Amman, his father's irrationality deepened, to the extent that Queen Zain and her younger children feared for their lives and refused to return from Europe. On August 11, 1952, the two Houses of Parliament in Amman dismissed Talal and declared the 16-year-old Hussein his successor.

Hussein returned to Jordan immediately and toured the country to show himself to the army and clan chiefs. Then he returned to Britain for a few months at the Royal Military College, Sandhurst to learn the rudiments of soldiering while he awaited his formal inauguration as King.

The future looked grim for the remaining monarchies of the Middle East. In Iran, the popular movement to nationalise the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company had reduced the Shah to a titular role, while in Egypt a group of army officers had toppled King Farouk and planned to end ties with Britain. In Jordan itself, the ruling family lacked legitimacy in the eyes of most subjects, especially Palestinian refugees, who then formed a majority. The first King, Abdullah, was the son of the former Sharif of Mecca, driven out after Ibn Saud's conquest of the peninsula and installed by Britain as the ruler of the new state largely drawn up by Churchill to safeguard British interests in the area. Above all, the uprooting of large numbers of Arabs from Palestine and the widespread Arab sense of shame raised passions against all those who were seen as collaborators with outsiders — especially with Britain, the former mandate power.

The young King realised that his position was precarious. He moved swiftly to appoint a liberal Prime Minister and to hold relatively free elections, only to dismiss both when his critics won the majority of parliamentary seats and organised demonstrations against him. He dismissed Lieutenant-General Sir John Bagot Glubb, "Glubb Pasha",



as commander of the army, the Arab Legion, and negotiated subsidies from his enemies, such as Egypt, Syria and Saudi Arabia, to replace the grant from Britain (though only the Saudis delivered their share). He declared his readiness to attack Israel after the Israeli invasion of the Sinai peninsula in the Suez crisis of 1956, but was dissuaded at the last minute by advisers who pointed out that the Anglo-Jordanian Treaty, which was still in place, would not protect him from Israeli retaliation.

Nevertheless, his critics were not satisfied. Cairo radio, which was popular in Jordan, regularly denounced him as "the Hashemite whore" and "the treacherous dwarf" for refusing to subsume his country in the new United Arab Republic of Egypt and Syria. At home, he had to be on guard constantly against plotters in the army and assassins in the palace. Soldiers made a regular habit of burning the Jordanian flag.

To opponents of the Hashemites, the Royal Family appeared always to put its own dynastic interests before the greater Arab cause. Hussein's defence — that Israel could not be defeated militarily — although true, was seen as pretence. Some members of the family infuriated the King himself in their rush to gather wealth. Hussein on more than one occasion admonished the most disfitted, his powerful maternal uncle, Nasser bin Jamil, for his shady business dealings and lucrative monopolies.

The decade after the Suez crisis was one of survival and consolidation for Hussein. He struck back at the President of the United Arab Republic, Gamal Abdel Nasser, for "hiding behind UN armistice lines while criticising smaller states for not attacking Israel", and he survived the murder of his cousin, King Faisal II, in Iraq's military coup of July 1958, when Britain rushed troops to Jordan to bolster its morale. Before the coup, Hussein had united his country with Iraq to counter the fedayeen, handed

over power to the army, and tanks entered Amman on September 17, beginning the devastating civil war known afterwards as "Black September". The largely Beduin army was brutal in pursuit of the guerrillas; the Palestinian civil population was cowed and afraid. At the height of the fighting, Syria sent tanks across the border. But the Jordan forces fought back fiercely, and the Syrians turned back. "We earned them a bloody nose," Hussein later said.

The conflict nevertheless caused consternation among Arab nationalists throughout the Middle East. Jordan was ostracised, and its monarch became a figure of hatred. The PLO was driven out of Jordan, but its terrorist operations were given a new boost. King Hussein moved swiftly to try to repair the damage, but relations inside the kingdom were tense, and the security services were given a free hand. They did not prevent the assassination of Wasfi al-Tal, the Jordanian Prime Minister and a close friend of the King, in 1971 in Cairo. But a spate of counter-assassinations, many by Israeli Intelligence, also weakened the PLO, which abandoned the strategy of raids across the Israeli border.

Concentrating on his own country's security, Hussein was in no position — or mood — to join the wider struggle against Israel. In October 1973, when war came with a surprise attack across the Suez Canal and in the Golan Heights, Hussein was not consulted in advance. He sent only a token brigade up to the Golan Heights; ironically it was the 40th Armoured Brigade which had fought so hard to assist the Syrian tanks.

The Yom Kippur War set the course of many later events in the region. It was fought, for the first time, without the backing of the Soviet Union — President Sadat having previously expelled all Soviet military advisers from Egypt — and it was the only war in which the Egyptian Army acquired itself reasonably well. It paved the way

for Henry Kissinger's surprise visit to Egypt, the rapid cooling of relations with Syria. President Sadat's decision to go it alone by visiting the Israeli Knesset in 1977 and the subsequent Camp David agreements of 1978.

Following the agreements, the American President, Jimmy Carter, urged King Hussein to follow suit and sign a similar bilateral peace treaty with Israel. But such was the anger in the Arab world for what it saw as betrayal by Egypt that he did not dare.

The war of 1973 had yet another consequence for Jordan. The Arab summit of October 1974 decided to recognise the PLO as the only representative of the Palestinian people. That decision hurt King Hussein personally, as well as politically. His family's legitimacy as a dynasty rested on its claim to descend from the Prophet Muhammad, and he cherished his guardianship of the holy places of Islam in East Jerusalem. Now these were being taken away from him. He protested, but accepted the decision with grace. In return, Hussein set aside his bitter feud with Arafat — though there was no love lost between them.

After that he lent his presence to high-profile occasions in an attempt to keep moving along the bumpy path of peace. For this, he won the admiration of many millions of people all over the world, especially in Israel, where even the Likud came to see him as indispensable for regional peace. His speech at the funeral of the assassinated Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin surprised the Israelis by its warmth, visionary idealism and hopes for reconciliation. His use of the word "brother" particularly touched Israeli public opinion, and arguably laid to rest many old suspicions of Arab intentions — although it evoked just as many in the Arab world. The King also visited the homes of Israeli victims of Jordanian terrorists, and in October 1998 he intervened in the Israeli-Palestinian talks at Wye Plantation in the United States, despite already appearing to be in the last stages of cancer.

King Hussein's enduring characteristics were courage, modesty and humour — the last owing something, perhaps, to his British education. Interviewers were always taken aback by his calling them "Sir". But he also had a charisma and a pride that placed him very much in the line of earlier — absolute — monarchs.

The difference was Hussein's magnanimity, which again and again set the example for a political system which, despite being a royal dictatorship, was *certainly benign*. King Hussein had a patriarchal belief that his country was like his family, and felt it his duty to educate it and lead it to political maturity. But he never doubted that he should be at its head as a King in power as well as name. He was a noted pilot, and often flew himself around the world, famously dipping his wings once in salute as he flew over Israel after concluding the peace agreement.

He died at a time when the future of Jordan looks more secure than at any other period in his long reign, though the final dramatic disappearance of his brother Hassan, Crown Prince since 1965, caused considerable alarm. Prince Abdullah, who was nominated in his place during the dramatic week when the King returned from the Mayo Clinic in January, has the all-important support of the army; and Prince Hassan appears, at least for now, to have accepted his disinheritance with equanimity.

King Hussein, with a young taste for fast living, pretty girls and daredevil, almost impish, behaviour, was married four times. The first, unhappy brief marriage to Princess Dina ended quickly in divorce. His marriage to Toni Gardiner, the daughter of a British Army officer, was a political risk, because she was an English Christian. Becoming a Muslim and taking the name Princess Muna, she brought him great happiness and four children. Their marriage ended in a surprisingly amicable divorce, and Hussein then married Alia Toukan, the daughter of a prominent Palestinian family. He loved her deeply, but the short marriage — which produced three children — ended in tragedy when she was killed in a helicopter accident. He was devastated.

His final marriage was to Lisa Halaby, the daughter of a wealthy Christian Lebanese-American chairman of Pan Am. She converted, became Queen Noor, and was a visible and prominent "modern" Queen, with some of the glamour and flair for publicity that we associate with the late Princess of Wales. She too bore him four children.

and versatile this organisation is," he said, but added that the plan had been badly executed. "These mortars are extremely dangerous and very inaccurate. It is a typical example of a cowardly attack, which could have caused death or severe injury."

A white Ford Transit van, bought in south London six months ago, was driven up to the junction of Horse Guards Avenue and Whitehall close to the Ministry of Defence. The roof of the van had been removed and a platform had been built inside for a crude mortar unit using metal piping. The roof had been put back in place, secured with tape, and the mortars were covered with sheeting.

The van was abandoned at an angle. The driver locked it and is thought to have jumped onto theillion seat of a waiting motorcycle, which sped off towards the Embankment. No parking is allowed in Whitehall and the three bombs were fired through the roof as a policeman went towards the van.

Within seconds the vehicle exploded in a ball of fire. The mortar used a short fuse and one police source last night said the IRA "had timed the attack to perfection".

One bomb went off in the communal garden behind Nos 10, 11 and 12 Downing Street, creating a bang that could be heard up to 12 miles away, and a cherry tree was blasted out of the ground about 40ft from where Mr Major was sitting ...

## LATEST WILLS

Lady Rogers, wife of Sir Frank Rogers, director of *The Daily Telegraph*, left estate valued at £1,335,707 net.

Mr Hon Dimah Bridge, of Lewes, East Sussex, left estate valued at £904,817 net. She left £1,000 to Morpeth Society Housing Association.

Sir John Stephenson, Lord Justice of Appeal 1971-85, left estate valued at £642,824 net. The Hon Lady Lyell, of St Albans, Hertfordshire, left estate valued at £4,185,825 net. She left £1,000 to the Flanstead PCC.

Noel Whittaker Harrison, of Alrewas, Burton on Trent, Staffordshire, left estate valued at £39,541,887 net.

Myrtle Violet Willis, of Bulverton, Sutton Scotney, Winchester, left estate valued at £1,664,417 net. She left £1,000 to the Winchester Hospital Scanner Appeal.

Christopher Paul Mansel Methuen-Campbell of Reynoldston, Gower, Swansea.

left estate valued at £3,248,385 net.

Mary Elizabeth Johnston, of Sway, Hampshire, left estate valued at £2,600,728 net.

Elizabeth Nancy MacNab, of Rugby, Warwickshire, left estate valued at £2,489,568.

Margaret Nicholson, of London SW1, left estate valued at £2,288,105 net.

Jakob Walter Robinson, of Sunningdale, Berkshire, left estate valued at £1,225,174.

Hector Donald Elston Macville, of Bath, Somerset, left estate valued at £1,595,846 net.

Elspeth Whitmore, of Hartfield, East Sussex, left estate valued at £1,833,533 net.

Marion Sybil Beauty, of Exmouth Devon, left estate valued at £1,427,653 net. She left £1,000 to the Friends of Lytham Hospital and St John's Church, East Beach, Lytham, and £500 to the Church of England.

Frank Peagras, of Salisbury Green, Southampton, left estate valued at £2,133,999 net.

tate valued at £1,904,723 net.

Iris Dorothea Rocksborough Smith, of Branscombe, Dorset, left estate valued at £1,423,308 net. She left £3,000 each to National Trust, British Red Cross Society and Dorset Hospice Charitable Trust.

John Arthur Smith, of Diset, Stockport, Cheshire, left estate valued at £1,560,658 net.

Peter William Oliver Ward of Handsworth Wood, Birmingham, left estate valued at £1,081,203 net.

Bertha Elizabeth Watkins of Oswestry, Shropshire, left estate valued at £1,204,508 net.

John Arthur Smith, of Diset, Stockport, Cheshire, left estate valued at £1,560,658 net.

John Penny Williams, of Port dinorwic, Gwynedd, left estate valued at £1,151,393 net.

Doris Alice Wright, of Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, left estate valued at £2,305,834 net. Esra Sami Menashi Zilouf of London N20, left estate valued at £2,133,999 net.

## CABINET ESCAPES BOMB BLAST

BY STEWART TENDER,  
CRIME CORRESPONDENT

SCOTLAND YARD was last night hunting a two-man terrorist team which bombed 10 Downing Street with mortars from a van as the war cabinet met yesterday morning. The attack was one of the most audacious ever carried out by the IRA.

One bomb exploded in the garden, breaking windows, disrupting the meeting and throwing Whitchall into panic. Two other bombs landed without exploding behind the Foreign Office.

Few people, including two policemen, were slightly injured in the incident, which brought the IRA as close to the heart of British government as the Brighton bomb in 1984. In the aftermath of the blast, ministers began an urgent examination of security in Whitehall and Westminster.

In a statement from Dublin last night claiming responsibility for the attack, the IRA said: "The operation had been planned over a number of months. Its inception predates both John Major's coming to power and the beginning of British involvement in the Gulf War. Whether the Gulf War goes on for weeks

## ON THIS DAY

February 8, 1991

*The blast from this audacious raid by the IRA shook the windows of Buckingham Palace: a crater about four feet wide appeared in the garden of No 10.*

or years, let the British Government understand that, whilst nationalist people in the six counties are forced to live under British rule, then the British cabinet will be forced to meet in bunkers.

Charles Haughey, the Irish Prime Minister, sent Mr Major a message expressing "shock and sympathy" at the outrage.

As a national police hunt began for the bombers, Commander George Churchill-Coleman, head of the Yard's anti-terrorist branch and the national co-ordinator of terrorist investigations, told a conference in London that the attack had been daring and well-planned. "It is an example of how good

and versatile this organisation is," he said, but added that the plan had been badly executed. "These mortars are extremely dangerous and very inaccurate. It is a typical example of a cowardly attack, which could have caused death or severe injury."

A white Ford Transit van, bought in south London six months ago, was driven

# THE TIMES TODAY

MONDAY FEBRUARY 8 1999

## NEWS

### Security blitz for Hussein funeral

A massive security operation is being mounted in Jordan to protect Western leaders attending the state funeral for King Hussein from possible attacks by Iraqi agents in revenge for the recent bombing of *Baghdad*.

Western security experts fear that Tony Blair and US President Bill Clinton could be targets for hit squads formed from Iraqi agents inside the Hashemite kingdom..... Pages 1, II-13

### Lawrence suspects may face charges

Detectives have been ordered to find new charges against the five men suspected of the murder of Stephen Lawrence six years ago. Three of the five men were acquitted two years ago during a private prosecution for murder by the Lawrence family. The other two were never committed for trial after a magistrate ruled that there was insufficient evidence..... Pages 1, 3

### Karaoke classics

Karaoke for classical music lovers is on its way. *La donna e mobile* from Verdi's *Rigoletto* is among 140 arias from 58 French and Italian operas being issued on ten CD-Rom discs..... Page 1

### Big cars, big taxes

Company car drivers who opt for big cars with low fuel efficiency are to be penalised under new taxation rules proposed by Gordon Brown, the Chancellor..... Page 2

### Food cynics

Most people do not trust ministers to make the right decisions for them on such issues as beef on the bone or genetically altered food, a new government-funded poll shows..... Page 2

### Police under scrutiny

Scotland Yard's anti-corruption detectives are investigating more than 350 potential miscarriages of justice linked to allegedly crooked officers..... Page 3

### Companies shamed

A league table of companies accused of producing the greatest air pollution has been produced by Friends of the Earth to fire up opposition to polluters..... Page 4

### Female troops thrive

A controversial decision to introduce the first all-female platoons at the Army's biggest training centre has resulted in a dramatic improvement in pass rates and a reduction in injuries..... Page 5

### Pilgrims return to forbidden shrine

An ancient pilgrims' route from Cornwall to the sacred shrine of St James is being revived for the first time since the Reformation. In May, 25 pilgrims will set off from the port of Fowey aboard two sailing ships bound for northern Spain. They will retrace the path of thousands of pilgrims who made the journey to La Coruna until it was ended by Henry VIII..... Page 6



John Whitelaw, left, Stuart Dickson and Terry and Ann Pollard took their right-to-roam fight to the Scottish border yesterday. Page 6

### Whitehall jobs push

The Government is being urged to appoint blacks and Asians to key senior positions in Whitehall and the Diplomatic Service as part of a drive to combat discrimination and racism..... Page 6

### Pension link to sack

Men who join company pension schemes are 50 per cent more likely to lose their jobs involuntarily than those who do not, a study shows..... Page 7

### 'Free chimps' fight

Campaigners called for the release of four chimpanzees still under the care of trainer Mary Chipperfield, who has been convicted of cruelty..... Page 7

### Smear test trauma

The victim of a smear test mistake has told how it led her into a spiral of drinking and depression and came close to wrecking her marriage..... Page 8

### Zimbabwe in crisis

Zimbabwe was in the grip of its gravest constitutional crisis since 1980 after President Mugabe accused Britain of infiltrating agents and threatened to dismiss judges..... Page 9

### Blast rocks talks

The first tentative steps towards any peace deal between ethnic Albanian guerrillas and Serbian and Yugoslav officials remained hidden behind the gates of Chateau Rambouillet..... Page 10

### Pilgrims return to forbidden shrine

An ancient pilgrims' route from Cornwall to the sacred shrine of St James is being revived for the first time since the Reformation. In May, 25 pilgrims will set off from the port of Fowey aboard two sailing ships bound for northern Spain. They will retrace the path of thousands of pilgrims who made the journey to La Coruna until it was ended by Henry VIII..... Page 6

### Clinton's angels

A few weeks ago, the two women were unknown outside Washington legal circles. Now Cheryl Mills and Nicole Seligman have become the most famous female lawyers in America as they try to keep President Clinton in office..... Page 16

**Same again:** Why a British couple are saying "yes" to the idea of having a cloned baby, a genetic carbon copy of one parent..... Page 16

**Sensible chaps:** menswear collections for the millennium reveal practical, mix-and-match styles, eschewing unwearable creations for a blend of traditional tailoring in quality fabrics with sportswear and casual garments..... Pages 14-15

**Deflating worries:** Up to 800 small companies with a combined value equalising that of the BP-Amoco giant may soon be forced out of the equity markets because of an investment starvation..... Page 16

**Millennium bug:** Crisis meetings are being held over warnings that the £13 billion venture capital market could dry up later this year because of worries about the millennium bug..... Page 48

**BMW's Milberg:** The profile of the man who has to decide the fate of the Longbridge plant..... Page 48

**London Underground:** London Transport is seeking private funds to extend the Underground into South East London – an area that has previously been largely shunned by the Tube..... Page 44

**Take three girls:** The trio who make up the cabaret act Fascinating Aida talk about Viagra, Aussie humour and their West End show, *Barefaced Chic*..... Page 17

**Hip hop mother:** She was last seen in Britain as part of the Fugees, but in Brighton at the weekend Lauryn Hill was on her own – and the crowd loved her..... Page 17

**Thommy rose:** In Glasgow David McVicar unveils his new staging of Richard Strauss's *Der Rosenkavalier*, giving Rodney Milnes something to think about..... Page 19

**Not to scale:** The American soprano Deborah Polaski has gained a huge following in the opera house, but the intimate spotlight of a London recital revealed shortcomings..... Page 19

**Cricket:** Anil Kumble, the Indian leg spin bowler, became only the second man in Test history to take all ten wickets in an innings as his team beat Pakistan..... Pages 25, 26

**Football:** Derby County moved up to sixth place and increased the relegation fears of Everton with a 2-1 win in the FA Carling Premiership match..... Page 28

**Rugby union:** Bath suffered their worst defeat in the history of league competition when they were beaten 35-0 by Bath..... Page 36

**Racing:** Florida Pearl strengthened his position as favourite for the Tote Cheltenham Gold Cup next month with an emphatic victory at Leopardstown..... Page 38

**Football:** Howard Wilkinson, the England caretaker manager, last night discovered that several of his squad were suffering with injuries when they reported for duty before the match against France on Wednesday..... Page 27

**King Hussein of Jordan:** Page 23

**Preview:** Paul Kenyon investigates the truth behind shoddy workmanship from supposedly reputable firms. *Raising the Roof* (BBC2, 8pm) **Review:** Paul Hogan explores the small crop of new series which began at the weekend, including *In Search of Law and Order* (Channel 4)..... Pages 46, 47

### Abdullah's inheritance

While Saddam Hussein still runs Iraq, Jordan will be caught between the United States and strong popular sentiment among much of its own population..... Page 21

### To the aid of the party

International aid is a natural candidate for true radicalism. This sadly limp effort should have been shredded by William Hague before it saw daylight..... Page 21

### Eroding the bedrock

Britain's net curtains are twitching. Urban decay, usually associated with inner cities, is spreading into parts of suburbia..... Page 21

### WILLIAM REES-MOGG

Quite possibly Longbridge will eventually be closed by Ford or General Motors, as part of a review of the BMW plants after an American takeover..... Page 20

### ANNA BLUNDY

The point in Russia is to overwhelm the interlocutor so that you emerge victorious as the more Soviet, the more Petty, the more steeped in officialdom..... Page 20

### PETER RIDDELL

Constitutional reform is by far the most radical of all new Labour's programmes, and absorbs the most parliamentary time. But you would hardly guess so from listening to most ministers..... Page 20

### King Hussein of Jordan

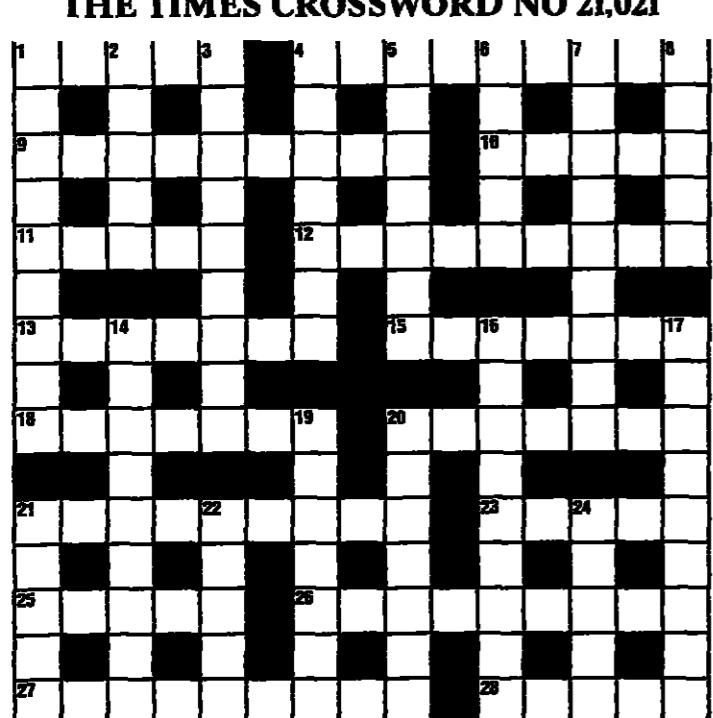
The main difference is that this time it is the Europeans who are trying to stop conflict in the Balkans. But the Europeans know that no major international crisis can be resolved without American participation. Two thousand GIs are worth more than 2000 European troops, not because they have more courage, but because they are backed by the world's only superpower.

*Corriere Della Sera*, Milan

Cost of improving railways; teachers' performance and pay; relics of St Valentine; healthcare rationing; importance of EU veto; Celtic literature; Aldeburgh airport; byways in peril; middle age..... Page 21

2, 17, 23, 26, 40, 49 Bonus: 10 Five winners shared the £2.1 million jackpot in Saturday's National Lottery draw.

### THE TIMES CROSSWORD NO 21,021



### WEATHER INFORMATION

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## CULTURED PEARL

Gold Cup favourite  
sparkles at  
Leopardstown  
PAGE 38

## FLYING START

Five Nations joy  
for Scotland,  
misery for Ireland  
PAGES 34, 35

OLÉ, OLÉ,  
OLE, OLÉ

Solskjaer joins  
in United's  
goalscoring  
party  
PAGE 29

**ONE**  
Wilkinson  
takes over  
PAGE 27

# TIMES SPORT

MONDAY FEBRUARY 8 1999

## INDIAN SPINNER MATCHES LAKER IN TAKING ALL TEN WICKETS



SAURABH DAS

## A PERFECT TEN

- 100-1 Anil nudges wide ball to wicketkeeper
- 100-2 Next ball, Raj leg-before to full-length delivery
- 115-3 Inzamam inside edge onto stumps
- 115-4 Youhana leg-before with bat behind pad
- 127-5 Mohi caught low at slip
- 128-6 Saeed Anwar pushes firmly to short leg
- 128-7 Salim Malik bowled by top-spinner
- 138-8 Mushtaq caught at slip as ball turns sharply
- 138-9 Saglam hit on toe first ball to be leg-before
- 207-10 Wasim Akram caught at short leg via his pad

## TEST BESTS

## MOST WICKETS BY BOWLERS IN AN INNINGS

10-53	J C Laker	England v Australia	Old Trafford	1956
10-74	A R Kumble	India v Pakistan	Delhi	1999
9-28	G A Lohmann	England v South Africa	Johannesburg	1895-96
9-37	J C Laker	England v Australia	Old Trafford	1956
9-52	R J Hadlee	New Zealand v Australia	Brisbane	1985-86
9-66	Abdul Qadir	Pakistan v England	Lahore	1987-88
9-57	D E Malcolm	England v South Africa	The Oval	1994
9-65	M Muralitharan	Sri Lanka v England	The Oval	1998
9-69	J M Patel	India v Australia	Kanpur	1959-60
9-83	Kapil Dev	India v West Indies	Ahmedabad	1983-84
9-86	Sarfraz Nawaz	Pakistan v Australia	Melbourne	1978-79
9-95	M Noffke	West Indies v India	Port-of-Spain	1970-71
9-102	S P Gupta	India v West Indies	Kanpur	1958-59
9-103	S F Barnes	England v South Africa	Johannesburg	1913-14
9-113	H J Taylor	South Africa v England	Johannesburg	1956-57
9-121	A A Malley	Australia v England	Melbourne	1920-21

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One out, all out: Kumble appeals successfully for the wicket of Wasim, caught at short leg to give the India leg spinner his tenth victim of the Pakistan innings in Delhi yesterday

## Richard Hobson in Delhi sees an unassuming bowler make an indelible mark in Test history

When the final wicket came his way, Anil Kumble clasped his hands, beamed like the sun and looked to the sky. He uprooted a stump as a souvenir simply of victory against Pakistan. Then, as Sachin Tendulkar led a procession of colleagues moving to offer congratulations, it dawned that he had taken a place in history.

If Kumble needed a few seconds for the scale of his achievement to sink in after becoming the second man in 122 years of Test cricket to take all ten wickets in an innings, then he will not be allowed to forget it. The manner in which he was mobbed by autograph collectors and well-wishers as he left the Ferozeshah Kotla Stadium provided a taste of what is to come.

His figures of ten for 74 from 26.3 overs eased India to success by 212 runs in the second Test to level what was already a compelling series, in which the sheer excitement of the cricket has transcended past bitter rivalry between the neighbouring countries. For his contribution to that alone, Kumble's performance must rank alongside that of Jim Laker, whose feat in taking ten Australia wickets for 53 at Old Trafford in 1956 is one of the best-known of all the game's records.

Before his death in 1986, Laker related how the capacity at Manchester must have been nearer to 100,000 than the official figure of around 20,000 to accommodate all those who said that they witnessed his great day. Some 30,000 can honestly claim to have seen Kumble join the pantheon of spin bowlers.

With the eighth and ninth victims falling to the final balls of Kumble's 26th over, he was sent to field at third man while Javagal Srinath sent down six balls, any one of which — had the seam bowler been so minded — would have ruined his chance of going through the scorecard. Unbeknown to Kumble, Mohammad

Azharuddin, the captain, had ordered Srinath to bowl wide to allow the leg spinner the chance of a tenth wicket.

"By that stage, they were so far behind that we were going to win and there are not many situations where a bowler has the chance to take all ten," Azharuddin said. Srinath, in fact, followed his instructions too well. The bowler, a paradigm of accuracy, suddenly delivered a brace of wides. Even more bizarre, the partisan crowd began to cheer every ball that Wasim Akram and Waqar

Younis blocked against Srinath instead of baying for victory. They wanted Kumble to finish the job that he had begun around two hours and 40 minutes earlier.

Although Wasim survived the hat-trick ball, he edged the third via his pad to Laxman at short leg to herald a colourful display of flag-waving and delirious dancing in the stands.

"After I had taken the sixth wicket, I thought I might have a chance of all ten," Kumble said. "I was not particularly nervous because I knew it was a matter of destiny. If I was destined to

get ten wickets, then that is what would happen. My first reaction was how good it beat Pakistan. In that moment, I had forgotten it was my tenth wicket."

I think a little superstition helped because, after lunch, when we needed to break the opening partnership, I gave my cap and sweater to Sachin to give to the umpire. Shahid Afridi got out in that over and whenever we left we really needed a wicket afterwards. I would let Sachin take my cap and sweater again. It always worked."

There is a humility about Kumble

who hails from Bangalore. In descending order he dedicated his achievement to God, his family and his team-mates. He enjoyed success with Northamptonshire, when he took 105 wickets in the 1995 season, and in 51 Tests since his debut in 1992 he has taken 234 wickets, making him the fourth most successful Indian bowler of all time.

Although he does not spin his standard leg-break as much as Shane Warne or Mushtaq Ahmed, among contemporaries, his height and high action make the top-spinner a deadly weapon. This helps to explain why, on a pitch that offered slow turn but variable bounce, he caused far more problems than Harbhajan Singh, the off spinner, who bowled in tandem for much of the innings.

Kumble suggested that the performance of young Sandeep Patil in scoring 60 and 96 in difficult circumstances made him a more deserving recipient of the man-of-the-match award. To all else, including Cammie Smith, the adjudicator, Kumble had no rivals. The new star of India is among the guests at a reception hosted by the Home Minister in the capital tonight and will try to remain unfazed by the potential rewards of success. Azharuddin, who knows him better than most, said: "He has tried so hard with his bowling that he deserves this. He has worked out his limitations and now just bowls to his strength."

At a chaotic press conference Kumble had to protect his head with his hands to push his way through a jostling crowd of admiring Indian journalists. He was asked whether the next ambition is to take 20 wickets in a match. "I know that expectations will be higher from now on," he said, "but I would rather take ten wickets and have to live with that pressure than not at all." Even Laker only managed 19.

Match report, page 26  
John Woodcock, page 26



Uplifting: Srinath, left, and Prasad chair Kumble from the field after his record-equalling performance

051 29 1149





Howard Wilkinson, pictured at Nottingham Forest's game against Manchester United at the City Ground on Saturday, accepts another goodwill message from a supporter

**H**oward Wilkinson began the task of sweeping away the legacy of stagnation, suspicion and cynicism bequeathed by Glenn Hoddle to his players last night when he gathered the England squad together at their Berkshire hotel to tell them to forget about the past and concentrate on the task of facing France, the world champions, at Wembley on Wednesday night.

The players, who arrived at Burnham Beeches at 5pm, were chosen by Hoddle, the last act of the disgraced coach, but Wilkinson, a caretaker manager, relished his first chance to make his own mark when he held a squad meeting an hour later and encouraged the players to talk about any grievances or misgivings that they may have been harbouring.

Under Hoddle, many of the players had felt unable to express their feelings openly, especially after the publication of his World Cup diary with its wholesale betrayal of confidences, and the most recent team gatherings under his guidance had been characterised by an awkward silence. Last night, though, the mood at the meeting was relaxed.

As Wilkinson — who many now expect to be in charge not

just for the game against France but also for the European championship qualifying ties against Poland, next month, as well as Sweden and Bulgaria at the beginning of June — prepared for his first day in charge of training today, he attempted to change that.

"I had a team meeting with the players at the hotel," Wilkinson, 55, said, "and I told them the most important thing for England and them is that the game against France is an effective preparation for the Poland game."

"I felt proud to be standing there among such a gifted collection of players. It is difficult when you see them either from the dugout or pass them in the corridor."

Wilkinson did have to contend with one of the problems that dogged Hoddle throughout his 2½ years in the job — a lengthy injury list. Paul Merson did not join up with the

**Oliver Holt, football correspondent, finds England's caretaker relishing the challenge of facing France**

squad because of a back problem and has been replaced by Jason Wilcox, the Blackburn Rovers midfield player, who also has a heel injury.

Neither Gareth Southgate, Gary Neville, Sol Campbell, Dion Dublin, Graeme Le Saux nor Darren Anderton are expected to train this morning at Bisham Abbey and there is already talk of a defensive crisis.

"What a welcome to international football," Wilkinson said. "I will be thinking long and hard over the difficult decisions I am going to have to make over the next 24 hours. It is an injury situation that England have faced before."

Apart from one player, Campbell, who is bedridden,

everyone has turned up and no manager has asked me to leave anyone out. I am grateful for that."

**S**till, there was a feeling of relief among many of the players arriving at the team hotel last night that they could at last put the complicated, divisive and increasingly bizarre reign of Hoddle behind them. Influential groups of players within the squad had been alienated by the former England coach, but they are all keen to make the most of their chance for a fresh start.

Above all, there is a new mood of openness, the beginnings of an attempt to break down the hostility that has

existed for much of Hoddle's tenure between the press and the players and management.

As part of this openness, players will now be allowed to talk to the media on the day before an international, something vetoed by Hoddle.

Earlier in the day, Wilkinson had ensured there would be at least one aspect of continuity remaining from Hoddle's troubled reign when it was confirmed that Alan Shearer would retain the captain's armband. Most observers had assumed that Tony Adams would regain the captaincy but Wilkinson, quite rightly, has decided to keep faith with the Newcastle United centre forward.

If Wilkinson's future was more secure, if he knew that he was to be in charge until the summer or beyond, then perhaps it would have made sense for him to go with his own man. But, especially if his tenure is short-lived, if he

really is to be just a caretaker, there seems little point in upsetting Shearer needlessly. There has to be a willingness to take responsibility by the captain," Wilkinson said. "He needs to put the team before himself, to recognise the big picture. A complete captain does all of that, doesn't shrink, doesn't hide, shares the load and sacrifices himself for the team. Players who have those assets are very hard to find."

Gradually, and largely because possession is still nine-tenths of any law, Wilkinson seems to be emerging as the favourite to succeed Hoddle on a permanent basis. Alex Ferguson, the Manchester United manager, joined Kevin Keegan, Arsène Wenger and Bryan Robson yesterday on the list of those who appear to have ruled themselves out of the running and Terry Venables, who is interested, said that he had had no contact from the Football Association.

"It's FA business," Venables said. "If you're asking me if they have been in touch, I have to say no. This time, it seems the shutters have gone up. Howard is an FA employee, so they obviously like him and will want him to be successful."

"It seems reasonable for them to want him to stay in control."

Football, pages 28-31

## BASKETBALL

### Finch fury as Sharks bite back

BY NICHOLAS HARLING

THE hard-earned victory that took Sheffield Sharks back to the top of the British Basketball League yesterday did little to placate Chris Finch, their coach, who still came off court at the Sheffield Arena raging at Roger Harrison and Mac Callender, the officials, after the Sharks had overcome Leicester Riders 80-71.

Surprisingly, it was not so much the technical offence that he incurred in the first half that concerned Finch, but a late academic call when the result was secure. Harrison, who took the brunt of Finch's fury, had earlier penalised him for swearing, apparently because it was in front of the table officials. "Why that should be an issue, I don't know," Finch said.

The four subsequent free throws from Jaron Boone, another from Eric Moore and a Garnet Gayle three-pointer enabled the Riders to complete an 18-3 burst that shook abruptly the Sharks out of their complacency. Initially of 28 points enabled the Sharks to go in level at 43-43 at half-time.

Mark Hawley then scored five swift points before a trio of three-pointers, from Ian McKinney, and one apiece from Michael Payne and the excellent Todd Cauthorn formed the bulk of Sheffield's decisive 19-5 rally.

Watched by Finch, Manchester Giants had kept the title issue alive by defeating the Leopards 80-78 the previous evening.

## SNOOKER

### In-form Williams begins title defence in fine style

BY PHIL YATES

MARK WILLIAMS has amassed £148,000 in prize-money during the past three months and won consecutive world-ranking tournaments, the Irish Open and Welsh Open. The confidence fostered by such a sequence of success shone through at the Wembley Conference Centre yesterday.

Williams expended a minimum of nervous energy in beating Nigel Bond 6-0 to reach the quarter-finals of the Benson & Hedges Masters and it was difficult to imagine a more impressive start to the defence of his title.

After winning a scrappy opening frame, Williams compiled breaks of 123, 61 and 67 to lead 3-0. The Welshman subsequently added a low-scoring fifth frame before putting blue and pink in the sixth to complete the rout.

"I know that this run is

going to come to an end sometime, but I'm just determined to enjoy myself while it lasts," Williams, now unbeaten in six successive matches, said.

Stephen Lee, the Grand

Prix champion, and Alan McManus, winner of the Masters in 1994, meet this morning for the right to provide the next opposition for Williams, who edged Stephen Hendry 10-9 on a resotted black in the final last year.

Williams continued to heal psychological wounds inflicted at the Asian Games in December by performing fluently in his 6-2 victory over David Gray, a Wembley debutant, in the first round.

Williams reached the nadir of his career so far when he lost to Chan Kwok-ming, of Hong Kong, in the first round of the Games in his native Bangkok, when he was expected to win a gold medal for Thailand.

"After that, I wanted to take a year off, maybe two, but I knew it was impossible," Williams said. "This game is my life and my living."

## RUGBY LEAGUE

### Widnes run Rams ragged

Widnes Vikings ..... 30  
Dewsbury Rams ..... 12

BY PETER WILSON

DEWSBURY RAMS, the 4-1 second favourites for the first Ford Northern Premiership title, were left to wonder whether the bookmakers had done their homework after this defeat by an enthusiastic Widnes Vikings outfit.

Solid defence restricted a disappointing Dewsbury attack and excellent handling by Fabien Devechi, Widnes' French international half-back, and Paul Mansson, his partner, caused havoc.

Widnes, with experienced newcomers, looked a far more ambitious side than the one who struggled a year ago.

Much of the damage was done

during an impressive first

half, when they established an

18-2 lead. The first try came from Lokeni Savelio, the second-row forward, after a pass from the impressive Mansson before the same player put in Devechi. Further tries from James Briers and Mansson completed the scoring for Widnes, with Dewsbury replying through Alex Godfrey and Billy Kershaw.

SCORERS: Widnes: Try: Savelio, Devechi, Briers, Mansson. Goals: Salsbury (2). Dewsbury: Try: Godfrey, Kershaw. Goals: Eaton (2).

## ICE HOCKEY

### Storm rise again to the top

BY A CORRESPONDENT

MANCHESTER Storm turned the Sekonda Superleague title race back in their favour with a hard-fought 3-1 win over Cardiff, who had taken over at the top just 24 hours previously.

Storm regained their place at the top with third-period goals by Jeff Jablonski, his second of the night, and Stefan Ketola, to end the Devils' eight-game winning streak.

Storm took an eighth-minute lead through Jablonski, but the Cardiff pressure told when Merv Priest equalised. It was anybody's game until Jablonski struck after 46 minutes and when Cardiff withdrew Herlofsky to throw on an extra attacker, Ketola broke away to score.

The Devils had displaced Storm as leaders for the first time since October 31 when they beat Newcastle Knights 4-3 in overtime while Storm, playing their fourth away game on the run, slumped to their third defeat in that testing series.

Ketola's sixth-minute power-play goal gave them an advantage that they did not lose until Paxton Schulte equalised 31 minutes later. They then went 3-1 behind to goals by Greg Burke and Mikhail Nemirovsky and although Blair Scott replied from another power play, Colin Ward's shot into an empty net settled the outcome.

Nottingham Panthers kept their remote title hopes alive with a 3-0 win over Sheffield Steelers.

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## SPORT IN BRIEF

### Hall survives fright to win place in final

**BADMINTON:** Darren Hall moved closer to increasing his titles to a record ten by surviving an unexpected battle with Richard Dohing, who was unseeded, before reaching the final of the Liverpool Victoria English National championships in Haywards Heath yesterday. Hall, seeded No 1, won 15-11, 9-15, 15-10, but there were worrying moments, especially when he was 9-10 down in the final game and it seemed the 33-year-old champion might not go through (Richard Eaton writes).

The win earned Hall his thirteenth appearance in the final and a repeat of his match against Colin Haughton last year. Haughton secured his place in the final with a 15-17, 15-5, 15-5 win over Peter Knowles. Knowles had been hoping to regain the title in his first tournament after his two-month suspension for disciplinary offences at the Dutch Open. Haughton served a shorter suspension for his part in the same incident.

### Air crash mars race

**SAILING:** The start of leg three of the Around Alone Race from Auckland to Punta del Este was marred by the death of two spectators whose light aircraft plunged into the sea close to Brad van Liew, the Class 2 United States skipper, in *Balance Bar*, five hours into the race (Edward Gorman, sailing correspondent, writes). The 11 skippers still in the race were beating down the Colville Channel when race headquarters was notified that an aircraft had crashed close to Van Liew, himself an experienced pilot. He immediately sailed to the point of impact, but found no trace of survivors. It is believed that the aircraft had been circling the fleet and been spotted by a number of skippers, including Giovanna Soldini, in the Open 60, *FILA*.

### Hingis returns to No 1

**TENNIS:** Martina Hingis will go back to the top of the women's world rankings today after following up her Australian Open victory by beating Amanda Coetzer to win the Toray Pan Pacific Open in Tokyo. Hingis ensured her return to the No 1 position when she overcame Jana Novotna in the semi-final, easing 4-0 ahead in the first set at a cost of only four points. Coetzer managed to break back in the fifth and pushed to 2-1, but that was the extent of her resistance. Hingis stormed 5-0 ahead in the second set before calmly serving out for the match against a struggling Coetzer.

### Jackson left furious

**ATHLETICS:** Colin Jackson criticised organisers after coming close to losing his 60 metres hurdles world indoor record in the Sparkassen Cup in Stuttgart yesterday because of the lack of electric false-starting equipment. Falk Baber made the most blatant of false starts before running a German record of 7.34sec — the second-fastest time in history after Jackson's 7.30sec in 1994. "I expected to hear the recall gun, but it never came," Jackson said. "I was robbed. After my heat, I honestly believed I could have got close to my world record."

### Ovett strides to victory

**BOWLS:** Ollie Ovett, nephew of Steve, the former Olympic runner, was first past the post in the Manchester Unity All-England Under-25 championship at Nottingham. Ovett, who plays for the Brighton-based Preston club, reached the final with wins over Craig Cooper, Chris Young and Mike Bowley. In the final, he was on course for a comfortable win when he led Glenn Allen, from Isis, 16-8, but Allen squared the match at 16-16 before Ovett won with two singles and a treble.

### Spacey sparks Arsenal

**FOOTBALL:** Arsenal, the holders, advanced to the sixth round of the women's AXA FA Cup after defeating Everton 1-0 at Boreham Wood yesterday. Marieanne Spacey scored the winning goal in the 75th minute. Croydon, the winners in 1996 and runners-up last year, were indebted to Carly Hunt, who scored a fine winning goal in the 85th minute against Millwall Lionesses, her former club.

### London win at Wycliffe

**ROWING:** London University won all three open classes at the Wycliffe Head on the Gloucester Sharpness Canal on Saturday, and Shrewsbury School took the lion's share of the junior divisions. Oxford University's lightweight women were impressive women's eight winners and Wycliffe's top boys' and girls' quads both won their divisions.

OSTI 29 HTAF

## FA Carling Premiership: Injury-weakened pacesetters struck down by altitude sickness

**Anderton shows off his new self-belief**

GLENN HODDLES' halo may have slipped but the influence of Eileen Dwyer, his faith healer, remains. Supporters of Tottenham Hotspur should not scoff — her hands perhaps hold the key to the continuing good health of Darren Anderton, the England and Spurs midfield player.

Anderton frequently visits Dwyer and will not be deterred, despite the adverse publicity that she has received in the past week. The player formerly known as "Siekno" has played in 28 of Tottenham's 33 fixtures this season, compared with 39 in the previous three league campaigns. Proof of Dwyer's powers



**ASTON VILLA 1  
BLACKBURN ROVERS 3**

by Rob Hughes

IN THE street outside Villa Park, a man was trying to sell a derelict VW Beetle with its headlamps ripped out. "It's a great engine," said the Brummie Arthur Daley, "all she needs is a bit of renovation." Inside the stadium, the cost of renovation was plain to see.

Blackburn Rovers, having spent £15 million in two months to rise to the bottom where they never should have been, convincingly beat Aston Villa, who failed to lure Juninho from Atlético Madrid for £12 million and £50,000 a week. And for want of such a creator, Villa's challenge for the championship is running out of engine power.

John Gregory, Villa's genuine young manager, allowed himself to say: "I'm a bit envious of Brian Kidd, who can go out and buy four players on the belt. He has the benefactor, but I'm not complaining. It comes down to how good a manager you are."

A manager is no better than his resources and Villa, deeply wounded by the stressed ego of Stan Collymore, had to field Dion Dublin, Steve Watson and Gareth Southgate with palpably painful real injuries and rely on apprentices on the bench. The effort of leading the FA Carling Premiership has clearly sapped the 17-year-old Gareth Barry and run Lee Hendrie into the ground.

Yet Villa Park, the foundation stone of league football, still throbs with potential power. The crowd on Saturday contained men who have supported the claret and blues for three score years and ten, and included five-month-old Robert Lally, whose great-great grandfather, Harry Cooch, once played and coached the Villa. The club



Oakes, the Aston Villa goalkeeper, cuts a dejected figure as Ward, with arm upraised, celebrates his successful strike. Photograph: David Jones

or mere coincidence? George Graham, the Tottenham manager, is not sure. "I don't know who should take the credit, her or me?" he said, tongue firmly in cheek.

Anderton led a rousing display, pouring scorn on those who still point to his fragility with a vigorous contribution against a Coventry City side bristling with commitment.

His skidding 25-yard shot shaved a post in the thirteenth minute and set a meritorious and almost monotonous flow that persisted throughout. Tottenham attacked, missed chances and then regrouped; Coventry defended, slung the ball forward for Huckerby to chase and then retreated.

Ferdinand headed wide. Nielsen misjudged Anderton's cross. Freud drove over from the crossbar. Ferdinand erred again and Sinton struck the bar. All in the first half. In the second, Ferdinand shot wide. Iversen scooped over from four yards and Nielsen miscued Anderton's cross. Still, they extended their unbeaten run to ten matches and Graham was reasonably satisfied. "It's coming together nice and slowly," he said.

Coventry could take only crumbs of comfort but will be happy with the belated introduction of Mohammed Konjic, the Bosnia defender, who signed from AS Monaco for £2 million. "He's a big lad and not bad, either," Gordon Strachan, the Coventry manager, said. "I wouldn't like to clean out his cage."

TOTTENHAM HOTSPUR (4-4-2) — Waller — S Carr, L Young, S Campbell, M Tancredi (sub S Woodward), Bremner, D Anderton, A Nielsen, S Freud, S Sinton. Referee S Carson (sub C Armstrong, 70). L Ferdinand

COVENTRY CITY (4-4-2) — M Hodman — R Hasson, P Shee, P Williams (sub M Konya), S Sinton, L Young, S Woodward, G McAllister (sub T Sutcliffe), P Clement, J D'Urso (sub D Huckerby), N Whelan. Referee S Lodge

Ince celebrates after scoring Liverpool's third goal

Bryan Robson approached

that you choose is a club for life, a faith that may be lost on the moguls now tearing at the fabric of the higher echelons of the game.

Villa are finding the championship cannot be won by Englishmen alone, nor is it likely with a chairman who is such a modest millionaire. Doug Ellis, modest? Of course not, but if his millions are, by comparison to those of Jack Walker, at Blackburn, never mind the resources that drive Manchester United and Arsenal or sustain the astonishing wage-gamble at Chelsea.

Villa have had to run too hard to make the pace at the top, and are paying for it. It is cruel indeed when your skipper, after an immaculate half-hour of commanding the side

from the back, scores an own goal. Southgate, who has virtually surrendered his England place to push his injured hip for Villa, went for an innocuous cross from David Dunn and headed the ball in a gentle, almost mocking arc, over Michael Oakes, his stranded goalkeeper. It was the first own goal of his career.

Someone else who ought to figure for England, Chris Sutton, then harassed Villa into certain defeat. Back after injury and suspension, he was masterful in holding the ball, turning the defence, in heading and running power. He wrestled possession away from Riccardo Scimeca and, with a aimed呈現, presented Ashley Ward with the second Rovers' goal. When Scimeca

was beaten again, upended by the tricky Matt Jansen, the move led to a third goal, volleyed in by Dunn. All three strikes were laced with Villa error.

At the other end, Filan was

Jewell's shining lights..... 31

Results and tables..... 32

at full stretch to deny Joachim, Dublin and Alan Thompson, a substitute, though Joachim eventually scored a splendid consolation goal and Grayson missed from six yards, but this was evidence more of Villa's stout heart than any championship spirit.

Blackburn are too good to be where they are, and Kidd's

start in management suggests a very appreciable talent for the job. He will go to the board this week determined to prevent Tim Flowers, his England goalkeeper, being granted a transfer, because Kidd has the money, the backing and the good sense to know that he needs to hold onto his two good goalkeepers.

"I'm building long term," he said, "and for that you need competition for all places." That, of course, costs.

Now that Villa's impetus has stalled, the blame is being heaped on Ellis, whose caution is deemed to be holding back Gregory's need for recruits. But should the chairman risk bankrupting Villa — and make no mistake, the rising transfer fees and wages

will claim casualties — attempting to win a championship that will, in any case, be Manchester United's, Arsenal's or Chelsea's?

This time, Deadly Doug may be right to restrain his young manager. And who knows, Stanley may give a hand. "Collymore? Please, don't ask me to waste my time talking about somebody who isn't here," Gregory said. "Ask him... if you can find him." The car without headlamps, after the next.

But with three goals in the past three fixtures that has started, there has been a quicksilver change in the previously inconsistent Jamaican.

That knock for transformation eludes Everton. The only alterations took place against their wishes, when David Unsworth had to be replaced because of a calf strain and reorganisation dimmed their resilience in defence.

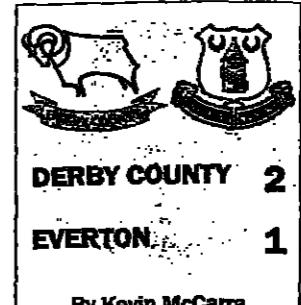
Until then, Everton were prospering. Their reputation for penalty-box harmlessness is left behind when they leave Goodison. In the 37th minute, Olivier Dacourt found Francis Jeffers, the teenager who was making his first full appearance for the club. The young forward then placed it unintentionally into the path of Nick Barnaby, who finished with a smart shot.

Given their rigour in defence and speed on the break, it seemed that Walter Smith's side might flourish.

Derby, then, were too elaborate and only in the second half did they harass the visitors. After 51 minutes, Francesco Baiano released Paulo Wanchope and, when he crossed, Richard Dunne was lying on the ground, having lost his balance when Burton brushed against him. The Jamaican gilded an awkward, bouncing ball into the net.

Burton is having a taste of

**Burton points Derby in right direction**



**DERBY COUNTY 2  
EVERTON 1**

By Kevin McCann

If reputations are hard to win, they can be even more difficult to retain. Derby County, sixth in the table, remain aspirants towards a UEFA Cup place, but it took Dean Burton's second goal, in the 85th minute, to win a game in which they had been behind. If Jim Smith's side are establishing themselves, Everton are becoming stuck and, fourth from bottom, face months of relegation skirmishes.

The difference between the clubs was not apparent for much of the match, although Derby were persistent after the interval. The mysteries of fate were encapsulated in the form of Burton. In December he was on loan to Barnsley, who, not entirely jocularly, were said to be eager to buy him after his first appearance and just as keen to return him after the next.

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## Middlesbrough seek early-season sparkle



PERHAPS it is time to jog the memory. Middlesbrough enjoyed a spirited start to the season. They could win at Old Trafford and feel unlucky not to take all three points from Highbury. But right now, there is an aura of the underdog — almost of the willing victim — about them.

This was apparent in how the team played and how their manager spoke. Middlesbrough plodded through this match in the style of an elderly librarian, who once dreamed of being an actor and used to attend premieres sporting a purple velvet bowtie, but who now smiles ruefully as he stamps another book.

Gérard Houllier, like Robson, has been linked with the job of England manager. Neither are interested, but if they had been up for an interview on Saturday, Houllier would

have been offered the post. For if attitude wins games, one team were in it.

Liverpool were sluggish at times and no one will be rushing to buy the video of this match, but they possessed

both the will to win and the knowledge that they would. All three of the home side's goals came in the first half. First, Redknapp's corner was headed down by Ince, somewhat clumsily, but Fowler reacted swiftly with an overhead kick that Owen pounced on. Redknapp set up the second, too, weaving his way to the edge of the area before releasing Björnsson, whose cross was met by Heggem, prancing for a superb volley.

McManaman, Owen and Ince combined neatly for the third. Ince finishing with as much craft as Owen would have displayed.

Although Liverpool conceded

a goal in the second half — a fine volley from Stomppen on an acute angle — Houllier again won on points.

When Matten was sent off in the 64th minute, Houllier kept his nerve. So many managers overreact to a red card. They quickly make reckless substitutions, but Houllier simply allowed those players used to Middlesbrough's pedestrian ways to adapt, rather than introduce uncertainty.

LIVERPOOL (3-3-2) — D James — R Carragher, S Staunton, V Heggen, S Thompson, S Johnson, D Redknapp, S Grayson, I Taylor, A Wright — P Moran — D Dublin, J Joachim.

MIDDLESBROUGH (3-4-2) — J Flean, C Parker, D Peacock, D Brooker, C Dawson, D Dunn, W McDonald, J Wilcock — M Jansen (sub D O'Farrell), C Sutton, A Ward. Referee K Burke

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**FA Carling Premiership:** Ferguson's four-goal reserve proves there is no substitute for class

# Lethal Solskjaer treasures his pieces of eight

NOT since a shaft of light illuminated the face of Harry Lime in a Vienna doorway has anyone played the Third Man with quite the same conviction as Ole Gunnar Solskjaer. Consigned again to the cameo role that has become his lot, Manchester United's own version of a cold-blooded assassin gatereashed the big picture in the victory over Nottingham Forest at the City Ground on Saturday and made sure that he was the star of the show.

There were times this season when Solskjaer was almost forgotten in the touchy-feely love-in that the explosive partnership between Dwight Yorke and Andy Cole has become. Cole and Yorke eat together, go out together, listen to music together. And they score together. As strikers they were made for each other.

As they have prospered, setting Europe and the FA Carling Premiership alight with the telepathic play that was best illustrated in Cole's goal against Barcelona in the Nou Camp at the end of November, Solskjaer has laboured in their shadows. Yorke and Cole, quite rightly, have been showered with adulation and hyperbole.

Until a couple of weeks ago, the thought of splitting them seemed as sacrilegious as separating Torvill and Dean, Redgrave and Holmes or Clough and Taylor. It felt as if it would have been going against nature, spoiling something so right, trying to fix something that quite definitely was not broken.

Solskjaer, though, has



**NOTTINGHAM FOREST**  
1

**MANCHESTER UNITED** 8

by Oliver Holt  
football correspondent

changed that. He was linked with £5 million moves to Everton and Tottenham Hotspur early in the season, but Alex Ferguson, the United manager, wanted him to stay and Solskjaer did not really want to go. The Norwegian has vindicated that decision by scoring 15 goals, many after coming off the bench. Somehow, he has managed to force himself into fourth place in the ranks of Premiership scorers. Only Yorke, Michael Owen and Cole have more.

Even on Saturday, when Cole and Yorke had joined once more in a goalscoring competition that is becoming a bit like the American baseball home-run race last summer, Solskjaer refused to accept second billing. Cole and Yorke had scored two each and United were in cruise control, but still he refused to be outdone.

Unhappy at the lack of opportunities he is being given in his third season at Old Trafford after his move from Molde, he came on in the 72nd minute and promptly scored four goals in 13 minutes. Ferguson promised that Solskjaer

would start their FA Cup fifth-round tie against Fulham next Sunday and Yorke, who had given way to him, looked almost crestfallen when he discussed his contribution.

"One of the reasons I wanted to go to Manchester United was that there was competition all through the squad," Yorke said. "You have got to be on your toes all the time. You need good players to make you better. You would think Andy Cole and I had done all we needed to this afternoon, but then Ole comes on and scores four. You need that kind of competition when you are as heavily involved in as many games as we are. It's beautiful when you think about it. It is lovely."

There were only 18 minutes left when Solskjaer came on, only ten to go when he scored his first, a tap-in from a precise cross by Gary Neville. Two minutes before full-time he got a second, lashing his shot into the roof of the net from the edge of the area after Dave Beasant had parried his initial attempt to lob the goalkeeper.

A run and pass from Paul Scholes set up his hat-trick and, on the stroke of full time, a Scholes missick landed at his feet and he dispatched it nonchalantly across Beasant into the far corner. He had scored four goals in the space of 13 minutes, although the record books will say ten minutes because two were in injury time. Never has a substitute scored so prodigiously.

The victory set a record for a United away win, eclipsing the 8-2 FA Cup win over Northampton Town in 1970, in which George Best scored six times.

Solskjaer looked almost embarrassed as he collected the match ball and fled the stadium without a word to reporters or waiting television crews.

Ferguson was happy to do his talking for him. "Amazing," "fantastic" and "marvellous" were just three of the words he used. "He is a finisher," he said. "There is no question about that. We have tried playing him out on the left, but he is better as a central striker. That is where he prefers to play."

"His contribution has been terrific all season, but he wants more minutes on the



Solskjaer, left, is congratulated by Beckham after scoring the third of his four goals against Nottingham Forest

pitch as well as the goals. He realises he is up against two fantastic in-form strikers and he accepts that, but he has great ability to adapt to the pace of a game as a sub."

If Solskjaer grabbed the headlines, David Beckham deserved much of the credit for being the architect of many of the goals. Beckham, keen to impress the watching Howard Wilkinson, was superb. His range of passing was breathtaking, his accuracy unwavering, his temperament unquestionable. Time and again he unlocked the Forest defence with raking long balls that were nectar for the forwards.

Forest's naivety in defence had allowed Yorke and Cole to put United in control long before Solskjaer appeared. For the home side, it was a harsh lesson about life at the bottom and Ron Atkinson was blunt in his analysis. "We were battered, spanked, murdered," he said. "I'm just glad they didn't put Solskjaer on earlier."

NOTTINGHAM FOREST (4-4-2): D Best; J Johnson, P Johnson, C Armstrong (sub: H Pordio, 74min), S Stone; S Gemmill (sub: J Matosson, 58), A Johnson, A Rogers; Juan Higuita (sub: N Butt, 76) — A Cole, D Yorke (sub: O G Solskjaer, 72). Referee: P Alcock.

SETTING THE GOAL STANDARD	
THE TEN BIGGEST PREMIERSHIP VICTORIES	
March 3, 1998	Manchester United 9
FEBRUARY 6, 1999	Ipswich Town 0
November 18, 1998	Nottingham Forest 1
October 25, 1997	Blackburn Rovers 7
April 4, 1995	Manchester United 7
October 3, 1992	Sherfield Wednesday 1
March 12, 1994	Nottingham Forest 7
February 11, 1995	Norwich City 1
November 16, 1996	Swindon Town 1
December 28, 1996	Aston Villa 7
	Wimbledon 1
	Southampton 1
	Tottenham Hotspur 1

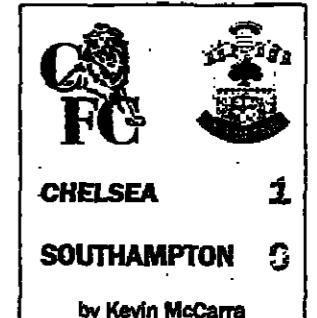
United have scored 92 goals in all competitions this season and boast three of the top four goal-scorers in the Premiership — only Michael Owen with 19 for Liverpool splits them.

Dwight Yorke: 21 goals from 36 full appearances.

Andy Cole: 17 goals from 23 full appearances and 4 as a substitute.

Ole Gunnar Solskjaer: 15 goals from 10 full appearances and 11 as a sub.

Zola fails to hide Chelsea's self-doubt



**CHELSEA** 1  
**SOUTHAMPTON** 0

by Kevin McCarra

AS THE weather turned nasty on Saturday evening, two Chelsea supporters sat cradling their pints at a table outside a pub on the King's Road. They snubbed the conditions, paying them no attention at all. After the sort of match that they had undergone at Stamford Bridge, what was a little cold rain down their collars? It had been the sort of match to demoralise even the victors.

While watching Chelsea's wheezing win, one wondered how football became the world game. The only clue came in the craftsmanship of the free kick by Gianfranco Zola, in the eleventh minute, that decided the outcome. Although the firmness with which he steered the ball into the corner of the net was admirable, Southampton co-operated by misaligning their defensive wall. In this game, the highlight had its flaws and most episodes were disfigured completely.

There was a weariness about the morale of his team. No one would kick sand in their faces, but rivals pelted Chelsea with the goals they were scoring elsewhere. When United and Arsenal run up 8-1 and 4-0 victories, respectively, away from home, there is a chastening effect on the other challengers.

In these situations, there are always handfuls of reasons to be grasped. Of their several injuries, the most harmful con-

cern Tore Andre Flo, who may be back in a week or two, and Gustavo Poyet, whose date of return is still to be determined.

Chelsea especially missed their Uruguayan on Saturday as the visitors continually nudged them back, only lacking the necessary sharpness to carve the match into a different shape. Egil Ostenstad drew a save from Ed de Goey when he could have passed to the unmarked Jim Beattie. Mark Hughes, with four opportunities to demonstrate his trademark volley, botched three and lifted the other into the goalkeeper's hands. His return to his previous club ended in pain when he was carried off on a stretcher after Marcel Desailly caught him on the ankle with a bad foul that went unpunished.

That coarse deed felt like further evidence of a slump in standards. "Maybe we have lost a bit of confidence," Graham Rix, the Chelsea coach, said. "We are not as fluent as we can be." Self-doubt is an odd ailment for a side whose central defence is assembled out of two World Cup-winners, but anxiety will always be one of the ordeals for a club aspiring to the championship.

With Chelsea unwell, many spectators may wish that they had not intruded on their privacy by paying this visit.

WEST HAM UNITED (4-4-2): S Heaton — T Ebanks, M Stewart, R Peacock, R Ferdinand, J Odack — T Sinclair, F Lampard, M Fox, S Minto — P Di Canio, P Keown (sub: M McAllister, 60), G Zola. Referee: M Forssell (sub: G Zola).

SOUTHAMPTON (4-4-2): Jones — S Haye (sub: W Bridges, 60), J Dodd, C Lumb, D Keane, N Wrinchum — R Parot, P Morris, E Pest, M Okoroma — D Bergkamp, N Anelka. Referee: J Winter.

## Bergkamp keeps Arsenal firmly in hunt

UNLESS Michael Owen equals the 73 goals that he once scored in a rather productive season as the terror of schoolboy defences, the Footballer of the Year trophy seems destined to end up in foreign hands. Doesn't it always?

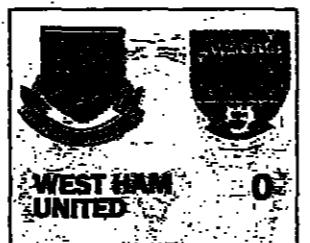
Charlton Athletic's pain is more severe — one point from their past nine games and no win from 13. They are without Richard Rufus (broken arm) but Danny Mills returns from suspension. Joe Kinnear, the Wimbledon manager, has had almost a full week in which to re-energise his troops after their FA Cup defeat by Tottenham Hotspur.

CHARLTON possible 4-4-2: S Rojo, L Dyer, E Smith, S Brown, C Thorpe, C Powell, M Kinsella, N Redden, J Robinson — A Hunt, M Pringle.

WIMBLEDON possible 4-4-2: N Sultan, B Thackeray, S Dyer, C Parsons, A Thackeray, N Arcey, A Roberts, R Scott, E Butt — C Leesoun, J Hartson. Referee: D Sleath.

TELEVISION: Sky Sports One 7pm.

PREDICTION: Away win.



**WEST HAM UNITED** 0

**ARSENAL** 4

by Matt Dickinson

returning. The Dutchman, in patches, was outstanding and the West Ham defence unsure whether it was a back four or five, finished the game at sixes and sevens.

"For me, Dennis is the best attacking player in the Premiership," Arsene Wenger, the Arsenal manager, said. "He is the most complete forward. When he came back from the World Cup he needed a rest. Maybe I made a mistake by picking him to play when he was not really ready.

"It is the final ball that is the

difference. He is so influential in our attacking moves: we still dominate when he is missing, but lack the final touch."

Wenger's problem is that Bergkamp, as well as Petit, will be suspended when he takes his side to face Manchester United at Old Trafford for a game of momentous championship import on Wednesday week — the outcome of which will have a huge sway over the destiny of the title.

Training United by five points, albeit with a game in hand, Arsenal will feel it is a match that they cannot afford to lose, but the signs are good. Nine hours and 24 minutes of play have elapsed since the Arsenal rearguard last leaked a goal, and it never looked likely to happen against a West Ham attack for whom Di Canio appeared to be going for the world record for back-flicks rather than for goal.

Arsenal picked off their goals seemingly at will, and Seaman was troubled only by a couple of long-range shots

after the half-time introduction of Bergkamp.

Arsenal should have been beaten from the 31st minute, when Overmars raced on to a incisive through ball by Bergkamp, but the first touch from Overmars was poor and his shot, after he had rounded Hoddipole, the goalkeeper, was cleared off the line.

Three minutes later, Bergkamp decided to do it all himself — charging 40 yards



Bergkamp opens the scoring for Arsenal at Upton Park

before striking a firm, low drive from outside the penalty area. Foe was booked for attempting to trip him.

Thereafter, Arsenal raised themselves when the mood took them. Overmars made it 2-0 shortly before half-time after a good break down the right by Parlour, but it was not until the 83rd minute that they punished West Ham again. Anelka scoring his first goal in the league since November. It

was a fine finish, but the teenager still seems to be at odds with himself and the world.

One Sunday newspaper attributed some outraged comments from him about a clash of personalities with Overmars, and if Wenger decides that he needs to be kept apart, it is the France international who will make way. Nwankwo Kanu will be available as soon as he can prove his fitness.

Parlour completed things with a scrambled goal five minutes from time, and West Ham trooped off on an unpleasant inquest. Hoping of staying in contention for Europe until just a month or so ago, they are now sliding towards the bottom half of the table. Redknapp must act quickly to stop the rot.

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OST 1999 HTM



Nationwide League: Leaders regain form while Bradford underline promotion prospects

# Jewell's collection upwardly mobile

Bradford City ..... 2  
Watford ..... 0

By STEPHEN WOOD

CULTURES are colliding at Bradford City. There remains evidence of an insular, but friendly club, aware of their importance for the local community. Then, there is the 21st-century Bradford City, out to impress the rest of the country.

Few clubs in England would hold a minute's silence before kick-off for two supporters who had died recently. Geoffrey Richmond, the chairman, is an ardent man who thinks nothing of instigating such a tribute. There are also few clubs in England where it takes three stewards to show members of the media to the press lounge.

Backed by Richmond's financial clout, Bradford are gearing up for the FA Carling Premiership. A place in the top flight has eluded them since 1922, so the achievement of promotion from the Nationwide League could not be overstated. They are in second place, eight points adrift of Sunderland, but recent form has been impressive and they dissected Watford so clinically that Graham Taylor, the visiting manager, said: "I would not have Sunderland as certainties to win this league just yet."

Paul Jewell, the Liverpool-born manager of Bradford, relies on Scouse wit and as solid a 4-4-2 formation as you could wish to see. Richmond's willingness to spend has helped him to create a forward partnership that could be the best outside the Premiership.

He Mills was bought for £1 million from Port Vale and Robbie Blake was acquired from Darlington for £350,000.

Mills' goal after 64 minutes on Saturday took their combined total to 32 this season and the combination of his strength and Blake's skill is a pleasure to watch. There are



McCall, No 4, is congratulated by joyful team-mates after giving in-form Bradford City the lead after only nine minutes of the game against Watford on Saturday

clubs who would like to make them Premiership players now, but Jewell is adamant that they will stay. "No one is for sale at this club," he said.

If Bradford do not go up, then multimillion-pound bids might test Jewell's resolve over the summer. It is vital, therefore, that Bradford seize this promotion opportunity for, as

Stuart McCall, their midfield player, can testify, they do not present themselves too often.

McCall was in the side that could have gone up to the old first division in 1987. They held an automatic promotion place until the spring, were overtaken by Ipswich Town and then lost in the play-offs.

Thereafter, he was sold to

Everton, but when his time at Rangers came to an end last summer, he moved back to Bradford to add valuable experience. He scored the opening goal on Saturday after eight minutes, a low drive from 25 yards, and said: "The difference between this season and 12 years ago is the money that the manager has got to spend.

"Last time, we had to succeed with a squad of 16, but now we are better-equipped and I hope we can go one step farther. This team certainly knows only one way to play — we go for it home and away — but we'll have to wait and see whether it is the right approach."

The events of the past week

will have struck a chord with Taylor, the former England manager, more than most. He refused to talk about Glenn Hoddle, but it was not difficult to guess what he was feeling as he took his seat on the coach for the homeward journey.

Watford probably will not be promoted this season, and they may even fail to make the play-offs, but that does not mean that Taylor has been unsuccessful.

BRADFORD CITY (4-4-2): G Wain — S Wright, A O'Brien, A Westwood, W Jacobs

B. Moore, R Black, S McCall, G Whaley, P Beasley, S Palmer, P Page, B Irvin (sub: J

Gudjohnsen, 89), M Hyde (sub: A Hasan, 75)

J. Anderson, P Kennedy — A Smart, N Wright.

Referee: D Pugh

Clark in form despite rumours

Sunderland ..... 2  
Swindon Town ..... 2

By GEORGE CAULKIN

IT may seem a mite difficult to fathom, given their standing in the league table this morning, but Sunderland have just emerged, blinking in the sunlight, from their most traumatic episode since the harrowing fate that they suffered in the play-off final last May: a fortnight when allegations have been hurled, loyalty questioned and rebellion mooted.

That this period also encompassed a short golfing break, a Worthington Cup semi-final and the acquisition of another three points towards their inevitable promotion to the FA Carling Premiership, puts this "crisis" into perspective. Had Peter Reid's team contrived to slip up against Swindon Town on Saturday, it would have marked their fourth successive defeat. They did not, and so the storm clouds dissipate, even if a rumble of suppressed discontent remains.

This, after all, is Sunderland's year in limbo — sentenced to another twelve months treading water in the Nationwide League first division. For the fourteenth time at the Stadium of Light this season, Sunderland scored two or more goals. Again, they won and, at the end, Lee Clark, their midfield player, saluted the supporters for their patience and backing.

This was particularly poignant. Clark, who signed from Newcastle United for £2.75 million two years ago — has been at the heart of the rumours and dissent. There has been a public spat with Kevin Ball, his captain, abuse from a minority of fans unhappy with his form since recovering from a broken foot. In turn, Clark is believed to be concerned at Reid's enduring failure to attract new signings, although the manager denies it.

Against Swindon, Clark was Sunderland's most accomplished performer, shooting against the crossbar in the dying moments. The goals came from Niall Quinn and Kevin Phillips, but Clark was in the background, prompting and prodding.

More than anyone, he represents the extent of Sunderland's recent transformation: young, gifted and black and white.

SUNDERLAND (4-4-2): T Sonnen — C Melia, A McMillie, P Butler, M Gray — N Sundström, L Clark, K Egan, A Johnstone (sub: M Bridger, 89), N Quinn (sub: D Dicks, 83), K Phillips.

SWINDON TOWN (5-3-2): F Taft — G Hall (sub: T Goode, 41), B Burrows, C Taylor — D Kelly, J McEwan, J McGeown, G Ross, S Davies (sub: M Robinson, 83) — C Hay, S Crooks (sub: C Griffin, 69).

Referee: P Robinson.



Furlong: penalty prize

## Davison slip proves costly

Grimsby Town ..... 0  
Bolton Wanderers ..... 1

By PAT GUSSON

THIS was a rotten result for those who still dream that a little club like Grimsby Town can prove that football is not all about money and a place in the FA Carling Premiership. Perhaps we should join the Flat Earth society.

The contrast between these clubs could hardly be more stark. Grimsby are locked into their antiquated Blundell Park ground on the banks of the Humber, which was packed close to capacity with a crowd of 8,674 on Saturday, while Bolton Wanderers, bankrolled by two excursions into the Premiership in the past four years, lord it in their new Reebok Stadium.

Yet, for the best part of an hour, Grimsby, promoted

from the Nationwide League second division via the play-offs last season, completely outplayed their visitors, who retain the nucleus of the side relegated from the Premiership only on goal difference.

Then, nine minutes into the second half, Grimsby hooked on a headed clearance from

Results and tables ..... 32

Fish and Davison, Grimsby's Northern Ireland goalkeeper, made a complete hash of his punch. Holdsworth, a £3.5 million striker who could probably beat Grimsby with the money he has made from football, calmly dispatched his fourth goal in three matches to give Bolton their ninth win in a run of 13 league games without defeat.

Alan Buckley, the Grimsby manager, who had written in

the programme about "a league within a league" in the first division, where clubs like Bolton operate in a different sphere to his own, did not disguise his disappointment at the result.

"It is not sour grapes because we have lost," he said. "Bolton have had a terrific run of results, but we've been a fair better side than them for most of the afternoon and to lose to a goal like that... frustrating is not the word."

Even Colin Todd, the Bolton manager, had to concede that his much-vaunted midfield had been outplayed for once.

GRIMSBY TOWN (4-5-1): A Davison — J. N. Smith, C. Fish, T. Holdsworth, T. Gullane, C. Moore (sub: D. Carr, 51min), K. Downey (sub: M. Love, 82), S. Colcock, K. Black, P. Coates, D. Smith (sub: T. Widdington, 87) — N. Fish.

BOLTON WANDERERS (4-4-2): J. Jenkinson — N Cox, M. Fish, P. Waghorn (sub: R. Elliot, 19), M. Whillock — M. Johnson, P. Franssen, C. Jevons (sub: R. Gaunce, 69), S. Setters — D. Holdsworth, B. Taylor

Referee: W. Burns.

## Francis is reduced to silence

Crystal Palace ..... 1  
Birmingham City ..... 1

By NICK SZCZEPANIK

TREVOR FRANCIS, the Birmingham City manager, declined to attend the post-match press conference on Saturday. Perhaps he did not trust himself not to say something that might regret. More likely, there are some things that simply are too painful to talk about.

Whether he was more distressed by his team throwing away two precious points in stoppage time, or by a performance regarded by regular observers as one of their worst of the season, we may never know.

But as it was widely accepted that Birmingham were fortunate to beat Bradford City six days earlier, with a penalty winner in the dying seconds, they should not really

complain that a freak own goal with virtually the last kick (and rebound) of the match denied them an undeserved win.

Things could be worse. For Steve Coppell, the Crystal Palace manager, they are already. A second home defeat of the season might have left a team forced to rely increasingly on their own young products looking nervously towards the foot of the Nationwide League first division. That is hardly Francis's problem. Birmingham, though dropping one place to fifth, stay in the play-off frame.

They only reached half-time level thanks to Kevin Poole, the goalkeeper, who produced a strong save-of-the-season candidate from Lee Bradbury's headers and the crossbar, which repelled a flick from Gordon Petrie.

The fates, or at least Clive Wilkes, the referee, were also on Birmingham's side when

Craig Moore was adjudged to have pulled back Paul Furlong early in the second half and Furlong converted the penalty.

With the seconds ticking away, Grainger and Rowett were unable to decide who should deal with a diagonal forward pass, with the result that the ball looped back over the stranded Poole and dropped in off the far post.

CRYSTAL PALACE (3-4-2-1): K. Miller — G. Petrie, C. Moore, A. Lingard — J. Smith, C. Power (sub: J. Williams), H. Mullin, J. Morrison, W. Carlisle, I. McGree (sub: S. Evans, 89) — L. Bradbury.

BIRMINGHAM CITY (4-4-2): K. Poole — G. Power, G. Abbott (sub: M. Grings, 23), M. Johnson, K. Jenkinson, J. Morrison, S. Robinson, M. O'Connor, P. Naylor (sub: N. Foster, 89) — D. Addobbo (sub: B. Hughes, 45), P. Furlong

Referee: C. Wilkes.

THE TIMES



**"THE SPIRIT IN THE SQUAD'S GREAT."**

Even if you're not top of the Fantasy League, you can still win £500 as Team of the Week or £1000 Manager of the month.

Funny old game isn't it?

## CARLING

## FA CARLING PREMIERSHIP

ASTON VILLA	(0) 1	BLACKBURN	(1) 3
Woolwich 69	Southgate 32 (eg)	Ward 62	Dunn 64
27,404			
Aston Villa: M. Oates, A. Wright, S. Grayson, G. Southern, G. Harry (sub: A. Thompson 78), S. Watson, I. Taylor, P. Merton, R. Somma, D. Dublin, J. Sinclair.	Blackburn: Rowan, J. Flannery, D. McAvoy, D. Peacock, M. Brookes, J. Wilson, M. Johnson (sub: O. Duff 81), W. McGinlay, A. Ward, C. Stoppa.	Referee: G. Wilson.	

RESULTS FROM SATURDAY'S MATCHES: There were eight score draws: Barnsley v Crewe; Crystal Palace v Birmingham; Portsmouth v Tranmere; Wolverhampton v Oxford; Preston v Bolton; Coventry v Middlesbrough; Peterborough v Shrewsbury; and five score draws. This confirmed pay out for eight score draws in 11 wins, seven score draws and 11 winners each 25.51.60. Six score draws 257. Winless 135. Five score draws: 3418 winners each CS.

## GOALSCORERS

FA CARLING PREMIERSHIP: 21: D. York (Mun. Utd); 20: M. Owen (Liverpool); 12: J. Alcock (Coventry); 10: A. Wright (Blackburn); 7: A. Cole (Portsmouth); 6: M. Wilson (Bolton); 5: D. G. Smith (Peterborough); 4: D. McAvoy (Shrewsbury); 3: D. Dublin (Blackburn); 2: G. Southern (Leicester); 12: D. Dublin (Bolton); 4: for Coventry; R. Fowler (Liverpool); H. Ricardo (Middlesbrough).

Includes all competitions

## LEICESTER

(0) 2 SHEFFIELD WED

(0) 2 20,113

Jenk 48

Carbone 76

Leicester City: K. Keir, R. Chapman, S. Walsh (sub: F. Sinclair, S. Bent, G. Taggart (sub: A. Gunnigan 56), N. Elsley, S. Davies, J. Hayes (sub: D. Tappin 76), N. London, M. Tissot, A. Cooper, E. Houghton, J. Sinclair.

Sheffield Wednesday: P. Snodgrass, P. Atherton, D. Wallace, E. Thomas, A. Birchall, N. Alexander, W. Jones, P. Reid, D. Somers, A. Booth (sub: R. Humphreys 85), B. Catone.

Referee: G. Wilson.

Bolton: S. Lodge.

LIVERPOOL

(0) 1 MIDDLESBROUGH

(0) 1 Own 9

Haggerty 44

Stamp 66

King 45

Sent off: D. Matteo (Liverpool) 64

Umpired: D. James, V. Hogen, J. Carpenter, S. Stanton, D. Merton, S. Smyth, S. McAllister, J. Hartlepool, P. Ross, R. Fowler (sub: K. Reids 31), M. Owen (sub: S. Gerrard 81).

Referee: J. Winter.

Middlesbrough: M. Schenck, C. Cooper, S. Waters, S. Ross, P. Stretford, P. Sampson, G. Parker, D. Gordon, R. Mullen, S. Hart, D. Bardsley, A. Townsend (sub: N. Madson 72), J. Dicks, M. Beck.

Referee: P. Parker.

Newcastle United: P. Schmid, G. Neville, R. Johnson, J. Scott, S. Hart, N. Becham, R. Keane, S. Gibson (sub: S. Gray 65), T. P. Simeone, S. Benitez (sub: N. Baf 15), A. Cox, D. Yorke (sub: C. Davis 73).

Referee: K. Rayns.

Referee: P. Blackstock.

Referee: P. Jones.

NOTTINGHAM FOREST

(1) 1 MAN UTD

(2) 8 Rogerson 2, 66

Cole 7, 48

Evans 60, 67, 80, 89

Matthews 66

D. James 44

J. Hartlepool 1, A. Goss 1

Amstel 1 (sub: J. Matos 57), A. Johnson 5, Stone 6, S. Gerrard 1 (sub: J. Matos 57), A. Johnson 5, Stone 6, S. Gerrard 1 (sub: J. Matos 57).

Referee: P. Parker.

Newcastle United: P. Schmid, G. Neville, R. Johnson, J. Scott, S. Hart, N. Becham, R. Keane, S. Gibson (sub: S. Gray 65), T. P. Simeone, S. Benitez (sub: N. Baf 15), A. Cox, D. Yorke (sub: C. Davis 73).

Referee: K. Rayns.

Referee: P. Blackstock.

Referee: P. Jones.

Referee: P. Blackstock.

# Blue canvas from Benny Hill school of painting

The ancient Britons used to go into battle wearing nothing but blue paint, or woad. And so it was something of a return to our roots when the players in the Ireland-France rugby union match tried the same tactic on Saturday.

Well, they kept their shirts and shorts on, but they were all painted deep blue. It was one of the most bizarre sporting sights I have seen. Sport is an absurd pastime, one that forever trembles on the edge of farce. This match came close to falling over the edge and it is a tribute to a wonderfully dramatic game that it never quite happened.

Why don't sporting people ring me up before they make decisions? I make no claims to exceptional perspicacity, but I can see the obvious. And it strikes me as reasonably obvious that if you leave a load of wet paint on the ground and then get 30 fellows to roll about in it, they are going to get paint all over them.

The paint thereon is the pitch to sell something. It always is. A good idea; all it does is spoil the actual sport and make the players look like egrets. But who cares about the players, or the audience? It is surely the sponsor that matters them and nobody else.

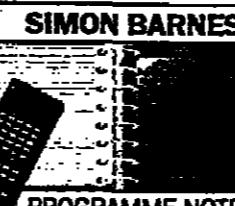
It was wonderfully and absurdly distracting. Every time play went towards the blue bit, you tensed up; are they going to fall over and roll

about in it again? Soon the players had blue faces, blue arms, blue hair, blue shorts, blue jerseys. They sought to rub blue paint from their eyes with painty blue fingers.

Trainers had to run on to the pitch with towels to wipe off the blue. You wondered if the game would have to be stopped because all of the players had become indistinguishably blue. The more it rained, the paintier it got.

And in the end, it was the rain that came to the rescue, falling so tumultuously that the players were washed in a few minutes from deepest Oxford to palest Cambridge. And we were free to bring our straying minds and giggling thoughts back to the action.

It was a wonderful and absurdly distracting. Every time play went towards the blue bit, you tensed up; are they going to fall over and roll



SIMON BARNES

## PROGRAMME NOTES

But really, it was an instructive little episode in the story of sport and sports sponsorship. Saturday afternoon brought us an unlikely alliance of greed and idiocy, with the actual sport taking second place in the calculations.

When that happens, the audience — watching for the sake of the sport, remember — takes against the interfering sponsor in a big way.

Sporting sponsors always remind me of the Benny Hill character, Fred Scuttle. Fred was always sidling into shot, trying to get on camera, no matter how little the story demanded his presence. The episode of the woad was pure Fred Scuttle; it made sport look silly and the sponsor contemptible. I have decided, however, to keep quiet about the name of the sponsor and save

them from further ridicule. I will continue to do this so long as Lloyds TSB let me off the repayments on my present loan. Is that a deal, lads?

As the afternoon wore on and the paint wore off, a breathtaking game emerged, as if an expert picture-cleaner had been called in to reveal the painter's original intention, getting rid of the self-assertive retouchings of interfering daubers.

But really, why don't these people ring me up more often? No, Glenn Michael Owen is a natural goalscorer, and while we're not on the subject, I'd keep your views on reincarnation to yourself. Alec, being captain and wicket-keeper and leading batsman is

a bit too much, you will exhaust yourself without winning anything. And look here, you Irish chaps: an international rugby team does rather need a proper goalkicker.

But Ireland picked poor David Humphreys, who is not even a first-choice kicker for his club. Folly upon folly: television, sometimes more than live sport, can bring us that sense of dreadful inevitability.

Every nuance of the Humphreys body language told us he was going to miss. And that was just his first pot at goal: by the time of the last, fatal hoof, it was all too much.

Nations always love to live up to the cliché images of themselves, and Ireland did this quite comprehensively. They outplayed and outfought the French and still managed to lose. Even when they had thrown the game away, they had a chance to win it back with a late penalty.

And with dreadful inevitability, Humphreys whacked it wide. A splendid afternoon continued with the Scotland-Wales match: the latest Welsh revival lasted this time for 11 seconds: the time it took Scotland to sell them one of the oldest and cheapest plays in the rugby union playbook.

Great stuff. How would the Five Nations Championship have coped without England? England were not in action and the clear answer was: Jolly Well. A pity it can't cope without sponsors.

'Just when you think football might have a sensitive, arty side, you are disappointed'



Hughes was appreciative of Chelsea's goodwill before the game, but was shown very little during it

Sports letters may be sent by fax to 0171-782 5211. They should include a daytime telephone number.

## RFU and the Five Nations

*From Mr Richard Prescott*

Sir, Gerald Davies is wrong to say (February 5) that the Rugby Football Union want to dispense with the Five Nations Championship. On the contrary we have gone on record many times in recent weeks to reiterate our commitment to the championship, and welcome the overdue addition of Italy to it. Our concerns were related to the Accord agreement signed in 1996, which we believe needs to be updated to acknowledge the addition of Italy. There are also a number of other issues we want clarified. An opportunity to discuss these will now take place with the Five Nations in the forthcoming weeks.

The television contract the RFU signed with Sky provided the game in England with vital revenue for all levels of the sport. I am sure Mr Davies would not begrudge the distribution of funds to junior clubs and youth development as a result of this deal.

As far as Europe is concerned the RFU want the clubs back in Europe and we will be sitting down with them very shortly to discuss their future interest in the competition.

Finally, the Anglo-Welsh competition was streamlined

to the two unions for very straightforward reasons. Firstly, Ireland could not commit players into provincial sides in a British league for a whole season. Scotland are undergoing a review of their structure, which we understand will not be completed until May or June this year but the door remains open for their involvement in future seasons.

The proposal for five Welsh clubs covered the vast majority of their international players and the suggested structure was for one season with the potential for expansion in the following years. Although the RFU and English first division clubs are happy to discuss any further points on an Anglo-Welsh league with the WRU, we are now in discussions with the clubs to plan for next season's Allied Dunbar Premiership.

**RICHARD PRESCOTT**, Director of Communications, RFU, Rugby House, Twickenham TW1 1DS.

### Carling's rating

*From Ms Susie Pover*  
Sir, "Carling voted best of British" (Loose Talk, January 28). Carling? Will Carling? That Carling? How can anyone seriously describe Carling as the best British player of the last 25 years?

I admit my partiality. I have been a Wales supporter for

more than 30 years. But I could probably list another ten players — Irish and Scots — ahead of Carling. And if it must be an English player, again there are many who would qualify ahead of him. What about, for example, someone who has more grace and talent — Jeremy Guscott.

Seriously, if you were to compile your 1973-1998 composite Lions team, would Carling even make it to the bench?

Yours sincerely  
**SUSIE POVER**  
24 Claygate Road, London W13 9XG

## Barmy Army alliance with cricket board

*From Mr Richard Peel*

Sir, Michael Henderson was wrong to state that the England and Wales Cricket Board has "announced" it would form a commercial alliance" with the Barmy Army (January 30).

In response to a question from the press, we simply thanked the Barmy Army for their support in Australia and stated that we would be prepared to listen to any commercial proposal they wished to put forward.

To date, they have not made contact with us and it is misleading to suggest that we have entered into a business relationship.

**RICHARD PEEL**, Director of Corporate Affairs, ECB, Lord's Cricket Ground, NW8 8QZ.

*From Mr Kelvin Richardson*  
Sir, For the information of Michael Henderson,

cricket supporters pay with their hard-earned money to follow the misfortunes of the national cricket team, unlike journalists and others. The Barmy Army is liked by both the press and the locals in every country it visits, as well as by the English team members themselves.

Since Mr Henderson had the misfortune to be born in the 20th century and not the 18th, I do at least possess some good news for him — he does not have to "simply grin and bear" the Barmy Army, he can always change to a more suitable profession. I would respectfully suggest the following possibilities: librarian, market gardener, editor for *Anglers' Weekly*, referee for the English Bowls Association.

Yours faithfully,  
**K. A. RICHARDSON**, Candletree Cottage, Hervines Road, Amersham, Buckinghamshire HP6 5HS.

## Hoddle's exit

*From Mr Andrew Wren*

Sir, If you "score" England games by giving three points for a win and one for a draw, then you take the total points scored and divide by the number of games, you arrive at an average score which is a simple measurement of the England manager's success. On this basis England scored better under Glenn Hoddle than under any of his four predecessors and, by this measurement alone, was the best manager England has had for at least 22 years.

## Forerunners of disc golf

*From Mr George Ince*

Sir, Disc golf (Report, February 4) must be an American adaptation of plate golf. Some

50 years ago we played a form of golf game at scout camp, using enamel eating plates to aim at a series of targets. The action needed to propel the plate was similar to that needed for a Frisbee. The flight of the plate was often spectacular, particularly when the dispatch point was the top of a hill and the target at the bottom.

The first target was always the trunk of a nominated tree, but from then on the winner of

each "hole" set the target and the distance for the next hole. Gateposts, holes in walls, fence posts, free-standing boulders all served as targets — much more variety than the standard targets of disc golf.

The great art was to hit the target softly, so that no great damage was done to the plate to destroy its balance, or indeed to make it unfit to eat from! Is this yet another game invented in Britain in which we no longer lead the world? Yours faithfully,

**GEORGE INCE**, 18 Pine Court, Doune, Perthshire FK16 6JE.

*From Mr Richard Hildesley*  
Sir, I was fascinated to read

the description of disc golf. My

late uncle, John Forrest, an

England rugby international in the 1930s, devised a similar sport in the early 1950s, while we were camping on a farm in central Wales. Pre-Frisbee, the plates were aluminium plates, the greens were blankets and groundsheets strategically dotted round the field. Simple, but the source of much pleasure, as were many of the games I dreamt up to amuse a whole generation of us, who worshipped this particular Pied Piper.

Yours nostalgically,

**RICHARD J. HILDESLEY**, Garden Cottage, Woodside, Windsor Forest, Berkshire SL4 2DP.

## This week in THE TIMES



**Tomorrow**  
After the success of 1998, how will Mika Hakkinen, above, fare this season? Kevin Eason reports from Barcelona on the launch of McLaren's new Formula One car.

**Wednesday**  
World champions France present the toughest possible test as Howard Wilkinson takes charge of England for the first time. Oliver Holt looks forward to the match at Wembley.

**Thursday**  
Will it be first blood to England or Australia in the final of the triangular one-day cricket tournament?

**Football Saturday**  
The FA Cup fifth round tie, by tie, including Fulham's prospects of upsetting Manchester United.

Five Nations Championship: France make unconvincing start to defence of their title

## Gallant Ireland must regroup after cruel blow

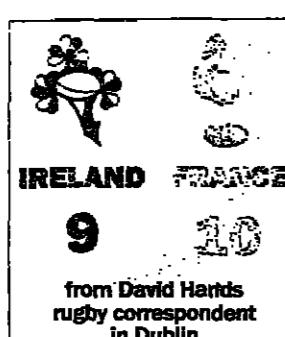
NOW we will see if Ireland's management can earn their corn. Within the next fortnight, they must find a way to restore life to a team shattered beyond belief by defeat in the opening match of the Five Nations Championship at Lansdowne Road on Saturday and, particularly, revive the morale of David Humphreys, their talented fly half.

Donal Lenihan and Warren Gatland must convince their squad that the Irish bubble has not burst, that a point does not undo so much good work nor unhinge the confidence that has welled up on the back of Ulster's drive to the European Cup.

That their next game in the Lloyds TSB championship is against dejected Wales, at Wembley on February 20, is a start, since they are the only senior rugby-playing country whom Ireland have beaten in the past four years.

The home dressing-room was like a graveyard as the French, crowding like their own cockerels, made off with the spoils that fell into their hands only in the last minute of proper time. Yet their gesticulations also told of an Irish side whose discipline in the second half, faced with lashing wind and rain and a mounting French forward effort superbly led by Thomas Lievremont, let them down.

Lenihan will direct much of his criticism at Peter Clohessy and Trevor Brennan, the replacement for Victor Costello, who has damaged ribs; their lack of control at vital moments gave France a chunk of light. That Ireland may point at Philippe Benetton, whose punch on a grounded Keith Wood went not only unpunished but remarkably unrecognised by the match officials who selected Philippe Bernat-Salles as the culprit, is neither here nor there. Wood is no angel and opponents had



suffered from his attentions earlier in the game.

The management will also grapple at the goalkicking of Humphreys, who missed four attempts, the last of which would have won the match.

With two minutes of injury time played, Humphreys lined up a penalty across the wind, then watched in horror as a kick that started centrally was blown to the right of the posts.

It was always going to be a difficult week for Humphreys, have to come down from the emotional rollercoaster of the

### MATCH DETAILS

**SCORERS:** Ireland: Penalty goals: Humphreys 3 (23, 38, 47); France: Try: Dourthe (second); Conversions: Dourthe (2), Woods (2); Penalties: Castaignede (2).

**SCORING SEQUENCE:** Ireland first: 3-0.

France second: 5-3, 9-3, 10-3.

**MAN OF THE MATCH:** France: P. O'Carroll; Ireland: D. Humphreys.

**INJURIES:** France: P. Carboneau (knee), D. Humphreys (knee), R. Berneix (finger), P. O'Mahony (knee), T. Lievremont (knee). Ireland: D. Hodge (left fibula).

**REFEREE:** P. Marshall (Australia).

European Cup final. Here he had to accept the responsibility of tactical direction and goalkicking on a playing surface that is now among the poorest in the world and was robbed, within 15 minutes of the start, of Jonathan Bell, his ally in midfield.

Bell left the field with a whiplash injury to his neck, which allowed Rob Henderson the chance to play his strongest game for his country. But the understanding between Humphreys, Bell and the absent openside flanker, Andy Ward, has been a critical element of Ulster's success and Ireland were cruelly denied it.

In reserve, Ireland have Eric Elwood and Simon Mason as potential pointsgatherers; they also have Niall Woods who has been on fire for London Irish. Were Woods given the chance to do for Ireland what Kenny Logan has done for Scotland, that would leave Humphreys to concentrate on the role of playmaker.

Elsewhere, Ireland achieved everything that could have been expected of them. Eric Miller enjoyed a mighty return to the international arena, yet the try they needed refused to come. Whatever frailties French clubs may have shown in Europe this season, there was none in their defence of the championship. Dion O'Carroll came closest to the line from a tap to the front of the lineout, but Bernat-Salles and an utterly committed Richard Dourthe headed him into the corner.

Ireland's front row had the ascendancy in the scrums, France being penalised three times for lowering and as good a prop as Christian Caffiano twisting himself inside out against Paul Wallace.

Caffiano did not reappear in the second half. Instead, Sylvain Marconnet emerged and instantly added as much to the loose play as Clohessy, his

opposite number, could not. Had Humphreys landed a 30-metre kick just before the interval, Ireland would have carried a nine-point lead into the second half, but the final half-hour saw France gain territorial domination.

When Humphreys had a

kick charged down, the French achieved the lineout from which a tapped penalty gave Dourthe possession and the centre was rolled relentless-

ly over the line by his pack. Even so, the French runners could never find space and the box-kicking of Conor McGuinness helped to send them off.

With two minutes remaining, a stupendously sustained tackle by Bremner on Philippe Carboneau sounded the alarm.

Thomas Castaignede, a less than commanding figure on the day, was not far wide with a penalty from 53 metres but was overjoyed to receive a sec-

ond chance from 27 metres when Wallace was offside at a ruck. The little blond kicked the goal nervelessly, but Ireland responded with a wonderfully direct charge. The penalty was given against Frank Tournaire for preventing quick release, but, for Humphreys, the good fortune that has attended so much of his season had run out.

Simon Barnes, page 33

P.W.D.L.F.A.P.	
Scotland 1	1 0 0 33 20 2
France 1	1 0 0 37 27 2
England 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
Ireland 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
Wales 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
Weeks	1 0 1 20 33 0

FIXTURES

Feb 20: England v Scotland, Twickenham; Wales v Ireland, Wembley; Mar 8: Ireland v England, Dublin; France v Wales, Paris, Mar 20: England v France, Twickenham; Scotland v Ireland, Dublin; Mar 27: Ireland v France, Paris, Apr 10: France v Scotland, Paris, Apr 11: Wales v England, Wembley.
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## Injuries dampen Scotland triumph

BY MARK SOUTER

SERIOUS injury to two players took the shine off the Scottish celebrations after their morale-boosting victory over Wales at Murrayfield.

Duncan Hodge, the Scotland fly half, almost certainly will miss the remainder of the Five Nations Championship and probably the rest of the season after breaking a bone in his left fibula; Doddie Weir, Scotland's most experienced player and a crucial figure in the lineout, is doubtful for the Calcutta Cup game at Twickenham a week on Saturday after severely spraining his right ankle just before half-time.

Arthur Hastie, the Scotland team manager, said: "Duncan will be assessed again in the next fortnight but his chances of playing in the remainder of the championship must be regarded as doubtful."

Other casualties included Martin Leslie, who needed five stitches in a cheek wound, Alan Tait (badly cut finger) and Kenny Logan, who strained a knee and was unfit to play for Wasps yesterday against Bath. However, they are all expected to play at Twickenham.

Hodge's injury could solve a selection dilemma for Scotland, allowing Townsend to retain his place, with either Tait or a fit again Jamie Mayer at outside centre. For once, Scotland have strength in depth from which to choose. Stuart Grimes capably filled Weir's place in the second row. "Every player in the 22 is good enough to play internationals. In previous years we only had 14 or 15," Logan said.

After only four months in Scotland, John Leslie has become an indispensable component in the country's rugby machine. Leslie was expected to fulfil a contract in Japan but is hopeful that negotiations between the Scottish Rugby Union (SRU) and its Japanese counterpart will allow him to stay in Scotland.

"I really feel at home here," he said, after his debut in the Five Nations. "Whoever said the tournament was boring doesn't know what they are talking about."



Hodge: broken left fibula

## Humphreys left kicking himself as victory escapes

DAVID HUMPHREYS wears a scrum cap. This is commonplace for a forward who shoves his head between the bony hips of a colleague or wants to avoid a series of thumpings from an opponent that will leave him with two cauliflower flowers for the rest of his life. It is unusual, though, for a fly half.

Perhaps we now know why. Maybe the padding of the headgear helps to lift the weight of expectations that Humphreys had to bear against France. After all, Humphreys was his team's goalkicker. He was the man who was going to kick Ireland to victory over France. Why? Because the force and recent formbook had been going the way

### John Hopkins on the perils of being a goalkicker and Ireland's selection policy

pean Cup final was mild and still with little wind. The morning of the match against France was overcast, cold and wet. Rain fell almost incessantly, light at first, in sheets later.

Humphreys, whose tactical kicking had been precise for Ulster and who had launched some enormous garyowans, missed two penalties in the first seven minutes and, soon afterwards, kicked a ball straight into touch. Seven days earlier he had done very little wrong; now, for the opening minutes anyway, he could very little right.

If it is a cliché that a week is a

long time in politics, it is one in rugby as well. The day of the Euro-

One of the memories of this game is of a moment when Humphreys shaped to kick in midfield. Everyone in the 50,000-strong crowd assumed he was going to kick so did the French players. But, in a classic display of fly-half intuition, he suddenly and electrically chose to run – darting athletically and speedily through a gap in the French defence. It was one of those instances that brings you to the edge of your seat. A couple of sliced kicks from hand apart, Humphreys did little wrong.

Yet a more lasting memory of him on Saturday is his kicking at goal. Having missed those two penalties early on, he then missed one at the very end, one that would have given Ireland a lead of 12-10. It is fair to assume, victory.

Pity the goalkicker. A hero when his kicks go over, he has to endure the sullen glance, at best, and public criticism, at worst, when they go wide. There are three good goalkicking halves available for Ireland at present. Humphreys is the fourth. The implication is that it was risky for Ireland to go into this match without one of their best goalkickers.

"It's a fair point to make," Warren Gatling, the Ireland coach, said after the game, "but David is one of the top goalkickers in the country. He had been kicking well all week. It is disappointing."

Donal Lenihan, the Ireland team manager, said the way that they had looked like winning reminded him of their defeat by Australia in the 1991 World Cup.

He looked and sounded bitterly disappointed. So too, did Gatling,

who believes that Irish rugby has progressed considerably in the past two years.

One of the cardinal rules of the game, though, is that the goalkicker is the first name to be written down on a team sheet. Ireland ignored

that on Saturday and paid a hefty price.

They did have one chance to redeem themselves in the final minute through David Humphreys. But the penalty, in kickable range, was no "gimme" as the wind and rain, which had such an influence on the game, was against him.

Sadly, Humphreys missed,

but he should never have been put in this position by the Irish selectors, for he has not been kicking regularly for Ulster. Simon Mason has had that responsibility and performed almost without fault, but he is not in the team as Conor O'Shea has been in such devastating form.

Niall Woods should have played and been handed the goalkicking duties. His success rate this season in the Premiership is above 80 per cent and his inclusion would have kept the exceptional London Irish back three of O'Shea, Woods and Bishop together.

The Irish should take heart from their performances the French, on the other hand, were a disappointment and seemed more intent on maiming the Irish than attempting

to win. I am not saying that the Irish are saints when it comes to intimidation – Peter Clohessy, a prime example, was spoken to constantly by the referee.

Philippe Carboneau, the France scrum half, must be the most annoying, unpredictable and niggly player in world rugby; he cannot walk past an opposition player without stepping on hands or pulling a jumper. Referees and touch judges must keep him under control before he causes a nasty incident.

There were other running battles. Raphael Ibanez, the French captain and hooker, spent most of the match attempting to attack Keith Woods, his opposite number. The French need to concentrate on their game. Their han-

ding, even given the wet weather, was poor. They will also need to be more disciplined if they are to threaten England.

The Dublin match, enthralling in every old-fashioned aspect, was in complete contrast to that at Murrayfield, which was a celebration of wonderful rugby. It had everything. What the game showed was that the teams and coaches are not afraid of innovation and, as a result, we are watching increasingly entertaining and higher-quality matches.

Wales overcomplicated matters. There were times when they just needed to settle, take some yardage and do the simple things first. Once they get things working they will be formidable. Neil Jenkins is turning into a class act at fly half, with everyone around him reading from the same page. They have plenty of ability to cope with a game-plan that requires people to operate with finesse and power and under defensive pressure.

But, from the first whistle,

when a switched kick-off worked to perfection, to Scott Murray going over to seal victory, Scotland's was a superb performance. They did not have it all their own way, but the Scottish forwards drove relentlessly at the heart of the Welsh pack and splintered them. Scotland did not do anything too flash, and they tackled until the Welsh could take no more.

A marvellous start, then.

Now what does this last Five Nations Championship have in store?

### Lloyds Bank Savings Interest Rates for Personal Customers

Annual		Monthly	
Previous	New	Previous	New
AER/Gross %	AER/Gross %	AER %	Gross %
£10,000+	5.85	5.05	5.30
£50,000+	5.15	4.65	3.72
£25,000+	4.80	4.30	3.44
£10,000+	4.40	3.90	3.12
Annual		Quarterly	
Previous	New	Previous	New
AER/Gross %	AER/Gross %	AER %	Gross %
£50,000+	5.00	4.50	3.60
£25,000+	4.45	4.00	3.20
£10,000+	4.15	3.65	2.92
£2,500+	3.80	3.25	2.60
Annual		Monthly	
Previous	New	Previous	New
AER/Gross %	AER/Gross %	AER %	Gross %
£10,000+	2.70	2.10	1.68
£5,000+	2.20	1.60	1.28
£2,500+	2.00	1.40	1.12
Below £250	0.20	0.20	0.16
Annual		Monthly	
Previous	New	Previous	New
AER/Gross %	AER/Gross %	AER %	Gross %
£200+	1.75	1.75	1.40
£100+	1.50	1.50	1.20
Below £100	1.30	1.30	1.04
Annual		Quarterly	
Previous			





Ivo Tennant watches a new generation turn their hand to basketball

## Youngsters shine at different game

THE popularity of basketball within schools is not the least reason for its standing as the fastest-growing indoor sport. Glorified on television and glamourised in fashion, the appeal is to the most impressionable. As evidenced in the final of the English Schools Association under-14 competition yesterday, in which Moulton completed a 52-48 victory over Greensward, standards are improving every year.

The competition had culminated in eight schools contesting the final rounds over the weekend at Greensward in Hockley, a spa town turned commuter stop on the hectic Liverpool Street to Southend line. All 1,350 pupils who attend this grant-maintained mixed comprehensive play basketball as part of the curriculum as well as outside school hours. Three girls, Vicki Willmore, Louise Gammon and Sarah Hopkins, have represented England at under-15 and under-16 levels.

Indeed, the growth of the sport within schools, particularly the state sector, is remarkable. Tony Mescall, the organiser of this competition and the PE teacher at Greensward, never played basketball at all in his youth — “I am from South Wales, where rugby and football were the sports,” he said — and Moulton, a mixed comprehensive of 1,200 pupils near Northampton, was better known for



nurturing Ian Salisbury, the England leg spinner.

Neither of the finalists had won this shield before. Greensward's most prominent former pupil is Martin Girvan, the hammer thrower who distinguished himself with silver medals at two Commonwealth Games.

Increased television coverage has done a great deal for the sport and so has the clothing and fashion.” Paul Smith, the Moulton coach, said. “Every American film has a basketball connotation these days. Girls have got the bug and keep playing, so the standard is twice as good as when we started four years ago.”

Football is still the most popular sport at Moulton — inevitably — and Northamptonshire send players to



Greensward School girls grapple with a student from Moulton School centre, in the under-14 English schools basketball final

the school to coach cricket, but basketball, according to Smith, “has dragged in a lot of kids who would not normally play sport”. Two of their girls who took part in this final, Sophie Freeman and Andrea Wanstall, are in the England under-15 squad.

There are further benefits. The impressive new sports hall at Greensward, built last September through

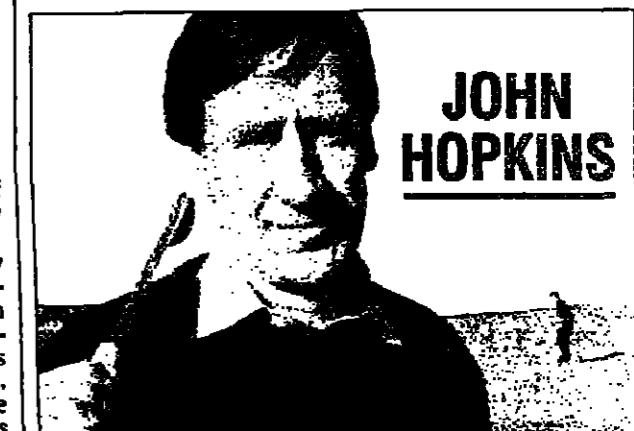
up with change in teaching is in the wrong place.”

The significance of basketball to young people was also apparent from the fact that, in addition to Rochford Council, the sponsors included Nike. An England scout was also present, which was not surprising given that Greensward has teams of girls in the finals of the English Schools Association under-15s, the semi-finals of the under-16s and the quarter-finals of the under-19s. And the boys can play a bit, as well.

Although Moulton looked likely winners throughout this final, Greensward always kept their lead within bounds. Freeman was a tall, dominant player, scoring 27 of Moulton's 53 points. The captain, Ellie Birch, also caught the eye. Her opposite number, Willmore, 13, who has already represented England at under-15 level, achieved scores no fewer than 29 of Greensward's 48 points. There were moves executed in the match which would not have been attempted in schools basketball a few years ago.

Willmore has been playing basketball for only two years, having started at school. “My father was in the British Olympic squad for diving in 1980 before having to drop out,” she said. “But this is a sport that is new to my family. I am ambitious to continue playing after I leave Greensward.”

## Bonallack will be a hard act to follow



JOHN BONALLACK

competed in nine Walker Cup teams, being the playing captain of the one that won at St Andrews in 1971.

Two weeks ago, he was playing in a pro-am tournament with Ernie Els at Stellendorf, near Cape Town. Last week, he was in Kenya. He will be off to the US for the Players' Championship in March and will act as a referee at the Masters in April. Who besides any player who thinks they can intimidate him into giving them a free drop.

Seve Ballesteros did precisely this a few years ago when his ball ended in an iffy lie and he called for a ruling. The moment that Bonallack's buggy hove into sight, with Bonallack wearing a blazer, his head covered by a baseball cap, Ballesteros probably knew he had no chance. He stated his case, Bonallack, who has known the odd bad lie in his time, listened unimpressed and then said, correctly and curtly: “Play it.”

The man who brought Michael Bonallack to St Andrews is Colin MacLaine, a



Bonallack: bowing out

retired dentist from Lytham St Annes, and one of few Britons who are members of Augusta National. MacLaine, a past captain of the R & A, has recounted the story of how he persuaded Bonallack to take the job when they were sharing a taxi.

“There were 285 applicants and I whittled it down to 16. When we got down to the last four, they all went to the test by an industrial psychologist. I still have the report on Michael somewhere. I remember the chap said that we should not be put off by his laid-back manner. He said that Michael would open his eyes wide enough to solve the problem in front of him and then go back to sleep again.”

Applicants to succeed him include former international players, administrators and businessmen who play golf. It had been thought that the R & A might take this opportunity to make a root and branch change, but after a review three years ago this is not likely.

“The R & A is a highly efficient, tightly run organisation and that is good,” Frank Harrigan, Fay's predecessor at the USGA, said. “The R & A has a staff of what, 30? I think it is wonderful. If Michael has been responsible for curbing the growth of bureaucracy, then God bless him.”

## Langer's clanger gives Long title

BERNHARD LANGER, of Germany, had a triple bogey at the last hole to hand the Greg Norman International to Michael Long, of New Zealand, at The Lakes in Sydney yesterday.

Langer, who was seeking his first victory for 15 months, stood at ten under par with the 18th to play but hit his tee shot into a bunker. His second shot went over the green and then he chipped short. Langer was penalised a stroke for bumping his marker and needed two putts.

Langer finished with 80 for a seven under par total, while Long's final round of 72 had him at nine under par on 23.

Langer slipped to third place in the \$640,000 (around £400,000) tournament with Michael Campbell, of New

Zealand, second on eight under par. Long had started the day in fifth place, six shots behind Langer.

In the Malaysian Open, Padraig Harrington, of Ireland, missed a two-foot putt in Kuala Lumpur that cost him more than \$17,500 (around £11,000). Rather than finishing in joint second place with Alex Cejka, of Germany, and Bob May, of the United States, Harrington was in a five-way tie for fourth and instead of earning \$33,981 (around £21,000), he collected \$16,434 (£10,000). Gerry Norquist, of the US, won the event.

“A spectator clicked a camera as I putted, but it's my fault for hearing it,” he said. “I'm just disgusted. I lost concentration. It was harder to miss it than hole it.”

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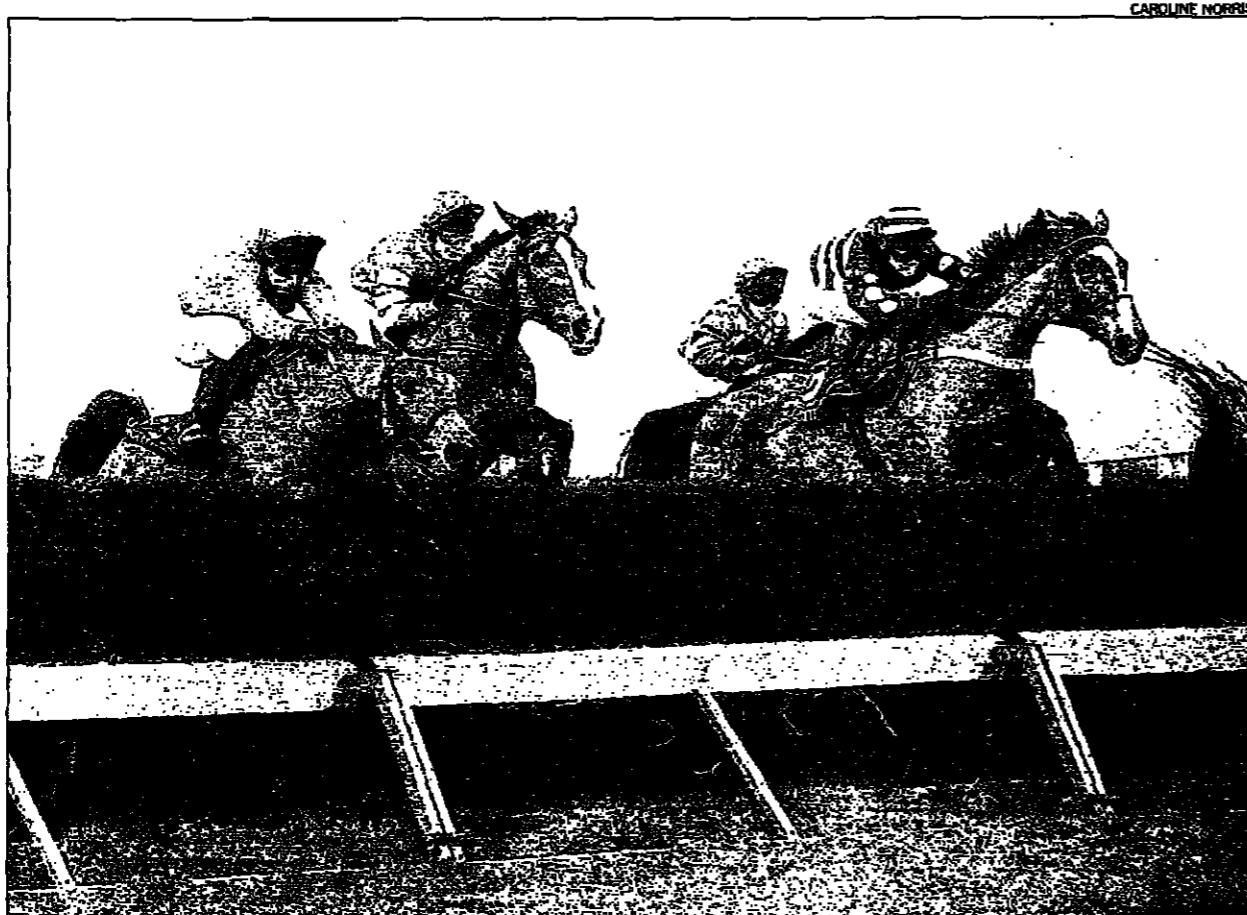
RACING: DRESS REHEARSAL GOES ACCORDING TO THE SCRIPT FOR CHELTENHAM HOPEFULS

# Florida Pearl has world as his oyster

FROM RICHARD EVANS,  
RACING CORRESPONDENT,  
AT LEOPARDSTOWN

AN ADVERTISEMENT for the Samaritans, offering a 24 hours a day service for people in crisis, was tagged ominously onto the Leopardstown racecard published in a Dublin newspaper yesterday. As events turned out, with Ireland's best Cheltenham Festival hopes completing a successful dress rehearsal, it might have been better placed alongside the report detailing the nation's latest rugby woes.

Indeed, far from feeling desperate, upwards of 20,000 Irish racegoers left here with



Florida Pearl, second left, tracks Boss Doyle and Escartefique, right, before winning at Leopardstown yesterday

Cognac Gold Cup. Backers hardly had a nervous moment as he jumped with confidence and made only one minor error, four fences from home.

Richard Dunwoody, who had anchored Florida Pearl towards the rear of the field until that small blip, then allowed him to stride up towards the leaders and jump the third last in front. Travelling sweetly in the lead, he looked likely to run away from his rivals, but Escartefique battled on gamely under a hard ride from Rich-

ard Johnson — which earned him a three-day riding ban for whip abuse — to finish only two lengths adrift at the line.

Teeton Mill beat David Nicolson's runner by six lengths in the King George VI Chase at Kempton, but Florida Pearl's style of racing almost certainly means he is never going to win by a big distance.

Yesterday's winning margin does not do him justice and a stronger gallop at Cheltenham will be to his benefit.

The smile on the face of Dun-

woody as fellow jockeys congratulated him suggested he knows another Tote Cheltenham Gold Cup is his for the taking — and that is a view shared by the layers. The sponsor makes him 5-2 favourite.

The way Florida Pearl idled in front prompted some doubt as to whether he will truly stay the extended 3½-mile trip at Cheltenham, and Mullins has no fears on that score. "Don't forget when he first ran at Cheltenham two years ago we

were not sure whether to run him in the four-mile chase or the bumper."

Florida Pearl's win capped an impressive day for festival-bound runners, which went uncannily to script. Knive Edge maintained his unbeaten record over timber when landing a slowly-run Spring Juvenile Hurdle and is generally 10-1 third favourite for the Triumph. "He will be a better horse in a truly-run race and whatever passes him up the hill at Cheltenham will win

the Triumph," Michael O'Brien, trainer of the 6-4 on favourite said.

Alexander Banquet, winner of the Cheltenham bumper last season, showed admirable battling qualities to maintain his unbeaten record in the Deloitte and Touche Novice Hurdle, although his hurdling was far from foot-perfect. Willie Mullins's runner is 5-1 second favourite behind Barton for the Royal & SunAlliance Hurdle.

However, the most impressive display was produced by Nick Dundee, who is now as short as 7-4 for the Royal & SunAlliance Chase — and only 12-1 for next year's Chelten-

ham Gold Cup — after a faultless round of jumping in the Dr. P.J. Moriarty Novice Chase. "He is the best novice chaser I have ever had," Edward O'Grady, winner of 15 Festival races, said.

The victory of Limestone Lad under a big weight in a competitive handicap served to underline the Stayers' Hurdle credentials of Le Coudray, who hammered yesterday's winner by 20 lengths recently. At around 5-1 for Cheltenham, the J.P. McManus-owned hurdler looks a solid bet.

RICHARD EVANS

## BIG-RACE DETAILS

3.40 HENNESSY COGNAC GOLD CUP (Grade 1 £59 500 Jpn)  
1. FLORIDA PEARL (I) Dunwoody 6-15  
2. BOSS DOYLE (I) Teeton 12-1  
3. ADDINGTON BOY (I) Maguire 13-11  
4. ALSO IN RAIN (I) Bob Treacy 15th 10  
5. PAPILLON (I) Roger Smith 10  
6. BOSS (I) Paul Nicholls 10  
7. DAK (I) Del W P Mullins 10  
8. BAGNOLE (I) David O'Brien 10  
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**Mark Sharon makes tracks for the Manchester Velodrome, where cycling can be an uphill task**



**M**anchester does not have weather, it suffers it. That is why the Manchester Velodrome has a roof. It prevents the sort of downpour that soaked me when I arrived for my first session, from turning the world's fastest cycle track into a swimming pool.

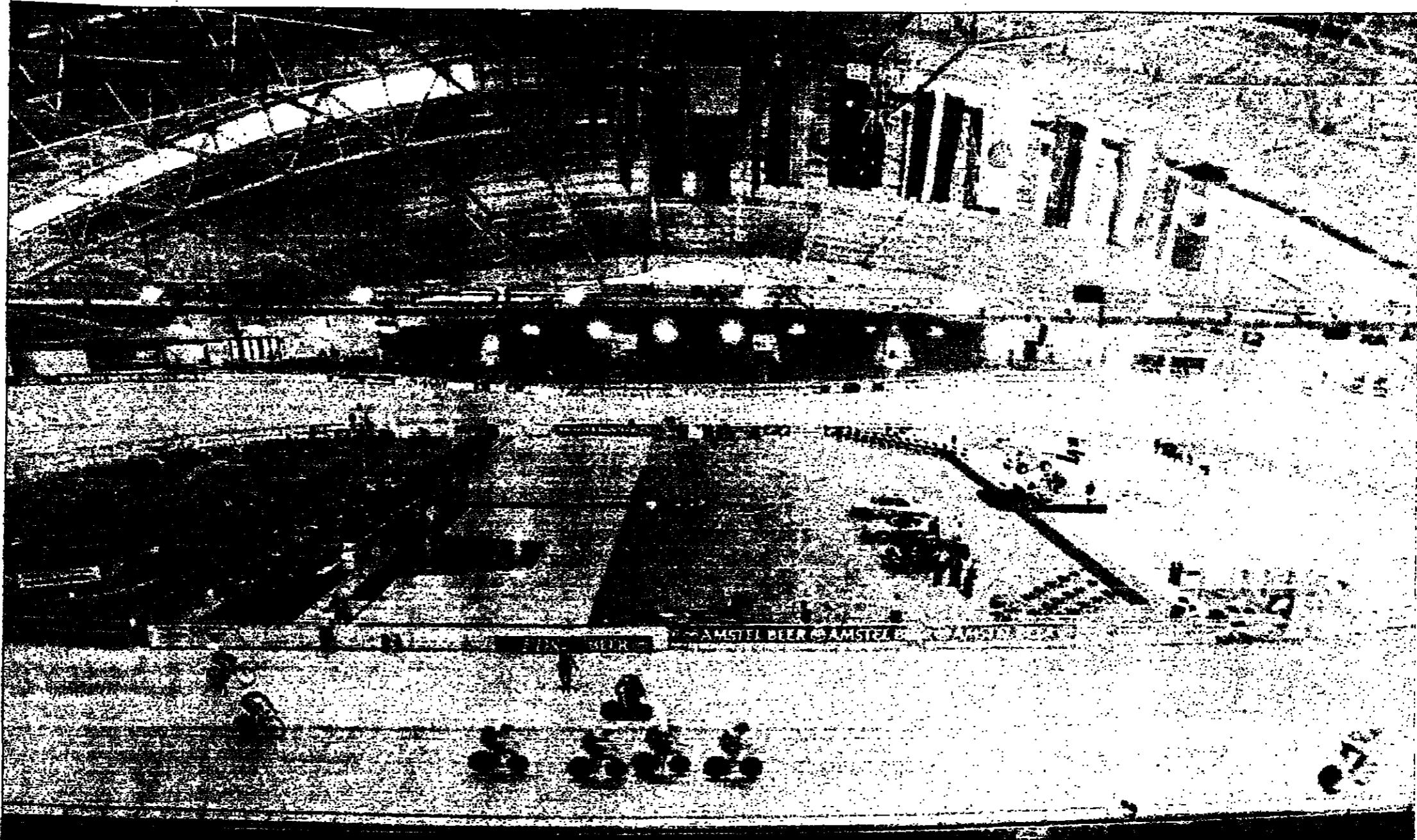
As roofs go, the Velodrome's actually is quite beautiful. From the outside, its great curved profile sits like the shell of an enormous metallic turtle, but as I approached, I realised that it was really an altar on which I could be about to sacrifice my dignity — or worse.

Inside, it is cavernous. Certainly television can never do justice to the 250-metre sweep of track. I expected something like the "wall of death", but actually it is shaped like the brim of a Stetson with the narrow ends turned up.

It is the angle of the banking that takes your breath away. From the bottom, the slope rears above you, 42 degrees of rubber-streaked Siberian pine at its steepest, dropping to 12½ degrees along the sides. The surface is too smooth to be able to climb to the top unless you have crampons. It is one of the world's newest and finest track venues and, since it opened in 1994, the Velodrome has seen a number of high-profile records tumble.

Track cycling is the purest form of the sport, but always has been a remote world, populated by people with enormous thighs. I could have gone easily to my grave never having ridden the track, but for an invitation to Manchester from Tim Lawson, director of Science in Sport (SIS), the sports nutrition manufacturer.

"Many top cyclists and sports journalists have never even seen a track, so we want to get them down for some lessons with the professionals, and then have a few races to get a real flavour for it," Lawson said. I was booking my train ticket almost before he had finished the bit about



The track at the cavernous Manchester Velodrome, which opened in 1994, rises above the cyclists at a frightening angle, but it is one of the best venues and a setting for Boardman's world hour record two years later

## Learning to make the gradient

beers and curry to follow. SIS has sponsored many of Britain's top cyclists, on and off the track for several years, including mountain bikers, BMX-ers and those maniacs, the downhillers.

Their most famous rider, though, is Chris Boardman, who has had some of his greatest rides at Manchester, including his 1996 world hour record of 56.375km.

About 100 of us had accepted the invitation. At the track-

side, we were placed in the hands of Gary Barber, who introduced us to the tool of the trade — the bike.

A track bike is a thing of engineering beauty. Perfectly proportioned, seemingly fragile but utterly impractical for everyday use, they can be costly, too. The likes of Boardman ride things that cost the same as a motorbike, but by weighing 16lb or less actually are worth pound for pound, more than a Ferrari. Yet it still has

only a single fixed gear and no brakes. I must have been insane.

You can pretend that you are within the bounds of normality up to the second that you leave the safety of the handrail. You are sitting on a saddle, holding onto handlebars and your feet are in pedals. Then, as soon as you push away, all that familiarity is gone. You can only liken it to that first time on skis.

Around the inside of the

track there is a flat zone — wide enough for the ambulance that we hope we do not need. We ambled around it for our first few laps as we got used to the bike, before Gary urged us to get onto the track. That meant a lot more speed. My first few attempts to get onto the banking must have looked pathetic. I seemed to have forgotten how to turn the handlebars to the right. Then suddenly I was up. It was barely two feet up the track, but I felt really proud of myself — until I hit the first turn.

My first ski instructor was an Austrian called Eric, who would cry: "Lean out, no lean back," as he encouraged us to commit to the slope. I found myself desperately needing him again as my mind battled with the concept of leaning over when the banking was already angled precipitously.

Soon, though, you come to relish the lurch to the left as you whip around the corner. If you are going fast enough it is almost impossible to fall off, unless, of course, you hit something, or someone.

After several kilometres, I was ready for a break, so I sought our Boardman in the fitness suite below the track. I asked him if we were going to see him up on the boards, even for the fun of it. I could see him digest the word "fun" before replying: "I don't think so. It's a bit like a brickie being invited to give an exhibition on bricklaying."

I think I see his point. The idea of riding around the track without a record in his sights can hardly have been exhilarating and I imagine that he would not want to risk sharing the track with a pack of novices.



Boardman, left, passes on a few tips on the art of track cycling to Sharon, one of the novices

doing 70mph on a motorway that has no lane markings. It is fantastic fun, though, elbow to elbow, not daring to look to either side. It is easy to cover a couple of miles at 25mph without really noticing.

I was doing well until I tried to avoid someone pulling up in front. My immediate reaction was to stop pedalling. I did not have time to make any other mistakes. Riding a fixed gear means you cannot just stop pedalling. If you do, your legs are jerked around so much that you feel they are going to be ripped off. Getting back to your rhythm quickly is the only alternative to a crash.

As an introduction, the day had provided more than enough for everyone to be proud of. The track has a fascination that must agree could become addictive. It is also like being invited into the inner sanctum of cycling when they have left the door open.

### SHEEHAN on BRIDGE

By ROBERT SHEEHAN, BRIDGE CORRESPONDENT  
After 40 boards of the 1998 Gold Cup semi-finals, Cohen's team were 57 IMPs down to Price. Board 41 started their comeback.

**Dealer East**      N-S game      IMPs  
♦ A10  
♥ A Q 10  
♦ A J 1074  
♦ A K 7  
  
♦ 9 8 3  
♦ 8 7 6 4 3  
♦ K 9  
♦ Q 9 8  
  
♦ J 10 6 5 4 3  
  
W      N      E      S  
Halberg      Schapiro      Simpson      Gordon  
—      —      2 S      Pass  
3 S      Double      4 S      5 C  
Pass      6 C      All Pass  
  
Contract: Six Clubs by South. Lead: nine of spades.

After West's thin raise of East's Weak Two, North clearly had to double (for take-out of course). Now East took the unusual action of bidding on. Normally if you have opened a Weak Two you leave the rest of the decisions to your partner, but exceptional distribution does occasionally justify another move. Here it baulked North-South into Six Clubs, a contract they might not have bid if left to themselves. With all of North's cards working, Six Clubs is an excellent contract.

After winning the spade lead Gordon cashed two top clubs. Even though this meant he had a trump loser, he was able to get dummy's spade away on a heart before West could ruff in.

At the other table Sandkvist as West passed

### KEENE on CHESS

By RAYMOND KEENE  
CHESS CORRESPONDENT

#### Oxford application

With the annual Varsity match between the teams from Oxford and Cambridge due on Saturday, March 6, at the RAC in London, moves are afoot to recognise chess at Oxford in the same way that Cambridge University already does. For many years, Cambridge has awarded half blue recognition to their chess team. However, their chess-playing colleagues at Oxford have not yet been similarly honoured.

Tomorrow Oxford will apply to the Oxford Blues Committee for half-blue recognition in the Oxford-Cambridge Varsity Match.

Both Oxford and Cambridge have an excellent record in producing top class chess talent, including Jon Speelman, a World Champion semi-finalist and David Norwood, a captain of the British Olympic Team.

#### Drawn match

A ten-game match between Britain's top ranked grandmaster Michael Adams and the leading US grandmaster Yasser Seirawan has ended in a 5½ tie. Today I give one victory to Adams and the full cross-table of results.

**White:** Yasser Seirawan  
**Black:** Michael Adams  
**Mermaid Beach Club**  
**Bermuda 1999**

**Final cross-table**

In the above table, 1 represents a win, ½ a draw, and 0 a loss

#### Nimzo-Indian Defence

#### 1. d4 Nf6

#### 2. c4 e6

#### 3. Nc3 b6

#### 4. Nf3 Bb4

#### 5. Qb3+ g5

#### 6. Bg5 Bg5

#### 7. Rd1+ 0-0

#### 8. Bxg5 Rxg5+

#### 9. Rxe3 Qe7

#### 10. Rxe3+ Be2

#### 11. d5 Bf6

#### 12. 0-0 Nb6

#### 13. Nd2 Rb8

#### 14. Bf4 Qe8

#### 15. Bg5 Nh5

#### 16. Bxf6 Nxf6

#### 17. Bxf6 Nxf6

#### 18. Rxe4 Nxe4

#### 19. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 20. Rxe4+ Nxe4

#### 21. Bxe4+ Bxe4

#### 22. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 23. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 24. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 25. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 26. Rxe4+ Bxe4

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#### 31. Rxe4+ Bxe4

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#### 33. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 34. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 35. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 36. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 37. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 38. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 39. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 40. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### 41. Rxe4+ Bxe4

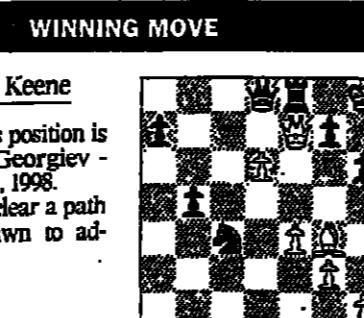
#### 42. Rxe4+ Bxe4

#### KEENE online

You can send me your queries, puzzles, problems and games direct by email. The address is [keenechess@aol.com](mailto:keenechess@aol.com). The best contributions from Times readers will be published, either here or in the Sunday Times Weekend column.

#### Final cross-table

In the above table, 1 represents a win, ½ a draw, and 0 a loss



Solution, page 44

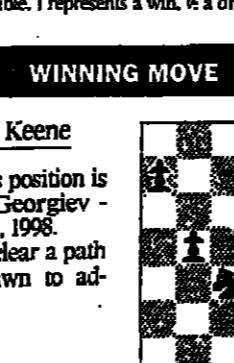
#### WORD-WATCHING

By Philip Howard

- ESRJ a. A stringed instrument
- b. An ice cream
- c. A meat plant
- COTHAM a. A heavy linen
- b. Lime stone
- c. Mug in shape of a man

Answers, page 44

#### WINNING MOVE



Solution, page 44

## Buck the trend as Middlesex close in

By CATHY HARRIES

MIDDLESEX'S determined challenge to capture their first English Counties League title showed no sign of faltering when they comfortably defeated Bedfordshire, the 1997 winners, 51-33 to retain pole position in the table.

Only four points separate the top three after their closest rivals, Derbyshire and Essex Met, the champions, recorded convincing victories against Birmingham and Surrey respectively. Lorraine Law, who was sidelined with an ankle injury for the international against Wales last week, returned for the holders, but Lyn Carpenter, her England team-mate, limped out of the Surrey side before half-time with a similar injury.

Shooter Mel Buck laid the foundations for Middlesex's triumph, scoring 44 of her

team's goals, but Helen Lansdale, playing in her last game before joining her England team-mates, Amanda Newton, from Essex, and Naomi Siddall and Olivia Murphy, of Derbyshire, in New Zealand this month, was also in great form.

Sally Horrox, the Middlesex captain, said: "It was good to have our England defender Helen Manuor back for her first full game after injury."

Karen Aspinall, the Loughborough University student, turned in a match-winning performance at wing attack for Derbyshire as they crushed Birmingham 56-32. Rosie Port, the Derbyshire coach, also praised the accuracy of Lisa Toplis, the former England shooter, who scored 36 goals, including a 100 per cent record in the second half.

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Shooter Mel Buck laid the



Law Report February 8 1999 Queen's Bench Division

# Duty of English clearing bank collecting stolen cheque

The Honourable Society of the Middle Temple and Lloyd's Bank plc and Another

Before Mr Justice Rix

Judgment January 21

When an English clearing bank collected a stolen English cheque marked "a/c payee only", as agent for a foreign collecting bank, whose customer was not the payee of the cheque and who took off with the proceeds, the English clearing bank was liable to the true owner of the cheque.

The Commercial Court of the Queen's Bench Division so held in allowing a claim by the Honourable Society of the Middle Temple that Lloyd's Bank plc and Sekerbank Nisan Sirketi were liable to Middle Temple in acting negligently in the conversion of Middle Temple's cheque.

Mr Antonio Bueno, QC and Mr Jake Davies for the Middle Temple; Mr Peter Goldsmith, QC and Mr William Blair, QC, for Lloyds Bank; Mr Adrian Beltramini for Sekerbank.

MR JUSTICE RIX said that the dispute arose from what was assumed to be the theft in the post of a cheque drawn by the Middle Temple payable to its insurers, Sun Alliance Insurance Ltd, in the sum of £183,189.89 and drawn on its bankers Child & Co.

The cheque was dated January 4, 1995, crossed "Not negotiable, A/C payee only". The Cheques Act 1992 had come into force on June 16, 1992 and therefore applied to make such a cheque non-transferable under English law.

On January 11, the cheque turned up in Turkey where it was presented to the Istanbul (4 Levent) branch of Sekerbank by a man

called Kamil Sesen who was not an existing customer of that bank. Sekerbank agreed to collect the cheque for Mr Sesen and sent it to Lloyd's Bank for collection.

On January 20, the cheque was debited by Child and Co to the Middle Temple's account. Also on January 20, Lloyd's received a urgent message from Sekerbank which stated that its client was in a difficult position and urged them of the need to credit the cheque promptly.

On January 23 it was credited to Lloyds and on January 24 by Lloyds to Sekerbank. On January 25 and 26, Mr Sesen withdrew the majority of the proceeds in cash from the account which it had been permitted by Sekerbank to open to receive the proceeds of the cheque.

On February 13 it was realised that the cheque had gone astray but had nevertheless been paid. Middle Temple and not Sun Alliance was to be treated as the true owner of the cheque.

**Banking practice**

His Lordship's conclusions derived from the evidence of witnesses as to banking practice were:

1. Clearing banks continued to recognise a duty to the true owner even in respect of cheques sent for collection by foreign banks, indeed the law demanded that they did so, subject to their defence under section 4 of the Cheques Act 1957.

2. Clearing banks recognised a duty to have regard for the specificities of the payee, to specific types of danger which caused them to notice, such as that of counterfeited cheque forms, or fraudulently overstamped cheques.

What could be done in all the circumstances to guard against such dangers, and what in any particular situation might or might not be regarded as a discharge of their

duty, was not for his Lordship to say.

As to the question of the identity of the foreign bank's customer in relation to the named payee of an a/c payee cheque, virtually every cheque nowadays, their general practice was to assume that the foreign bank had carried out the necessary inquiries and adopted the necessary precautions, and that that acquired them of the need to credit the cheque promptly.

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What could be done in all the circumstances to guard against such dangers, and what in any particular situation might or might not be regarded as a discharge of their

increased automation applied to that class of business since that time. Was Lloyds liable to Middle Temple?

The clearing bank which acted as agent for collection for another bank or financial institution, such as building society or post office, domestic or foreign, was dealing with a customer which was interposed between it and the ultimate individual customer for whom the cheque was collected.

Although the clearing bank continued to owe a duty, in the Marofin sense (see *Marofin and Co Ltd v Midland Bank Ltd* [1968] 1 WLR 956), to the true owner of the cheque, it was in general entitled to consider that that duty would be performed by due reliance on its own customer to have regard for the interests of the true owner.

Similarly, if it came to their notice that a correspondent bank appeared not to have regard for its obligations to the owners of cheques, they would take steps to put that right.

However, the extent to which the clearing bank was justified in depending on its own customer in that sense must depend on all the circumstances.

Where a clearing bank was agent for collection for a domestic bank, it was entirely justified in assuming that the domestic bank knew the extent of its own responsibilities for the purposes of collecting an a/c payee cheque since the end of 1992.

Where, however, the clearing bank was acting on behalf of a foreign correspondent bank, it did not necessarily follow that it was justified similarly and to the same extent in assuming that the foreign bank was aware of its responsibilities under English law.

It seemed to his Lordship that that practice reflected, and was in essence consistent with the judgments in *Importers Co Ltd v Westminster Bank Ltd* [1927] 2 KB 297, having regard to the changes in the law and to the growth of and in-

creased automation applied to that class of business since that time. Was Lloyds liable to Middle Temple?

The change effected by the 1992 Act was a case in point. Despite what must have been long familiarity with the "a/c payee" crossing, a foreign banker would not have known, without being aware of the 1992 Act itself, that such a crossing made an English cheque non-transferable.

A foreign bank would not have known, unless it had been aware of the 1992 Act that following that Act such a cheque could only be paid to the named payee.

Midland bank thought it right to advise its correspondent banks of the change effected by the 1992 Act and Barclays Bank did much the same but in the end decided not to do so.

In his Lordship's judgment Midland and Barclays acted prudently and Lloyds did not. Lloyds was unable to say that it had followed good banking practice.

In his Lordship's judgment, Lloyds had failed to prove that it was put on inquiry. If it had started asking questions of Sekerbank, it seemed obvious that the fraud would have been discovered. It followed that Lloyds could not escape liability to the Middle Temple.

That result properly reflected a balance between the interests of the true owners of cheques, the policy of the 1992 Act, the fight against fraud, the interests of the clearing banks and the importance of their business, and the practicalities of such business, all in the context of banking practice.

Lloyds was therefore responsible for the conversion of Middle Temple's cheque.

**Was Sekerbank liable to the Middle Temple?**

It seemed to his Lordship to be the case in point that, as in the present case, his Lordship did not see why the implied indemnity should not operate, since ex hypothesi, the agent could only be liable in a case of negligence.

Where, however, the negligence was vis-a-vis a third party, as in the present case, his Lordship did not see why the implied indemnity should not operate, since ex hypothesi, the agent could only be liable in a case of negligence.

Where, however, the negligence was vis-a-vis its own customer bank, his Lordship did not see why the implied indemnity could not avail the agent, unless of course it had acted in bad faith or in any way which was to its knowledge or manifestly unlawful, or has acted outside its authority.

Mr Goldsmith's reliance on the alternative of an implied warranty.

to the effect that Sekerbank's customer was entitled to the proceeds of the cheque paid to him was entirely justified; see *Sheffield Corporation v Barclay* [1985] AC 392, 402-403; *Kai Ying and Others v Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation* [1981] AC 751, 759-760.

Where a bank asked its English agent for collection to collect English cheques crossed "a/c payee", his Lordship did not understand how, without some express disclaimer, it could say that it had not warranted that its customer was entitled to the proceeds.

Therefore, either because of an implied warranty, or because of his Lordship's judgment for both reasons, Lloyds was entitled to be indemnified by Sekerbank against its loss by reason of carrying out Sekerbank's instructions or request.

**Contribution**

Both Lloyds and Sekerbank were liable to the Middle Temple in respect of the same damage and his Lordship was entitled to order contribution under section 20 of the Civil Liability (Contributions) Act 1978 on the basis of what was just and equitable.

Where, however, Lloyds was entitled to a complete indemnity, as his Lordship just held, the appropriate order for the purposes of the Act was again a complete indemnity, as section 20 of the 1978 Act allowed Sekerbank was therefore entitled to no contribution from Lloyds.

In conclusion, Middle Temple had succeeded against both Lloyds and Sekerbank and Lloyds was entitled to a complete indemnity against Sekerbank.

Solicitors: Hardwick Stalford: Richards Butler; Izod Evans.

## Malingering must be pleaded

*Cooper v P & O Stena Line Ltd*

Before Miss Belinda Bucknall, QC

Judgment October 30, 1998

An allegation of malingering in a personal injuries action was a serious allegation of fraud. As such it was required to be specifically pleaded by Order 18, rule 8(1)(f) of the Rules of the Supreme Court.

Miss Belinda Bucknall, QC, sitting as a deputy judge of the High Court in the Admiralty Court, so held, giving judgment for the plaintiff, John Edward Cooper against the defendant, P & O Stena Line Ltd, for personal injuries suffered as a result of an accident on the defendant's vessel, and awarding damages and ordering indemnity costs against P & O.

Mr Timothy Lord for Mr Cooper; Mr Graham Aldous for P & O.

HER LADYSHIP said that in September 1994 Mr Cooper was employed by P & O as a supernumerary steward on board their vessel, the *Pride of Bruges*.

On February 22, 1995 Mr Cooper complained to the senior purser that he had suffered an accident while fetching plates from the C deck plate house, and had hurt his back. He was given painkillers and managed to complete his shift.

Mr Cooper completed a standard form accident report detailing the complaint. The following day he went to see his general practitioner complaining of terrible pain in his back and down his left leg. He never returned to work.

Mr Cooper's case was that while the vessel was in port he went to the plate room to collect some plates. As he was leaving, carrying the plates, the vessel lurched unexpectedly.

The plate room floor was awash with three inches of water, and that caused him to slip. He fell backwards against a large metal plate rack, striking his lower left back in the process.

Investigation by his general practitioner revealed no damage to

any bone or spinal disc. The pain persisted. The following year he was referred to a specialist in pain management and was diagnosed as suffering from secondary fibromyalgia, secondary because it was triggered by the accident.

All efforts to relieve Mr Cooper's pain were unsuccessful. Mr Cooper still complained of severe and disabling pain which prevented him from undertaking any sort of work and which had radically changed his life for the worse.

At 4.5pm on the fifth day of the trial P & O withdrew their defence on liability and further withdrew their allegations of contributory negligence.

P & O further alleged that Mr Cooper ought to have recovered from his injury by, at the latest, three months after the accident and that since he had been fabricating his symptoms and his disability, and distorting physical signs for his own ends.

That allegation was maintained to the end. The allegation was one of fraud. It if had been made good Mr Cooper would have been exposed to the possibility of criminal proceedings.

Surprisingly, given the serious nature of the allegation, the body of the defence contained no pleading to support it. Her Ladyship did not consider it satisfactory that an allegation as serious as fraud, which was required by Order 18, rule 8(1)(a) of the Rules of the Supreme Court to be pleaded, should be capable of ascertainment only by conducting a paper chase through the medical reports.

Mr Aldous told the court that it was not usual practice to plead malingering. If that were so, the usual practice was in disregard of Order 18, which was itself a reflection of common justice. Her Ladyship had asked for the allegation to be pleaded and given leave for the necessary amendment.

There were respects in which P & O's discovery was unsatisfactory. The most serious was the failure to disclose the carpenter's diagnosis.

## Intention to possess land by conduct

472 to the case of a conscious trespasser.

If, and in so far as the judge was suggesting a different test for a case where there was a trespasser who was not aware that he was trespassing, their Lordships would respectfully disagree with the judge.

That would be inconsistent with the approach of the Court of Appeal in *Wilson v Martin's Executors* (1993) 1 ECLR 178.

Mr Purchas submitted that it was only when the conduct of the claimant was equivocal that the requirement to make plain the claimant's intention to the world arose.

Their Lordships thought that the position was simpler than that. For a claimant to establish the necessary intention by his conduct, that conduct must be unequivocal in the sense that his intention to possess had been made plain to the world.

If his conduct had not been made plain, his claim would fail.

That, as it seemed to their Lordships, was the clear sense of the passage from the judgment of Mr

Justice Slade in *Powell* (at p472). It would plainly be unjust for the purser to be deprived of his land where the claimant was not aware that he was trespassing, their Lordships if present at the land, for the requisite period that he was intending to possess the land.

*Powell* (at p478) to "any objective observer".

Their Lordships noted that Mr Justice Slade's words should be understood in context. They provided slight support for Mr Purchas' suggested principle and their Lordships would be reluctant to introduce into that now well-understood area of the law further tests, particularly those of an artificial nature.

There might be real uncertainty, incapable of being resolved save by litigation, as to the nature of the claimant's rights, but it could not be suggested that that could affect a claimant, who with the intention of taking exclusive possession, overtly treated the disputed land as his own.

What was important was whether the claimant's conduct was unequivocally that of a person asserting possession to the exclusion of any other or whether it was referable to the rights which the claimant already had; see *George Wimpey & Sons Co Ltd v Sohn* (1967) Ch 487.

Solicitors: Lovell White Durst: Linklaters & Paines.

## No contact presumption

D-R v D-R and Another

Before Lord Justice Butler-Sloss, Lord Justice Brooke and Lord Justice Clarke

Judgment February 21

There was no presumption of a right to contact between a parent and an adult child, albeit one suffering from mental incapacity.

The mother and father never married but had lived together for a number of years. They separated in 1987 and the relationship between the mother and father and also the father and an older child was virtually non-existent.

The question for consideration concerned an adult with a disability whether it was in her best interests to have contact; see *In re F (Sterilisation: Mental Patient)* [1990] 2 AC 1.

Mr Nicholas O'Brien for the father; Miss Samantha King for the

circumstances where there was conflict between members of the family. There was no presumption of a right to contact between a parent and an adult child.

The judge had correctly identified the relevant factors in the case and there was no error of principle and no reason to intervene.

Her Ladyship wished to add that since the lapses of the parents patriae jurisdiction of the court since the passing of the Mental Health Act 1983 there was a gap in the procedure and law formerly available. The bridge in that gap filled by the Court of Appeal and the House of Lords in *In re F* was a poor substitute for legislation.

Solicitors: Benner & Ryan, Isleworth; Scott-Moncrieff Harbour & Sinclair; Capsticks, Putney.

It was necessary to look at all the

Emco Ltd and Another v Dry Appliance Ltd

Before Mr Justice Jonathan Parker

Judgment January 26

The publication of a misleading document containing a number of false representations about a competitor's product was "otherwise than in accordance with honest practices in industrial or commercial matters".

Accordingly it

# Capitalisation, week's change

**TRADING PERIOD:** Settlement takes place five business days after the day of trade. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is ex-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

Mid cap (million)	Company	Price (\$)	Mid yield	PE	Mid cap (million)	Company	Price (\$)	Mid yield	PE	Mid cap (million)	Company	Price (\$)	Mid yield	PE	
<b>ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES</b>															
1,590.10	Affordable	474 + 2%	12.12	12.4	3,630.30	Alcohol Corp	572 + 2%	11.13	6.3	3,630.30	BBB Res	311 + 2%	8.0	16.4	15.8
1,590.10	Adnams	284 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Barclays	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	BTC	673 + 2%	6.2	62	15.8
1,590.10	Bass	326 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Bevan	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Budweiser	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
2,599.20	Bladworth	561 + 2%	10.20	20.0	3,630.30	Carrington	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands A	284 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Chivas Regal	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands B	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Coors	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands C	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Dentex	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands D	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Diageo	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands E	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Heublein	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands F	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Hornbeam	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands G	160 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Imperial Dist	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands H	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Levi-Strauss	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands I	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Marlboro	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands J	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Mitfords	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands K	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Nestle	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands L	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Perrier	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands M	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Reckitt & Colman	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands N	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Seagram	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands O	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Siglo	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands P	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Tobacco	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands Q	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Winston	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands R	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Rocher	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands S	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Zino Davidoff	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands T	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands U	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands V	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands W	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands X	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands Y	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands Z	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands A	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands B	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands C	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands D	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands E	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands F	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands G	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands H	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands I	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands J	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands K	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
1,590.10	Brands L	253 + 2%	16.12	12.7	3,630.30	Yves Saint Laurent	151 + 10%	12.72	6.3	3,630.30	Citibank	129 + 2%	10.3	24.5	15.8
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## RESULTS AND STATISTICS

**TODAY**  
Interims: IAF Group, Pizza Express. Finals: Delphi Group, Gowings, Jordon Group. Economic statistics: December industrial/manufacturing output.

**TOMORROW**  
Interims: BOC Group (q1), British Airways (q3), Charterhouse Communications, Epic Group, Stoves Group. Finals: Garments, British & Growth, Reuters. Economic statistics: British Retail Consortium January retail sales monitor, Confederation of British Industry February regional trends survey.

**WEDNESDAY**  
Interims: BSkyB, Jersey Phoenix Trust, JSB Software Technologies. Finals: Media, Scottish American Investment. Economic statistics: Bank of England quarterly inflation report.

**THURSDAY**  
Interims: Armitage Brothers, British Telecom (q3). Finals: Britannia Smaller Companies Trust, Inn Business Group, Royal Dutch Shell (q4), RPS Group. Economic statistics: none scheduled.

**FRIDAY**  
Interims: Torex. Finals: Hercules Incorporated. Economic statistics: none scheduled.

## EXCHANGE RATES

	Bank Buys	Bank Sells
Australia \$.....	2.62	2.44
Austria Sch.....	21.05	19.34
Belgium Fr.....	61.21	56.85
Canada \$.....	2.569	2.372
Cyprus Cyp £.....	0.8269	0.8151
Denmark Kr.....	11.35	10.50
Egypt £.....	5.80	5.19
Finland Mkt.....	9.19	8.44
France Fr.....	10.00	9.22
Germany Drm.....	3.005	2.763
Greece Dr.....	494	455
Hong Kong \$.....	13.55	12.35
Iceland.....	128	108
Indonesia.....	17987	12987
Ireland Pt.....	1.1990	1.1100
Israel Shk.....	7.06	6.40
Italy Lira.....	2989	2752
Japan Yen.....	201.06	183.53
Malta.....	0.668	0.609
Netherlands Gld.....	3.393	3.098
New Zealand \$.....	3.12	2.88
Norway Kr.....	13.18	12.24
Portugal Esc.....	303.90	281.87
S Africa Rand.....	10.50	9.55
Spain Pta.....	253.29	234.50
Sweden Kr.....	13.68	12.58
Switzerland Fr.....	2.478	2.260
Turkey Lira.....	57038	52478
USA \$.....	1.748	1.605

Rates for small denomination banknotes only as supplied by Barclays Bank. Different rates apply to traveller's cheques. Rates as at close of trading yesterday.

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group has confirmed a joint venture company providing international services for corporate clients is undergoing regulatory scrutiny.

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**THE FACTS**

**Sales:** £914 million for the year ending December 31, 1997. Results for 1998 to be announced on February 25.

**Pre-tax losses:** £139 million.

**Subscribers:** 2.16 million in the UK, of which 487,000 are pre-pay, at December 31, 1998. In addition, the company has 234,000 subscribers in France and 266,000 in Germany at June 30, 1998.

**Market value:** £10.4 billion. **Employees:** 5,000.

**THE BOARD**

The chief executive of Orange is Hans Snook, 50, who was born in Germany, but brought up in Canada. Mr Snook is a graduate of the University of British Columbia in Vancouver and launched his career in the catering industry.

Mr Snook later moved to Hong Kong, where he ran a telephone paging service for Hutchison Whampoa, the investment group. In 1993 Hutchison decided to move Mr Snook to London to launch its UK mobile phone company, Orange.

Orange has only two other executive directors: its 37-year-old finance director, Graham Howe, and Colin Tucker.

Mr Howe was appointed in 1996 after working as finance director for Hutchison's telecoms business in the UK.

Mr Tucker, Orange's 54-year-old technical and operations director, is a former industrial professor at the University of Loughborough. He joined the company in 1991 after holding several engineering-related positions at Plessey Telecoms. In addition, Orange has nine non-executive directors, most of whom represent the company's largest shareholders, Hutchison Whampoa and British Aerospace.

These non-executives include Ceesing Fok, managing director of Hutchison Whampoa and Orange's chairman, and Michael Lapthorne, finance director of BAe.

Orange also boasts three heavyweight bankers as non-executive directors: John Board, chief executive of HSBC; Paul Myer, chief executive of NatWest Wealth Management; and Iain Fullerton, chairman of the executive committee of CIBC.

If any company in the FTSE 100 could define the corporate spirit of the 1990s it would probably be Orange. Britain's third-largest mobile phone company is staffed mainly by call centre operators, it has never made a profit yet it has a stock market value of more than £10 billion. The company's brand alone – made famous by the classic marketing slogan "the future's bright, the future's Orange" – has been individually valued at £1.3 billion.

Yet, at present, it is far from certain whether the future will be bright, or indeed Orange. As far as the company's profit and loss account goes, it is more likely to be red, at least until next year. Given this tentative financial position, and competition from the mighty £67 billion combination of Vodafone and AirTouch, some believe that Orange may even face a long-term future as part of a different organisation.

Orange was created in 1994 by Hutchison Whampoa – the Hong Kong investment group controlled by the billionaire tycoon Li Ka-shing – and British Aerospace. The launch of the company was an enormous gamble for Hutchison, which had already failed to break into the UK mobile phone market with a doomed venture called Rabbit a year earlier.

Before Orange launched, many thought the British mobile phone market – which at that time had just two million customers – was already too crowded. That prediction turned out to be very wrong: a staggering 2.5 million mobile phones were sold this Christmas alone. Orange did, however, face stiff competition: Vodafone and Cellnet were already established and One2One had just been launched. Yet Orange was convinced there was a place for a mobile phone group with a strong, aspirational brand, which differentiated itself from the competition with innovative services.

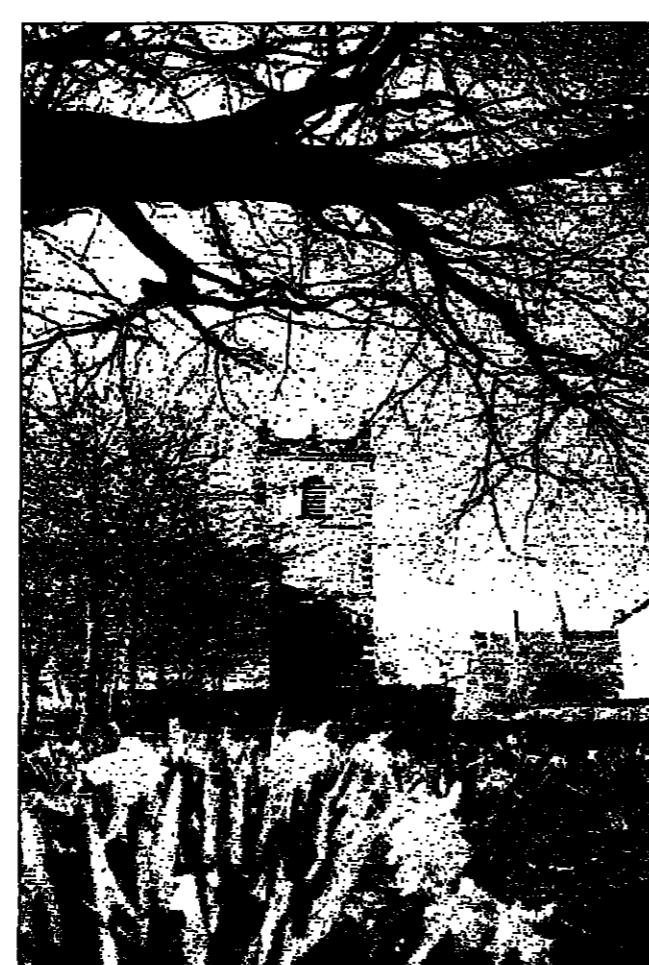
Hans Snook, then head of Hutchison's telecoms interests in the UK, was hired to run the company. Although Snook was virtually unknown in the City, he had impressed Hutchison with his work in Hong Kong's paging and cellular market. Mr Snook, then 45, also fitted the Orange image perfectly: in fact, he still often wears jeans and a leather jacket to work.

Orange immediately made its mark on the UK telecoms market by launching services such as per-second billing, caller identification, free insurance and a selection of five different tariffs. However, this was all necessary for Orange to lure customers away from its larger rivals at a time when its network covered only half the UK's population.

Orange has since built Britain's biggest network, in physical terms, with 5,000 cell sites (mobile phone masts). By 2001 the company aims to have increased this number to 10,000.

As part of this enormous roll-out programme, Orange decided to launch the Millennium Landmark Initiative (supported by the Prince of Wales) to find ways of making mobile phone masts less ugly. Opinion is still divided, however, on its success.

Orange's network now covers 98 per cent of Britain's population and 80 per cent of its geographic area – still less than Vodafone and Cellnet, but significantly more than One2One. However, the capacity and quality of the network is very high: a recent Ofcom report said that Orange's "call success rate" – ie, how many times customers make calls without being cut off, – was

**CORPORATE PROFILE**

Orange has taken great care over its image, from its striking advertising campaigns, top right, to its efforts to disguise its mobile phone masts or hide them in church spires. Hans Snook has overseen its emergence as Britain's third-largest mobile phone company, which is mainly staffed by call centre operators

significantly better than any of its competitors in the UK.

Orange's strong brand and high-tech network, plus the backing of Hutchison and BAe, helped the company to float successfully on the stock market in April 1996 at 205p a share, valuing it at £2.45 billion. Today, Orange's shares trade in the region of 800p, valuing it at £10.4 billion. On fol-

tation, Hutchison reduced its stake to 49 per cent, while BAe sold down to about 21 per cent, later reducing this again to about 5 per cent.

Orange shareholders have a hefty presence on the company's board, resulting in a large number of non-executive directors. Indeed, there are only three executive directors: Mr Snook, Graham Howe, fi-

nance director, and Colin Tucker, technical and operations director. Canning Fok, managing director of Hutchison, is non-executive chairman, with Hutchison employees filling three other non-executive positions.

Mr Snook believes that both Hutchison and BAe could eventually reduce their stakes in Orange further, which would inevitably have an impact on the company's board structure.

He says: "BAe likes the business and said that they are long-term holders of stock. But this is not a core business for them. Hutchison is committed to telecoms and has always said they will have large holdings in Orange because of that. But would they sell down their holding to 40 per cent? I suppose that's very possible. It's also possible that they might take BAe's stake."

At present, the City seems to like Orange's management, although there has been some grumbling over the company's late adoption of pre-pay services

Snook believes that the cost of the merger will make the expanded company more conservative on pricing.

Orange will also see its brand launched in Germany and France, where it does not own its own networks, but instead operates "virtual networks" by bulk-buying air time from rivals. Orange will also launch branded services in Belgium and Switzerland in partnership with other companies. In addition, Orange has licensed its brand to operators in Israel and Hong Kong. However, analysts argue that this strategy is rather messy, and they are not convinced of the logic behind Orange providing services in countries where it does not own networks.

Inegrity Works says that the company's published materials relating directly to ethical expression are short of best practice, bearing in mind today's climate in which many leading companies are at pains to explain their approach to these matters in detail. But it has plans to deal more fully with these issues.

According to Crisp Consulting, Hans Snook's relative inexperience indicates that he should receive remuneration equaling two thirds of his £1.15 million a year, while the non-executive directors are unpaid.

Serious questions remain over Orange's ability to compete internationally by itself, and its ability to bid for the next generation of mobile phone licences – expected to be auctioned by the Government next year – which could cost in the region of £500 million each. Still, the company has survived so far against all the odds, and it has the financial might of Hutchison behind it. Orange also owns one of the most sophisticated networks – and established brands – of any operator in Europe. The future may not be certain, but it does look bright.

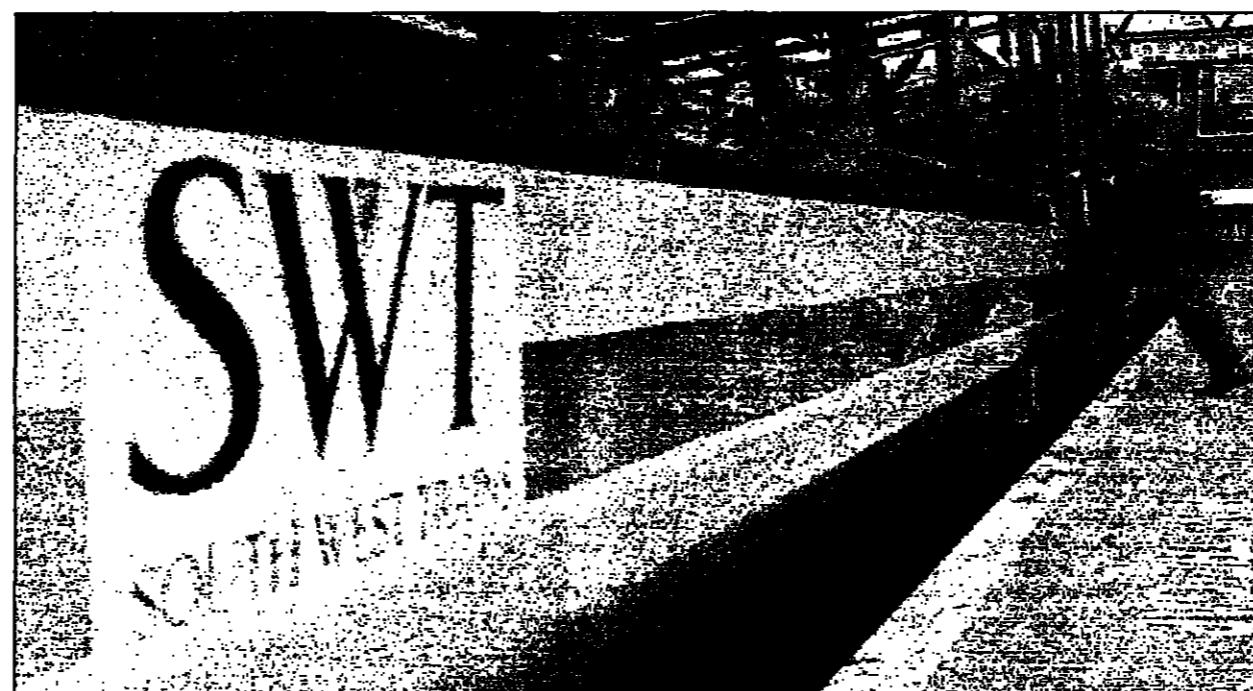
CHRIS AYRES

Ethical expression	4/10
Fat-cat quotient	5/10
Financial record	7/10
Share performance	9/10
Attitude to staff	8/10
Strength of brand	9/10
Innovation	9/10
Annual report	7/10
City star rating	8/10
Future prospects	8/10
Total	74/100

Ethical expression is evaluated by Inegrity Works. The fat-cat quotient in which Orange scores highest, and established brands – of any operator in Europe. The future may not be certain, but it does look bright.

**Underground to be extended with private funds**

BY MARTIN WALLER

**Stagecoach's SWT faces challenge**

BY FRASER NELSON

STAGECOACH is to have its control over the lucrative South West Trains franchise broken by GB Railways, a £16 million swoop that runs the

Anglia Railways network. Tim Clarke, Anglia's man-

aging director, is planning to

launch an attack on SWT's

commuter-rich territory using new trains that will be leased from Stagecoach's Porterbrook subsidiary.

The result is likely to be a

fight for commuters on the

coveted Southampton to Lon-

don line, seen as the backbone

in the SWT network.

Anglia, GB Railways' only

UK franchise, is planning its

**Meridien to open for Sydney Olympics**

BY DOMINIC WALSH

GRANADA'S Méridien Hotels chain has won a contract to operate a five-star hotel in Sydney.

It is scheduled to open in February 2000, in time for the Olympic Games.

The A\$120 million (£47.4 million) property is being developed by Singatravel, which has interests in three other hotels in Australia and is listed on the Singaporean stock exchange.

The 34-storey hotel will have 415 rooms and a health and fitness club.

News of the contract win comes hard on the heels of Méridien's selection to operate a 350-room hotel opening in San Diego in 2001 as part of a US\$90 million retail and leisure development.

Both projects are significant moves for the chain in countries where it has recognised it has too limited a presence.

Elsewhere, the company has recently signed seven new hotel contracts in Egypt and one in Bethlehem.

**WORD WATCHING****CHANGE ON WEEK****THE POUND**

US Dollar

1.6384 (-0.0049)

Euro

0.6888 (-0.0021)

Exchange Index

100.7 (-0.1)

Bank of England official close (4pm)

**STOCK MARKET**

FT 30 share

3601.0 (-28.1)

FTSE 100

5855.3 (-40.7)

New York Dow Jones

9304.24 (-54.59)

Tokyo Nikkei Avge

13898.08 (-60.17)

**Principal shows 23% profit rise**

BY DOMINIC WALSH

PRINCIPAL HOTELS will today unveil a 23 per cent jump in 1998 profits to £19.2 million – some £7.4 million higher than two years ago when it was forced to abandon a planned £150 million flotation.

Outstripping some of its publicly quoted rivals, Principal's 18 mainly four-star hotels lifted the crucial room yield by 15 per cent to £39.32, with occupancy slightly higher at 73.9 per cent and the average room rate up 15 per cent to £53.23.

Stripping out the effect of acquisitions and disposals, like-for-like sales were 9 per cent higher, with total turnover reaching £66.9 million. Capital expenditure increased from £8.5 million to £11 million. In

the first quarter of the current year, operating profits are running 22 per cent higher.

Tony Troy, managing director, hinted that a rumoured £60 million deal to acquire the Russell Hotel in London from Granada was now unlikely, but he added: "We are still actively looking at potential acquisitions in London."

He said that the group was also keen to boost its overseas presence. It has three properties in Amsterdam, Dublin and Copenhagen, and is targeting European cities including Berlin, Paris and Brussels.

He admitted that a flotation was a "possibility", but said that investors still wanted to grow the company.

**Lloyds Direct Interest Rates for Personal Customers**

Tele savngs	Previous AER/gross rate %	New AER/gross rate %	New net rate %
£50,000+	6.00	5.50	4.40
£25,000+	5.85	5.35	4.28
£10,000+	5.75	5.25	4.20
£ 5,000+	5.50	5.00	4.00
£ 2,500+	5.00	4.50	3.60

This is a telephone based saving account and is not available through Lloyds Bank branches. Interest rates may vary from time to time. AER = Annual Equivalent Rate and is the nominal rate which illustrates the gross rate as if paid and compounded on an annual basis. As every account for this product will contain an AER you will be able to compare more easily what return you can expect than the GROSS – The annual interest rate before deduction of income tax at the rate of 40% (for example £100 AER at 5% GROSS = £50). The net interest rate after deduction of income tax at the rate of 40% (for example £100 AER at 5% GROSS = £60). NET – The annual interest rate before deduction of income tax at the rate of 40% (for example £100 AER at 5% GROSS = £40). Interest is normally paid at the net rate, unless the Account falls within an exempt category or the Account-holder qualifies to receive interest gross.

These rates of interest apply with effect from 8 February 1999



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**SOLUTION TO WINNING MOVE**

I. Qxh8+Bxh8; 2. Rxf7+Kg8; 3. Nh6 checkmate.

# LineOne to challenge Net rivals

By GAVIN LUMSDEN

**LINELINE**, the Internet service provider backed by BT, United News & Media and News International, the owner of *The Times*, is stepping up the competition in the cut-throat online marketplace with one of the largest-ever newspaper promotions in the UK.

Up to six million readers of *The Daily Express*, *The Sun* and *The Sunday Times* will be given free compact discs in a marketing offensive due to start next month. The free CDs will contain software enabling the newspapers' readers to surf the Internet if they have a suitable computer.

The company has also decided to abandon its policy of charging a monthly subscription fee and offer Internet access free to the public instead. In future it will concentrate on raising advertising revenue.

The move is a direct response to the success of free Internet service providers such as Dixons' Freeserve which alone has attracted 900,000 users since its launch last year.

Freeserve's progress has dwarfed LineOne, which in

the past two years has attracted just 100,000 subscribers who pay between £5 and £15 a month for the online service.

However, by "leveraging its media assets" LineOne clearly hopes it can rise to the crest of the Internet wave. The new medium is becoming increasingly popular and is now used by an estimated eight million people in the UK.

Last year, when it was still charging a fee for its service, LineOne generated 28,000 new subscribers when it distributed 1.5 million CDs to readers of *The Sunday Times*. This was deemed a huge success as the CDs cost just a few pence to produce.

A central part of LineOne's campaign will be that it offers free Internet access and free content, the latter being the ability to read the many publications of the two media groups behind the company.

Although LineOne will be free it will charge 50p a minute for people who ring up its helpline. This practice has come under the scrutiny of Ofcom, the telecoms regulator.

Sigrid Auferbeck assesses the man with the job of steering the German carmaker



Joachim Milberg consulted his wife before agreeing to the appointment

## Academic in the hot seat at BMW

WHEN Joachim Milberg was asked to step into the breach as chief executive of BMW he had little time to think. The rivalry between Bernd Pischetsrieder and Wolfgang Reitzle had just forced both to resign from the BMW management board. Yet Professor Milberg still took a moment to consult his wife.

This detail from Friday's turbulent seven-hour meeting displays one characteristic of Professor Milberg: he seeks consensus and does not make decisions against fierce opposition.

It was this that made him acceptable to the unions, who had rejected Herr Reitzle, the original favourite of the Quandt family that controls BMW.

But some are already worrying that this approach may be a severe weakness in tackling Rover, the solution to whose problems is likely to include heavy redundancies.

To make matters worse, BMW is itself poorly prepared for the cyclical slowdown of the industry. Its survival as an independent company was openly questioned at the weekend by Robert Eaton, president of DaimlerChrysler.

On the plus side, Professor Milberg's background qualifies him to tackle Rover's efficiency and quality problems. As head of engineering and production at BMW, he created one of the world's most productive and efficient plants in Regensburg, and organised production in BMW's US plant in Spartanburg, South Carolina.

Born in 1943, he began his career as a machine fitter before studying production technology. After heading Gildemeier, a middle-sized tool manufacturer, for nine years, Professor Milberg returned to academia in 1981 to become professor for machine tools and operations research at Munich Technical University — the alma mater of many BMW managers, including Bernd Pischetsrieder, Wolfgang Reitzle and Professor Werner Sämann, who is head of Rover.

Professor Milberg joined the BMW board in 1993 as a head of production, and last year took responsibility for engineering.

The British unions, although relieved at Professor Milberg's appointment, know that the sword of Damocles has not been lifted. His priority is to end Rover's heavy losses. Bill Morris, general secretary of the TGWU, is seeking an urgent meeting with the new man.

Professor Milberg will need more than engineering skills and a courteous relationship with the unions if he is to prove himself as the strategist needed to lead a leading carmaker.

In appointing him, the Quandt family has recognised its weakness in the face of opposition from the German unions. The family's spokesman reiterated the family's commitment to BMW over the weekend. But BMW now looks much more vulnerable to takeover.

## Suitors set to bid for RAC arm

Lex Service, the motor group, and Cinven, the venture capital firm, are said to be drawing up bids of up to £400 million for the Royal Automobile Club's motor services arm.

The news comes after Stephen Byers, the Trade Secretary, last week blocked the RAC's £450 million deal to sell the business to Cendant, the US services group. After the DTI decision, the RAC said it would either go public or find another buyer willing to take a "knock-out" offer.

### Offer for FKI failed

Jeff Whalley, retiring chairman of FKI, the engineering materials handling group, mounted an unsuccessful attempt to take the firm private last year, it has emerged. Mr Whalley, who surprised the City two weeks ago by announcing he would step down in July, made a £1 billion bid for the group in October.

FKI's non-executive directors rejected the proposal.

### Threat to Lucas jobs

TRW, the US car components group, has admitted "some redundancies" are inevitable if its £4 billion offer for Lucas-Variety succeeds. TRW issued its offer document at the weekend. Federal-Mogul of the US is considering a counter bid for the group.

## Axon chiefs get £660,000 bonus

By PAUL DURMAN

DIRECTORS of Axon Group, an information technology consultancy, paid themselves £660,000 in bonuses last year in the run-up to a planned £100 million flotation.

Mark Hunter, Axon's 36-year-old founder, and his colleagues will be among existing shareholders who hope to sell £15 million of shares in a placing next month. The firm, specialists in adapting SAP's business software, intends to raise another £15 million in new money.

The bonus payments depressed Axon's pre-tax profits in 1998 from the underlying level of £2.5 million. This was achieved on sales that doubled to £20 million.

Mr Hunter started Axon, based in Egham, Surrey, only four years ago. He used to work for SAP, whose software is used to integrate finance, sales and manufacturing information within large organisations. He currently has a stake of more than 30 per cent.

Axon is now focusing on helping its clients to exploit the Internet and the opportunities for e-commerce.

The company has appointed Barbara Thomas, deputy chairman of Friends Provident, as chairman.

WestLB Panmure will act as sponsor and broker to the placing, scheduled for next month. A pathfinder prospectus will be available shortly.

## TT accuses Hall of over-optimism

By MATTHEW BARBOUR

TT GROUP, the engineering firm bidding £52 million for Hall Engineering, has accused its target of over-optimism in its profit forecast.

Hall Engineering rejected last month's 97p share offer as "unsolicited and unwelcome". Hall shares have since risen to 120p, giving it a market value of £64 million, prompting speculation of further bids.

John Newman, TT's executive chairman, said: "If it wasn't for our bid, the shares would still be at the 70p level. The market is always going to pre-empt counter-bids and we are prepared for that eventuality."

Since February last year, analysts have halved their full-year profit forecasts for Hall from about £20 million to £10 million. However, in its interim trading statement for the six months to June 30, Hall stated: "1998 is going to be a difficult year, although there are signs of a modest improvement in the second half."

Since the bid was made, PDMF has lifted its stake in TT from 5 per cent to 11 per cent via a 6 per cent holding bought from Hill Samuel Asset Management.

Hall's managing director, John Sword, said a sharp rise in the shares merely reflected "value" investors picking up shares. Hall is understood to be considering a management buyout as a means of fighting off the rival bid.

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£50,000 - £199,999	6.03	5.82	5.87
£200,000 - £499,999	6.06	4.85	5.90
£500,000 - £999,999	6.10	4.88	5.94
£1,000,000+	6.20	4.96	6.03

INTEREST RATES EFFECTIVE FROM 8 FEBRUARY 1999

DIRECT ACCESS SAVINGS ACCOUNT FOR BUSINESS SAVERS			
BALANCE	INT. PAID YEARLY GROSS £/AER	INT. PAID MONTHLY GROSS £/NET	
£1 - £49,999	5.70	4.56	5.56
£50,000 - £199,999	5.75	4.60	5.48
£200,000 - £499,999	5.80	4.64	5.45
£500,000 - £999,999	5.83	4.66	5.48
£1,000,000+	5.90	4.72	4.60

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## Hard times await the money men

You had better be prepared for low interest rates. In my view, base rates are on course to hit 4 per cent by the end of the year, and over time, they may trend even lower. After almost three decades of very high rates, this would imply a massive change with consequences for all parts of the economy, but particularly for the financial sector.

High interest rates, and the high inflation that underpins them, have made it easier for providers of financial services to earn big profits. If mortgage holders are paying 12 per cent, and savers are getting only 10 per cent, not many savers are going to complain. But if mortgage holders are paying 7 per cent and savers getting 5 per cent, even though the margin is the same, savers will be unhappy. In fact, most depositors are already earning far less than 5 per cent. If this is what it is like when base rates are 5.5 per cent, imagine what will happen when they reach 4 per cent. Are savers to be paid next to nothing for their money?

That is exactly what happens in Japan. One way out here could be for intermediaries to try to pass on an obstinately high cost of deposits to mortgage borrowers, with



PETER MYNDES

the result that although savers' deposit rates held up well against falling base rates, the margin between base rates and mortgage rates increased. This conclusion would be supported by the view that mortgage borrowing is currently cheap. Granted the traditional British view of housing as an investment, if base rates fell to the levels I suggest, then this could imply a surge in mortgage demand.

In that case, it might be easy for mortgage providers to maintain margins by keeping lending rates relatively high. But such thinking is a legacy from the time when rapid inflation meant that the real value of mortgage debt would be easily eroded. The salaries from which mortgages would be paid would rise sharply year after year without fail, and the value of property would shoot up. Moreover, until recently, the tax privileges for mortgage borrowers were enormous.

In today's conditions, however, with pay rising by 4 per cent if you are lucky, and even this rate looking to turn down, and with house price inflation easing back, a 7 per cent mortgage is expensive. Furthermore, the penny is beginning to drop with borrowers just when the market is be-

coming more competitive anyway. Similar logic applies to the management of investments, and this includes PEPs and their replacements, as well as conventional managed pension funds. Imagine you have been lucky enough to enjoy a 15 per cent rise in the value of your investments managed by professional fund managers. For their services, they charge you, let us say, 1 per cent. You surely will not like this cost (if you notice it), but at least you are left with a handsome net profit.

Now suppose that the value of your investments rises by only 3 per cent and your friendly fund managers still want to charge you 1 per cent. How will you feel? And, although we all know that equities always go up, just imag-

ine that they actually went down for a change — and the fund managers still wanted to charge you 1 per cent.

It may seem odd that these pressures should emerge only now. After all, inflation has been on a falling trend since 1980. However, not every part of the economy adjusts smoothly and instantaneously. Interest rates have been the prime weapon used to control inflation. That has meant that not only have they had to be high enough to compensate for inflation, but they have had to be even higher, in order to bring down inflation.

**E**ven with the advent of low inflation in the past few years, the monetary authorities have been watchful for resurgence, and so they have continued to keep rates high. Only now that they have woken up to the danger that inflation may easily fall below 1.5 per cent, and that it may give way to deflation, do we see rates coming down with a bump.

In investment management, the full impact of low inflation has been disguised by the huge bull market in equities, which has generated large real returns from which the managers' margins could be paid. Forgive me for being a party-pooper yet again, but this cannot continue. Even if we manage to escape a sharp fall in share prices, which I doubt, it is hard to see how real price performance can begin to match the past ten years. And with next to no inflation, this means that the return in money terms will be very small indeed. It will then be difficult to disguise the current level of charges, and people will ask what they are getting for their money.

Dramatic changes in the economy take time to have their full effect. In Britain, an early casualty of the disinflationary process has been manufacturing industry, put into the front line of the battle against inflation by high interest rates.

Meanwhile, providers of financial services thrived, helped by the high interest rates manufacturers loathed. Now their high margins are threatened, not only by more intense competition, but also by the stripping away of layers of money illusion. The result will be a prolonged squeeze across much of the financial services sector, involving intense pressure to cut costs, shed jobs and pay people less generously. I can just imagine your crocodile tears.

## Lifeblood of enterprise has a dangerously weak pulse

Investor attitudes may force 800 small companies from the market, writes Christine Buckley



Chris Swan, chairman of Finelist, fears that companies will lose a key method to motivate staff if they are forced to delist

**A**t the heart of the Government's high hopes for improving Britain's competitiveness is the small business.

The entrepreneurial spirit of smaller companies — which make up 97 per cent of the country's employers — is at the core of the Competitive White Paper.

Blue-chip companies can spring from the smaller business acorns, delivering enormous growth along the way. With the small company lies the opportunity for growth, for innovation and commercial flexibility.

But this paradigm of enterprise has a dangerously weak pulse. A dearth of investment interest in smaller quoted companies threatens to drive 800 of them from the equity market lists

ings, according to a report commissioned by the Department of Trade and Industry. On their coat-tails ride thousands of jobs.

Smaller quoted companies — those that lie outside the FTSE 350 — employ two million people and produce £9 billion in profits per year. Fed up with investor apathy and (consequently) poor

share price performance, many of these are expected to succumb to takeovers or find ways to take themselves private.

Such a massive delisting could wreak long-term damage on the economy. Companies unable to use their shares to finance their expansion will grow more slowly. And the lack of appetite for new flotations will discourage investors and entrepreneurs from building up businesses in the first place.

The lack of interest in smaller companies stems from a mixture of old and new obstacles to investment in enterprises that are more about potential, rather than the more reliable returns expected from large businesses.

The old problem is the reluctance of investment funds to pump money into risky ventures and their fear of illiquidity. Shares in small quoted companies are often not easily tradable, making it difficult for disgruntled investors to bale out.

The new problem is more worrying. It springs from the impact of the consolidation of investment funds and the increasingly pan-European and global equity markets. More money is being channelled into fewer and bigger investments and smaller companies are losing out. Investors are increasingly favouring indexation, tracking the fortunes of the higher-value companies in the FTSE 100 or 350.

Fewer stockbrokers are following smaller companies so less information is disseminated about them. Consequently, interest is harder to stimulate. It is a vicious circle.

The Government is keen to encourage more venture capitalists to back small companies and entrepreneurial start-ups as it tries to boost competitiveness. But without the lifeblood of further and sustained cash from equity markets, its efforts will be in vain.

Paul Myndes, author of the report into smaller companies and the City, cautions that the problem is a stark one. "The equity gap for small companies is a very serious problem for them but it also has major implications for the culture of enterprise and for rewarding innovation."

Chris Swan, chairman of Finelist — the auto parts distributor that owns the Charlie Brown chain — says that companies will also lose a key method to motivate staff and

encourage stakeholding if they are forced to delist.

Mr Swan fronts a stock market success story. When Finelist floated in 1994, it had a turnover of £24 million and profits of £2.4 million. Last year its sales had soared to £500 million and its profits were £32 million. He says: "Raising is important not only for raising equity but for the signal it sends about the potential for growth of a business."

But other potential floaters may not get the opportunity to step on the ladder that could lift them into the larger league. In 1997, 126 companies failed from the Stock Exchange's listings through merger or delisting. Last year the figure was 200.

Unless there is a sea-change in investment attitudes the 800 casualties warned of in the DTI-commissioned report will soon join them.



Myndes: serious equity gap

Ruth Lea, head of policy at the Institute of Directors, says disillusionment among small businesses about investment prospects is rife. "The equity gap faced by smaller companies is very serious. Major institutional investors are focusing on large companies and there is also a reluctance by banks to lend to smaller quoted companies."

One large bank is said to have 100 companies on its books considering delisting immediately, having abandoned the hope of raising cash through the stock markets.

Given the prevailing economic factors that are sweeping investment away from smaller quoted companies, there is no easy way for them to fight back. But Mr Myndes believes that better communication would help. Many institutional investors find that the information and dialogue provided by

small companies is inadequate. Directors of newly floated companies come to the City with little knowledge of its workings and unused to the rigours of communicating with a public market. The dissatisfaction is mutual. Many small companies complain of poor understanding among investors.

The DTI report found that only 21 per cent of fund managers believe that smaller companies are good communicators.

Some 70 per cent of investors questioned thought that smaller companies have a poor grasp of what determines shareholder value.

At the same time, less than 30 per cent of small companies believe fund managers enter into constructive dialogue. Less than 40 per cent of small businesses believe investors understand their companies and the sectors in which they operate.

The report recommends that smaller companies produce a statement of prospects and publish quarterly trading reports. They should benchmark investor relations services and set out what are the main drivers of their growth. It tells the City that it should set out what it wants to see from small companies, the criteria for investing in them, the yardsticks it will use to judge performance and the preferred regularity, style and content of its meetings.

Gervais Williams, head of UK smaller companies at Gartmore, the investment fund, believes there is plenty of opportunity for successful investment in the smaller end of the equity market. "We have more smaller quoted companies in the UK than in other European countries and they are often good investment vehicles. But as Europe grows into one large equity market they have got to work harder than larger companies to attract quid companies."

Gartmore channels just 6 per cent of its total funds into smaller companies. But that percentage is higher than many of its peers with the average proportion running at about 44 per cent.

Better communication may improve the parlous state of investment. Whether that will prove sufficient is uncertain. If not, and no other initiatives emerge to stimulate investment, then the drive for increased competitiveness in the UK economy will be seriously undermined.

## Purpose-built nightmares

TELEVISION CHOICE



Raising the Roof

BBC2, 8.00pm

The reporter Paul Kenyon, who has consistently opened cans of worms in this invaluable series, takes his hidden cameras into brand new properties where, you might think, nothing could be wrong if the promised experts have been on site during the building. But listen to Bill and Jenny, who have just moved into a new row built by one of the country's top firms: "You don't expect loos, pipes and radiators to go wrong," says Jenny — but, demonstrably, they have. Kenyon is assured by the NHBC (National House Building Council, the industry's regulatory body) that such faults in a new property are extremely rare. But are they? Privately, an independent inspector and a highly experienced builder go undercover on 21 different sites where, it seems, NHBC observers have been thin on the ground and brickies in a hurry have been putting up faulty lintels (in 29% of the properties) and leaving dangerous wall cavities (7%).

Cutting Edge: *Mummys Boy*

Channel 4, 9.00pm

Blackpool, London, Brighton: three venues, three mothers without partners but with live-in sons different enough to spark an intriguing study in relationships. Derek, 16, is a cormorant in the making. "He's two kinds of people," says his patient mother, Deborah. "One is a little darling, the other an absolute bore..." The viewer will not be in two minds about him. In London the love-hate pair Karma and Simeon makes for uncomfortable viewing. Karma is clearly possessive and unresponsive. Slimy, 20, palpably looses to spread his wings. Notes co-writer-the-drama, Mumma: "He's waiting for me to meet Mr. Right and move out of the flat." Marion (Sarah Daniels), 20, is gay and has no wish to leave. She revels in her Brighton club scene — he brings his friends (who look on Marion as a surrogate Mum) home for tea...

Animal Police

BBC1, 9.30pm

Twice a year more than 2,000 young men and women apply for the job of RSPCA inspector. Of these, around 22 are accepted for training at the Horsham HQ. Naturally, because it concerns

animals, especially animals in trouble, this new series will be rich in the "aah factor" — but it's the world-beat inspectors who dominate the first programme. We meet half a dozen hopefuls and follow them through their first week of training before the exam where their potential is assessed.

If accepted, Clare, Garry, Sam and the rest will join 320 inspectors already working in the field. In one week alone they have legal studies, abseiling trials, swimming, boating, fire drill and a trip to a slaughterhouse.

If I Ruled the World

BBC2, 10pm

Back they all come, this time for an extended series. No tape available as the show is recorded at the last minute but if you recall the formula you can expect the politically incorrect mixture as before — with Jeremy Hardy and Graeme Garden leading their opposing Red and Blue parties into the political arena where they will avoid all sensible questions and spin, lie and cheat disgracefully. Says the presenter Clive Anderson: "You must remember that Graeme, Jeremy and their guests only pretend to be politicians. Any resemblance to the real thing is entirely accidental!" Returning are old favourites like the I Couldnt Disagree More and the Yes/No rounds. New rounds include "I've Done Something Very Foolish..." Elizabeth Cowley

RADIO CHOICE

Two Flies on the Wall

Radio 4, 8.00pm

Television in the late 1990s has been characterised by the docu-soap, in which stars are made of everyone from hotel receptionists to traffic wardens. It has been an odd and distinctly uneven genre, with some successes (*Hotel*) and some flops (*War and Pestle*). The latter is among those featured in this programme, which had David Stafford asking if the docu-soap boom is about to go bust. Producer David Prest had the docu-soap crews for several months, so this is essentially a docu-soap about docu-soaps. As well as *War and Pestle*, there are visits to *Vets in Practice*, *Life of Crime* and *Naked Westminster* and there is an interview with Paul Weston, producer of *The Family* and therefore a docu-soap trailblazer. Peter Barnard

RADIO 1 (BBC)

6.30am Zoe Ball 9.00 Simon Mayo 12.00pm Kevin Greening 2.00 Mark Radcliffe 4.00 Chris Moyles 5.45 Newsbeat 8.00 Late Price Football 9.00 BBC Breakfast 10.00 Breakfast 11.00 Look Round 12.00 BBC Essential Albums 12.00mm The Breakfast Club 2.00 Clive Warren 4.00 Scott Mills

RADIO 2 (BBC)

6.00am Alan Lester 7.30 Wake Up to Wogan 8.30 Richard Allinson 10.00 Glynis Young 11.00 Edith Evans 12.00m John Walker 7.30 Humphrey Lyttelton 8.00 Big Band Legends Live Michael Parkinson presents Billy May and the BBC Big Band in concert (5/6) 8.30 Jools Holland (2/3) 9.30 Mark Lamarr: Shaka, Rattle and Roll (3/10) 10.30 Nicky Henson 12.00mm Kalina Laskaritch 3.00 No Ditta

RADIO 5 LIVE (BBC)

5.00am Morning Reports 6.00 Breakfast 9.00 Nicky Campbell 12.00pm The Midday News 1.00 Ruscoe and Co 4.00 Drive 7.00 News Extra 7.30 Football Legends: Dave Mackay 8.00 Trevor Brooking's Monday Match. Commentary on tonight's FA Premiership game between Charlton Athletic and Wimborne 10.00 Late Night Live with Nick Robinson 1.00pm Up of Night

TALK RADIO

6.00am Big Boys Breakfast 8.00 Scott Chisholm 12.00pm Late Talk Show 1.00 Anna新的 3.00 Peter Doherty 5.00 The SportZone 8.00 James Whales 1.00pm Ian Collins and the Creatures of the Night

VIRGIN

6.00am Chris Evans 8.00 Mark Forrest 1.00pm Nick Abbott 4.00 Harriet Scott 6.45 Peter and Geth 10.00 James Martin 1.00pm Steve Power 4.30 Richard Allen

RADIO 3

8.00am On Air with Petroc Trelawny. Includes a review of Scottish Opera's new production of Strauss's *Der Rosenkavalier*

9.00am Newworks with Penny Gore. Includes Weber's *Turandot*. Overture to Verdi's *Un Ballo in Maschera* (H-XVII 4)

10.30 Artist of the Week: Leonard Bernstein

11.00 Sound Stories: Five Femmes Fatales Peggy Reynolds tells the story of Lois Montez.

12.00pm Composer of the Week: Georg Philipp Telemann

1.00 The Radio 3 Lunchtime Concert Live from the Wigmore Hall, London. Pascal Ripio, piano. Faure (Nocturne in E flat minor, Op 33 No 1); Satie (Gnoossines, Satie 1); Poulenc (Fleur des Soirs de Les Solaces de la Mort); Debussy (Suite: Les Solaces de la Mort); Haydn (Concerto in C, Hob Xvi:1); Mozart (Concerto in E flat major, Hob Xvi:11); Beethoven (Concerto in E flat major, Hob Xvi:12); Brahms (Concerto in E flat); Glazunov (Serenade on themes from Donizetti's *Anna Bolena*); Liszt (Liebestraum); Stravinsky (Petrushka, 1947 version)

2.00 Classical Concerts

3.00 Concerts

4.00 Sports Round-Up 6.00 World News 8.00 Business Report 9.00 Business 10.30 The World Today 12.30 Health Matters 12.55 My Century 1.00 The World Today 1.30 Weather 1.45 Record News 2.00 The World Today 2.30 Next Big Thing 3.00 The World Today 3.20 Sports Round-Up 3.30 World Business Report 3.45 Insight 4.00 The World Today

CLASSIC FM





**PROFILE 44**  
Orange aims  
for brighter  
future

BUSINESS EDITOR Patience Wheatcroft

# BUSINESS

## RATES 46

Roger Bootle  
on impact of  
the squeeze



MONDAY FEBRUARY 8 1999

## DTI outlines fears for 800 small firms

By CHRISTINE BUCKLEY, INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT

UP TO 800 small companies may soon be forced from the equity markets because they are being starved of investment, according to a Department of Trade and Industry report published today. The combined value of the companies would equal BP-Amoco, the oil company.

The exit of the businesses from the stock market would have serious implications for an important section of the economy and for the attempts by the Government to improve Britain's competitiveness.

The warning that two-fifths of the country's quoted companies could be pushed out of the mar-

kets, and thus excluded from a vital means of raising cash, comes in a report published today by the Department of Trade and Industry. The study into how smaller companies do business with the City says that global and domestic odds are stacking up against investment in them. Its findings come only weeks after the Government held up the small company and entrepreneur as crucial to fueling the economy in its Competitiveness White Paper.

The report, written by a cross-section of industry and investors, says that smaller companies are being squeezed by the increasing consolidation of

investment funds and the growing globalisation of equity markets. Both factors are reducing investment diversity and marginalising the small player. A further blow is dealt by the mounting trend for investment funds to index their resources—concentrating on tracking the FTSE 100, 200 and 350. Added to this is a fundamental failing by smaller companies to communicate effectively.

In a joint foreword to the report Stephen Byers, the Trade and Industry Secretary, and Kenneth Clarke, MP, who heads the small quoted companies association Cisco, say "it is vital that they can obtain supportive finance from institutional investors to facilitate their further development".

The Stock Exchange is sending a notice to all listed companies outside the FTSE 350 to alert them to the danger.

Paul Myndes, the main author of the report, said: "The lack of investment interest in small companies has important implications for small companies and also government policy because it threatens competitiveness."

Katie Morris, chief executive of Cisco, said: "Smaller quoted companies are under extreme pressure and it is imperative that fund managers take a less negative and more realistic approach to valuation and to risk perception."

A fall in investment interest in smaller businesses is likely to trigger dangerous knock-on effects, the report says. Venture capitalists will be less keen to pump money into new businesses—and they are already reluctant to back start-ups—because they will not be able to exit their stakes if the companies' shares are poorly traded.

The report says that companies and fund managers must improve communication. It found that both business and investors had a poor understanding of each other's priorities and requirements.

Some institutional investors have suggested scrapping the FTSE 100 index in favour of the all-share index, although the FTSE 100 accounts for 80 per cent of that index.

Further mergers may also be a headache for tracker funds, particularly ones trying to replicate the FTSE 100 for private investors. Under EU law, unit trusts must not hold more than a 10 per cent of their portfolio in one stock.

## Mergers may end FTSE 100

By MARIANNE CURPHAY

A YEAR of mega-mergers among the UK's biggest companies could spell the end of the dominance of the FTSE 100 index as a benchmark of share performance.

Growing City concern about the composition of the index has prompted the FTSE Steering Committee to consider creating an alternative. The committee, chaired by Geoff Lindley, chief executive of investment management for JP Morgan, has said it is "keen to open a debate" on the issue.

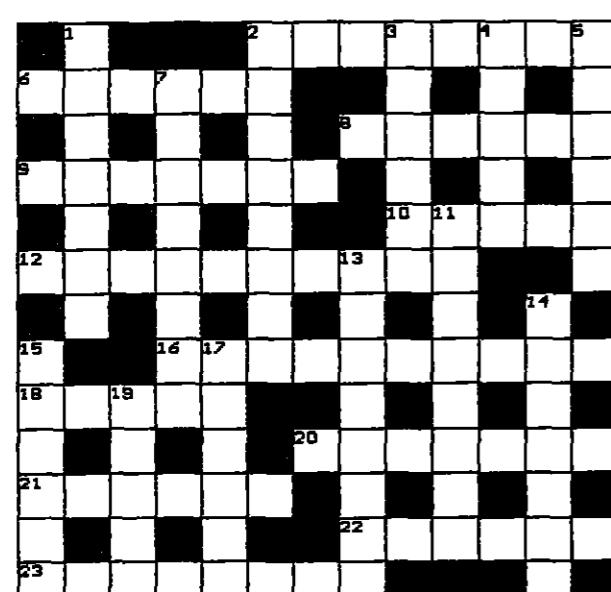
Institutional investors are becoming concerned that 45 per cent of the FTSE 100 index is already dominated by the top ten UK companies. A few big deals in the banking or pharmaceutical sectors could concentrate 30 per cent of the index in just three companies, Anglo American and other South African companies are

set to join Billiton in the list of the UK's leading businesses. Steven Vale, policy manager, said that the creation of BP Amoco, which began trading as a £84 billion merged group last month, had highlighted the issue. Had Glaxo Wellcome merged with its pharmaceutical rival SmithKline Beecham last year, the merged company would have been bigger even than BP Amoco.

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## TIMES TWO CROSSWORD



No 1635

**ACROSS**

- 2 Easy conquest (4-4)
- 6 Indigent person (6)
- 8 Apprehend directly (6)
- 9 Corridor (7)
- 10 One playing a part (5)
- 12 Uncomplimentary (10)
- 16 A let-down (10)
- 18 Serving spoon (5)
- 20 Fine-weather timepiece (7)
- 21 Desperately sad (6)
- 22 Hornily (6)
- 23 Awful place (4-4)

**DOWN**

- 1 Hubbut; boring fust (7)
- 2 Expecting (8)
- 3 Aeroplane garage (6)
- 4 Boast (arch.) (5)
- 5 Hold back, slow down (6)
- 7 Rural (poetry) (8)
- 11 Part of car, math. solid (8)
- 13 Naturally (2-6)
- 14 One exhibiting all virtues (7)
- 15 Part of car, some eggs (6)
- 17 Fairly recent (6)
- 19 Slow style of speech (5)

**SOLUTION TO NO 1634**  
ACROSS: 1 Grand 4 Schemer 8 Ravishing 9 Rap 10 Ear 11 Sepulchre 12 Piece 13 Niche 16 Nuremberg 18 Bud 20 Cwm 21 Vade-mecum 22 Austere 23 Stern  
DOWN: 1 Gorse 2 Adverse 3 Disaster movie 4 Skimp 5 Highland Games 6 March 7 Replete 12 Panacea 14 Cubicle 15 Beadle 17 Remus 19 Demon

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## City duo extend research lead

By MARTIN WALLER

THE dominance of the two big names in City research and analysis continues to grow, according to a poll of the country's top companies, with Merrill Lynch and Warburg Dillon Read pulling away further from the rest of the pack.

The two were voted in first and second place respectively, in a league of top securities houses for research, the same places achieved in last year's poll. In addition, Warburg held on to the number one slot for corporate finance advice.

The gap between the two on research has narrowed, according to the survey in *Securities and Investment Review*, the magazine of the Securities Institute, which is published today. However, their scores have drawn ahead

of the other big City players. Credit Suisse First Boston, merged since last year with BZW Securities, comes in third, but with a score that is only half that of the two big players.

Clive Brand, client services director of Consensus Research, the firm that conducted the poll, said: "It will take a major investment of time, effort and resource for any of the other players to become a genuine challenger to the Big Two."

The survey also showed that although analysts generally had a good knowledge of their financial track record and strategy, their future prospects and sales and marketing efforts were much less well understood.

The initiative by BMG, EMI, whose artists range from Sir Cliff Richard to the Artist Formerly Known As Prince, Sony Music Universal Music and Warner Music indicates how seriously the companies take the Internet threat.

Music is already being downloaded on the Internet in breach of copyright. Some artists have already started by-passing the record companies entirely and using the Internet to sell directly to the public. David Bowie is

among the first to experiment with the medium.

The market trial on a cable system in San Diego, is expected to begin in the spring and last for most of this year. The record companies are working with IBM to test various ways of delivering music commercially on the Internet. The main thrust of the trial will involve using the broadband cable network but it is believed the use of conventional telephone lines will also be assessed. Hundreds of CD albums and new singles will be available for purchase by credit card through an online store. An important aspect of the test will be to ensure that the transactions are secure.

The record companies want to ensure that consumers can buy music over the Internet without infringing intellectual property rights. Under the trial San Diego cable subscribers will be able to download music directly into their PCs.



## EMI tunes into Net

By RAYMOND SNODDY  
MEDIA EDITOR

FIVE of the world's largest record companies will today announce in New York that they are to begin a trial to allow full-length CDs to be downloaded over the Internet.

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## Midshires spurns call for meeting

By SUSAN EMMETT

BIRMINGHAM Midshires Building Society has provoked a dispute with some of its members by dismissing calls for another general meeting as "frivolous" and "vexatious".

The society, which is shortly to become part of Halifax, said the takeover had been approved by 95 per cent of members last December and that a further meeting would be a waste of time and money.

But Bob Goodall, who is

campaigning against the conversion of mutuals, feels slighted. He said: "I believe that this interpretation is entirely bogus and a device by the board to stop a second [meeting] that would have allowed members an opportunity to protect mortgage customers, protect savers and protect jobs."

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